**Project Manual For:** 

**Summer 2024 Renovations** 

**ISSUE FOR BID** 

October 4, 2023



Prepared For: Park Ridge-Niles School District 64 8182 Greendale Avenue Niles, Illinois 60714



Construction Manager: Nicholas & Associates 1001 Feehanville Drive Mount Prospect, IL 60056 847-394-6200 Prepared by: Wight & Company 2500 North Frontage Road Darien, IL 60561 630-969-7000

A/E Project No. 230153

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# SPECIFICATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION

**Project:** Summer 2024 Renovations

Project Number: 230153

Owner: Board of Education

Park Ridge-Niles School District 64

8182 Greendale Avenue Niles, Illinois 60714

Architect: Wight and Company

2500 North Frontage Road

Darien, Illinois 60561

630-969-7000

Division Section Title

011000

#### PROCUREMENT AND CONTRACTING DOCUMENTS GROUP

### **DIVISION 00 - PROCUREMENT AND CONTRACTING REQUIREMENTS**

000115 LIST OF DRAWING SHEETS

### **SPECIFICATIONS GROUP**

### General Requirements Subgroup

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126800 SEAT AND TABLE ASSEMBLIES

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### DOCUMENT 000115 - LIST OF DRAWING SHEETS

#### 1.1 LIST OF DRAWINGS

- Drawings: Drawings consist of the Contract Drawings and other drawings listed on the A. Table of Contents page of the separately bound drawing set titled Park Ridge-Niles SD 64 - Summer 2024 Renovations, dated October 4, 2023, as modified by subsequent Addenda and Contract modifications.
- B. List of Drawings: Drawings consist of the following Contract Drawings and other drawings of type indicated:

#### **SHEET INDEX**

G0.00 G0.02	COVER SHEET GENERAL INFORMATION, SYMBOLS, NOTES, & ABBREVIATIONS		
<b>CARPENTER</b> G0.00	COVER SHEET - CARPENTER ELEMENTARY		
AD2.01 A2.01 A7.01 A8.03	LEVEL 1 DEMOLITION FLOOR PLAN - CARPENTER ELEMENTARY LEVEL 1 FLOOR PLAN - CARPENTER ELEMENTARY ENLARGED PLANS & DETAILS DOOR & WINDOW SCHEDULES & DETAILS		
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LEVEL 1 DEMOLITION FLOOR PLAN - LINCOLN MIDDLE SCHOOL

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# **ROOSEVELT**

G0.00	COVER SHEET - ROOSEVELT ELEMENTARY
AD2.01	LEVEL 1 DEMOLITION FLOOR PLAN - ROOSEVELT ELEMENTARY
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A8.04	DOOR DETAILS

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G0.00	COVER SHEET - WASHINGTON ELEMENTARY
AD2.01	LEVEL 1 DEMOLITION FLOOR PLAN - WASHINGTON ELEMENTARY
A2.01	LEVEL 1 FLOOR PLAN - WASHINGTON ELEMENTARY
A7.01	ENLARGED PLANS & DETAILS
A8.03	DOOR & WINDOW SCHEDULES & DETAILS

Grand total: 32

**END OF DOCUMENT 000115** 

#### SECTION 011000 - SUMMARY

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

#### A. Section Includes:

- 1. Project information.
- 2. Work covered by the Contract Documents.
- 3. Work schedule.
- Access to site.
- 5. Coordination with occupants.
- 6. Work restrictions.
- 7. Specification and drawing conventions.
- 8. Miscellaneous provisions.

### B. Related Requirements:

1. Division 01 Section "Temporary Facilities and Controls" for limitations and procedures governing temporary use of Owner's facilities.

### 1.3 PROJECT INFORMATION

- A. Project Identification: Summer 2024 Renovations, project number 230153.
  - Project Location: As indicated on Drawings.
- B. Owner: Board of Education, Park Ridge-Niles School District 64, 8182 Greendale Avenue, Niles, Illinois 60714.
- C. Architect: Wight & Company, 2500 North Frontage Road, Darien, Illinois 60561.
- **D.** Construction Manager: Nicholas Construction, 1001 Feehanville Dr., Mt, Prospect, Illinois 60056
  - Construction Manager has been engaged for this Project to serve as an advisor to Owner and to provide assistance in administering the Contract for Construction between Owner and each Contractor, according to a separate contract between Owner and Construction Manager.
  - 2. Construction Manager for this Project is Project's constructor. The terms "Construction Manager" and "Contractor" are synonymous.

### 1.4 WORK COVERED BY CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

- A. The Work consists of the following:
  - 1. The Work includes: interior renovation to existing gymnasiums at multiple schools. Renovations include athletic flooring replacement, wall base replacement, pull-out lunch tables and associated wall storage framework replacement, interior painting, select doors, frames and hardware replacement at select openings across several school buildings. The work also includes aluminum entrances replacement at select openings across several schools and associated ceiling work at affected vestibule ceilings.
- B. Type of Contract: Project will be constructed under coordinated, concurrent multiple contracts.

#### 1.5 WORK SCHEDULE

A. Refer to Construction Manager's Instructions to Bidders Section for work schedule information.

#### 1.6 ACCESS TO SITE

- A. General: Contractor shall have limited use of premises for construction operations as indicated on Drawings by the Contract limits.
- B. Use of Site: Limit use of premises to work in areas indicated. Do not disturb portions of Project site beyond areas in which the Work is indicated.
  - 1. Owner Occupancy: Allow for Owner occupancy of Project site and use by the public.
  - 2. Driveways and Entrances: Keep driveways loading areas, and entrances serving premises clear and available to Owner, Owner's employees, and emergency vehicles at all times. Do not use these areas for parking or storage of materials.
    - a. Schedule deliveries to minimize use of driveways and entrances.
    - b. Schedule deliveries to minimize space and time requirements for storage of materials and equipment on-site.
- C. Use of Existing Building: Maintain existing building in a weathertight condition throughout construction period. Repair damage caused by construction operations. Protect building and its occupants during construction period.

### 1.7 COORDINATION WITH OCCUPANTS

- A. Full Owner Occupancy: Owner will occupy site and existing building during entire construction period. Cooperate with Owner during construction operations to minimize conflicts and facilitate Owner usage. Perform the Work so as not to interfere with Owner's day-to-day operations. Maintain existing exits, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Maintain access to existing walkways, corridors, and other adjacent occupied or used facilities. Do not close or obstruct walkways, corridors, or other occupied or used facilities without written permission from Owner and authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 2. Provide not less than 72 hours' notice to Owner of activities that will affect Owner's operations.

### 1.8 WORK RESTRICTIONS

- A. Work Restrictions, General: Comply with restrictions on construction operations.
  - 1. Comply with limitations on use of public streets and with other requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. On-Site Work Hours: Work shall be generally performed inside the existing building during normal business working hours of 7:30 a.m. to 3:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, except otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Weekend Hours: As approved by Owner.
  - 2. Early Morning Hours: As approved by Owner.
  - 3. Hours for Utility Shutdowns: As approved by Owner.
- C. Existing Utility Interruptions: Do not interrupt utilities serving facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after arranging to provide temporary utility services according to requirements indicated:
  - 1. Notify Owner not less than three days in advance of proposed utility interruptions.
  - 2. Do not proceed with utility interruptions without Owner's written permission.
- D. Noise, Vibration, and Odors: Coordinate operations that may result in high levels of noise and vibration, odors, or other disruption to Owner occupancy with Owner.
- E. Restricted Substances: Use of tobacco products and other controlled substances on Project site is not permitted.
- F. Employee Screening: Comply with Owner's requirements for drug and background screening of Contractor personnel working on Project site.
  - 1. Maintain list of approved screened personnel with Owner's representative.

## 1.9 SPECIFICATION AND DRAWING CONVENTIONS

- A. Specification Content: The Specifications use certain conventions for the style of language and the intended meaning of certain terms, words, and phrases when used in particular situations. These conventions are as follows:
  - 1. Abbreviated Language: Language used in the Specifications and other Contract Documents is abbreviated. Words and meanings shall be interpreted as appropriate. Words implied, but not stated, shall be inferred as the sense requires. Singular words shall be interpreted as plural, and plural words shall be interpreted as singular where applicable as the context of the Contract Documents indicates.
  - 2. Imperative mood and streamlined language are generally used in the Specifications. Requirements expressed in the imperative mood are to be performed by Contractor. Occasionally, the indicative or subjunctive mood may be used in the Section Text for clarity to describe responsibilities that must be fulfilled indirectly by Contractor or by others when so noted.
  - 3. The words "shall," "shall be," or "shall comply with," depending on the context, are implied where a colon (:) is used within a sentence or phrase.
  - 4. Specification requirements are to be performed by Contractor unless specifically stated otherwise.
- B. Division 01 General Requirements: Requirements of Sections in Division 01 apply to the Work of all Sections in the Specifications.
- C. Drawing Coordination: Requirements for materials and products identified on Drawings are described in detail in the Specifications. One or more of the following are used on Drawings to identify materials and products:
  - 1. Terminology: Materials and products are identified by the typical generic terms used in the individual Specifications Sections.
  - 2. Abbreviations: Materials and products are identified by abbreviations published as part of the U.S. National CAD Standard and scheduled on Drawings.
  - 3. Keynoting: Materials and products are identified by reference keynotes referencing Specification Section numbers found in this Project Manual.

#### 1.10 MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

- A. Materials used in this Project shall be polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB), mercury, and asbestos free. No PCB, mercury, or asbestos-containing-building materials (ACM), as defined by federal regulation A.H.E.R.A., E.P.A., and Illinois Department of Public Health are permitted for this Project.
- B. Installation of a product on surfaces prepared by others constitutes acceptance of the surface.

Park Ridge-Niles School District 64 Summer 2024 Renovations

230153

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION 011000

#### SECTION 012300 - ALTERNATES

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1. RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### SUMMARY

A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for alternates.

#### 3. DEFINITIONS

- A. Alternate: An amount proposed by bidders and stated on the Bid Form for certain work defined in the Bidding Requirements that may be added to or deducted from the base bid amount if Owner decides to accept a corresponding change either in the amount of construction to be completed or in the products, materials, equipment, systems, or installation methods described in the Contract Documents.
- 4. Alternates described in this Section are part of the Work only if enumerated in the Agreement.
- 5. The cost or credit for each alternate is the net addition to or deduction from the Contract Sum to incorporate alternate into the Work. No other adjustments are made to the Contract Sum.

#### 6. PROCEDURES

- A. Coordination: Modify or adjust affected adjacent work as necessary to completely integrate work of the alternate into Project.
- 7. Include as part of each alternate, miscellaneous devices, accessory objects, and similar items incidental to or required for a complete installation whether or not indicated as part of alternate.
- 8. Include as part of each alternate, costs of related coordination, modification, or adjustment incidental to or required for a complete installation whether or not mentioned as part of the Alternate.
  - A. Notification: Immediately following award of the Contract, notify each party involved, in writing, of the status of each alternate. Indicate if alternates have been accepted, rejected, or deferred for later consideration. Include a complete description of negotiated modifications to alternates.
  - B. Execute accepted alternates under the same conditions as other work of the Contract.

ALTERNATES 012300 - 1

C. Schedule: A schedule of alternates is included at the end of this Section. Specification Sections referenced in schedule contain requirements for materials necessary to achieve the work described under each alternate.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 1. SCHEDULE OF ALTERNATES

- A. **Alternate Bid No. 1:** Resilient Athletic Floor Resurfacing. Provide a resilient overlay assembly on top of existing poured urethane athletic floor to remain. Provide flooring manufacturer-approved encapsulation barrier layer.
  - 1. Basis of Bid: Mondo Advance 8 mm with Everlay encapsulation barrier layer as required by flooring manufacturer and as specified in Division 09 Section "Resilient Athletic Floor Resurfacing". Prep. existing floor and include a manufacturer-approved encapsulation sheet.
- B. **Alternate Bid No. 2:** Provide full depth poured urethane athletic floor assembly on top of existing concrete slab. Provide floor prep., leveling compound and moisture barrier treatment on existing concrete slab.
  - 1. Basis of Bid: Tarkett, PolyTurf Pad and Pour (9 mm thickness) as specified in Division 09 Section "Fluid-Applied Athletic Floor Resurfacing".
- C. **Alternate Bid No. 3:** Provide full depth resilient sheet flooring assembly on existing concrete slab. Provide floor prep., leveling compound and moisture barrier treatment on existing concrete slab.
  - 1. Basis of Bid: Mondo Advance (8 mm thickness) as specified in Division 09 Section "Resilient Athletic Flooring".
- D. **Alternate Bid No. 4**: Provide full depth resilient sheet flooring assembly on existing concrete slab. Provide floor prep., leveling compound and moisture barrier treatment on existing concrete slab.
  - 1. Basis of Bid: Tarkett, Omnisport HPL 9 mm as specified in Division 09 Section "Resilient Athletic Flooring".
- E. **Alternate No. 5** Provide replacement of additional doors, frames and hardware at existing openings as indicated on the drawings.
- F. **Alternate No. 6** Provide replacement of additional pull-out lunch tables, associated hardware and metal storage frames as indicated on the drawings.

END OF SECTION 012300

ALTERNATES 012300 - 2

#### SECTION 012500 - SUBSTITUTION PROCEDURES

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for substitutions.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Division 01 Section "Alternates" for products selected under an alternate.
  - 2. Division 01 Section "Product Requirements" for requirements for submitting comparable product submittals for products by listed manufacturers.

### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Substitutions: Changes in products, materials, equipment, and methods of construction from those required by the Contract Documents and proposed by Contractor.
  - 1. Substitutions for Cause: Changes proposed by Contractor that are required due to changed Project conditions, such as unavailability of product, regulatory changes, or unavailability of required warranty terms.
  - 2. Substitutions for Convenience: Changes proposed by Contractor or Owner that are not required in order to meet other Project requirements but may offer advantage to Contractor or Owner.

#### 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Substitution Requests: Submit three copies of each request for consideration. Identify product or fabrication or installation method to be replaced. Include Specification Section number and title and Drawing numbers and titles.
  - 1. Substitution Request Form: Refer to Division 01 Section "Substitution Request Form."
  - 2. Documentation: Show compliance with requirements for substitutions and the following, as applicable:
    - a. Statement indicating why specified product or fabrication or installation cannot be provided, if applicable.

- b. Coordination information, including a list of changes or modifications needed to other parts of the Work and to construction performed by Owner and separate contractors, that will be necessary to accommodate proposed substitution.
- c. Detailed comparison of significant qualities of proposed substitution with those of the Work specified. Include annotated copy of applicable specification section. Significant qualities may include attributes such as performance, weight, size, durability, visual effect, sustainable design characteristics, warranties, and specific features and requirements indicated. Indicate deviations, if any, from the Work specified.
- d. Product Data, including drawings and descriptions of products and fabrication and installation procedures.
- e. Samples, where applicable or requested.
- f. Certificates and qualification data, where applicable or requested.
- g. List of similar installations for completed projects with project names and addresses and names and addresses of architects and owners.
- h. Material test reports from a qualified testing agency indicating and interpreting test results for compliance with requirements indicated.
- i. Research reports evidencing compliance with building code in effect for Project, from ICC-ES.
- j. Detailed comparison of Contractor's construction schedule using proposed substitution with products specified for the Work, including effect on the overall Contract Time. If specified product or method of construction cannot be provided within the Contract Time, include letter from manufacturer, on manufacturer's letterhead, stating date of receipt of purchase order, lack of availability, or delays in delivery.
- k. Cost information, including a proposal of change, if any, in the Contract Sum.
- I. Contractor's certification that proposed substitution complies with requirements in the Contract Documents except as indicated in substitution request, is compatible with related materials, and is appropriate for applications indicated.
- m. Contractor's waiver of rights to additional payment or time that may subsequently become necessary because of failure of proposed substitution to produce indicated results.
- 3. Architect's Action: If necessary, Architect will request additional information or documentation for evaluation within seven days of receipt of a request for substitution. Architect will notify Contractor through Construction Manager of acceptance or rejection of proposed substitution within 15 days of receipt of request, or seven days of receipt of additional information or documentation, whichever is later.
  - a. Forms of Acceptance: Change Order, Construction Change Directive, or Architect's Supplemental Instructions for minor changes in the Work.
  - b. Use product specified if Architect does not issue a decision on use of a proposed substitution within time allocated.

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Compatibility of Substitutions: Investigate and document compatibility of proposed substitution with related products and materials. Engage qualified testing agency to perform compatibility tests recommended by manufacturers.

### 1.6 PROCEDURES

A. Coordination: Modify or adjust affected work as necessary to integrate work of the approved substitutions.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 SUBSTITUTIONS

- A. Substitutions for Cause: Submit requests for substitution immediately upon discovery of need for change, but not later than 15 days prior to time required for preparation and review of related submittals.
  - Conditions: Architect will consider Contractor's request for substitution when the following conditions are satisfied. If the following conditions are not satisfied, Architect will return requests without action, except to record noncompliance with these requirements:
    - a. Requested substitution is consistent with the Contract Documents and will produce indicated results.
    - b. Requested substitution provides sustainable design characteristics that specified product provided.
    - c. Substitution request is fully documented and properly submitted.
    - d. Requested substitution will not adversely affect Contractor's construction schedule.
    - e. Requested substitution has received necessary approvals of authorities having jurisdiction.
    - f. Requested substitution is compatible with other portions of the Work.
    - g. Requested substitution has been coordinated with other portions of the Work
    - h. Requested substitution provides specified warranty.
    - i. If requested substitution involves more than one contractor, requested substitution has been coordinated with other portions of the Work, is uniform and consistent, is compatible with other products, and is acceptable to all contractors involved.
- B. Substitutions for Convenience: Not Allowed.

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION 012500

#### SECTION 012519 - SUBSTITUTION REQUEST FORM

Please refer to Section 016000 - Product Requirements. Substitution requests will not be considered without submittal of this completed form. REFERENCE TO: Summer 2024 Renovations Project No. <u>230153</u> Having reviewed the requirements for the above Project, we hereby submit for consideration the following item in lieu of the specified item. Section:\_\_\_\_\_ Specified Item: \_\_\_\_ 1. Proposed Substitution: 2. 3. Reason for Substitution: Supporting Data Attached: \_\_\_\_\_ Yes \_\_\_\_ No \_\_\_\_ Technical data, including laboratory tests, if applicable. Yes \_\_\_\_ No \_\_\_\_ information on changes to Drawings/ Complete Specifications that proposed substitution will require for proper installation. No \_\_\_\_ Yes \_\_\_\_ Effects of substitution on drawing dimensions. 5. Yes No \_\_\_\_ The undersigned will pay for changes to the building and systems design, including engineering and detailing costs caused by the requested substitution. 6. Yes \_\_\_\_ No Does the substitution effect other trades? Describe: 7. Describe differences between proposed substitution and specified item: Maintenance and services parts will be as readily available 8. Yes \_\_\_\_ No \_\_\_\_ as for specified item. 9. Yes \_\_\_\_ Manufacturer's guarantees for the proposed and specified No \_\_\_\_ items are the same; describe differences: The undersigned state that the function, appearance and quality of the proposed substitution are equivalent or superior to the specified item: Submitted by: Company: \_\_\_\_\_ For Use by Architect: Accepted: \_\_\_\_\_ Accepted as noted: \_\_\_\_\_ Address: Not Accepted Received too late: By: Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: Telephone: Remarks:

#### SECTION 013100 - PROJECT MANAGEMENT AND COORDINATION

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative provisions for coordinating construction operations on Project including, but not limited to, the following:
  - 1. General coordination procedures.
  - 2. Coordination drawings.
  - 3. Requests for Information (RFIs).
  - 4. Project Web site.
  - 5. Project meetings.

### B. Related Requirements:

- 1. Division 01 Section "Construction Progress Documentation" for preparing and submitting the Contractor's Construction Schedule.
- 2. Division 01 Section "Execution" for procedures for coordinating general installation and field-engineering services, including establishment of benchmarks and control points.
- 3. Division 01 Section "Closeout Procedures" for coordinating Contract closeout.
- 4. Division 01 Section "General Commissioning Requirements" for coordinating the Work with Owner's Commissioning Authority.

### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. RFI: Request from Owner, Architect, or Contractor seeking information required by or clarifications of the Contract Documents.

## 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Subcontract List: Prepare a written summary identifying individuals or firms proposed for each portion of the Work, including those who are to furnish products or equipment fabricated to a special design. Use CSI Form 1.5A. Include the following information in tabular form:
  - 1. Name, address, and telephone number of entity performing subcontract or supplying products.
  - 2. Number and title of related Specification Section(s) covered by subcontract.

- 3. Drawing number and detail references, as appropriate, covered by subcontract.
- B. Key Personnel Names: Within 15 days of starting construction operations, submit a list of key personnel assignments, including superintendent and other personnel in attendance at Project site. Identify individuals and their duties and responsibilities; list addresses and telephone numbers, including home, office, and cellular telephone numbers and e-mail addresses. Provide names, addresses, and telephone numbers of individuals assigned as alternates in the absence of individuals assigned to Project.
  - 1. Post copies of list in project meeting room, in temporary field office, and by each temporary telephone. Keep list current at all times.

#### 1.5 GENERAL COORDINATION PROCEDURES

- A. Coordination: Coordinate construction operations included in different Sections of the Specifications to ensure efficient and orderly installation of each part of the Work. Coordinate construction operations, included in different Sections, that depend on each other for proper installation, connection, and operation.
  - 1. Schedule construction operations in sequence required to obtain the best results where installation of one part of the Work depends on installation of other components, before or after its own installation.
  - 2. Coordinate installation of different components to ensure maximum performance and accessibility for required maintenance, service, and repair.
  - 3. Make adequate provisions to accommodate items scheduled for later installation.
- B. Prepare memoranda for distribution to each party involved, outlining special procedures required for coordination. Include such items as required notices, reports, and list of attendees at meetings.
  - 1. Prepare similar memoranda for Owner and separate contractors if coordination of their Work is required.
- C. Administrative Procedures: Coordinate scheduling and timing of required administrative procedures with other construction activities to avoid conflicts and to ensure orderly progress of the Work. Such administrative activities include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Preparation of Contractor's construction schedule.
  - 2. Preparation of the schedule of values.
  - 3. Installation and removal of temporary facilities and controls.
  - 4. Delivery and processing of submittals.
  - 5. Progress meetings.
  - 6. Preinstallation conferences.
  - 7. Project closeout activities.
  - 8. Startup and adjustment of systems.

- D. Conservation: Coordinate construction activities to ensure that operations are carried out with consideration given to conservation of energy, water, and materials. Coordinate use of temporary utilities to minimize waste.
  - 1. Salvage materials and equipment involved in performance of, but not actually incorporated into, the Work. See other Sections for disposition of salvaged materials that are designated as Owner's property.

#### 1.6 COORDINATION DRAWINGS

- A. Coordination Drawings, General: Prepare coordination drawings according to requirements in individual Sections, and additionally where installation is not completely shown on Shop Drawings, where limited space availability necessitates coordination, or if coordination is required to facilitate integration of products and materials fabricated or installed by more than one entity.
  - 1. Content: Project-specific information, drawn accurately to a scale large enough to indicate and resolve conflicts. Do not base coordination drawings on standard printed data. Include the following information, as applicable:
    - a. Use applicable Drawings as a basis for preparation of coordination drawings. Prepare sections, elevations, and details as needed to describe relationship of various systems and components.
    - b. Indicate functional and spatial relationships of components of architectural, structural, civil, mechanical, and electrical systems.
    - c. Indicate space requirements for routine maintenance and for anticipated replacement of components during the life of the installation.
    - d. Show location and size of access doors required for access to concealed dampers, valves, and other controls.
    - e. Indicate required installation sequences.
    - f. Indicate dimensions shown on the Drawings. Specifically note dimensions that appear to be in conflict with submitted equipment and minimum clearance requirements. Provide alternate sketches to Architect indicating proposed resolution of such conflicts. Minor dimension changes and difficult installations will not be considered changes to the Contract.
- B. Coordination Drawing Organization: Organize coordination drawings as follows:
  - 1. Floor Plans and Reflected Ceiling Plans: Show architectural and structural elements, and mechanical, plumbing, fire-protection, fire-alarm, and electrical Work. Show locations of visible ceiling-mounted devices relative to acoustical ceiling grid. Supplement plan drawings with section drawings where required to adequately represent the Work.
  - 2. Plenum Space: Indicate subframing for support of ceiling and wall systems, mechanical and electrical equipment, and related Work. Locate components within ceiling plenum to accommodate layout of light fixtures indicated on Drawings. Indicate areas of conflict between light fixtures and other components.
  - 3. Mechanical Rooms: Provide coordination drawings for mechanical rooms showing plans and elevations of mechanical, plumbing, fire-protection, fire-alarm, and electrical equipment.

- 4. Structural Penetrations: Indicate penetrations and openings required for all disciplines.
- 5. Slab Edge and Embedded Items: Indicate slab edge locations and sizes and locations of embedded items for metal fabrications, sleeves, anchor bolts, bearing plates, angles, door floor closers, slab depressions for floor finishes, curbs and housekeeping pads, and similar items.
- 6. Mechanical and Plumbing Work: Show the following:
  - a. Sizes and bottom elevations of ductwork, piping, and conduit runs, including insulation, bracing, flanges, and support systems.
  - b. Dimensions of major components, such as dampers, valves, diffusers, access doors, cleanouts and electrical distribution equipment.
  - c. Fire-rated enclosures around ductwork.
- 7. Electrical Work: Show the following:
  - a. Runs of vertical and horizontal conduit 1-1/4 inches in diameter and larger.
  - b. Light fixture, exit light, emergency battery pack, smoke detector, and other fire-alarm locations.
  - c. Panel board, switch board, switchgear, transformer, busway, generator, and motor control center locations.
  - d. Location of pull boxes and junction boxes, dimensioned from column center lines.
- 8. Fire-Protection System: Show the following:
  - a. Locations of standpipes, mains piping, branch lines, pipe drops, and sprinkler heads.
- 9. Review: Architect will review coordination drawings to confirm that the Work is being coordinated, but not for the details of the coordination, which are Contractor's responsibility. If Architect determines that coordination drawings are not being prepared in sufficient scope or detail, or are otherwise deficient, Architect will so inform Contractor, who shall make changes as directed and resubmit.
- C. Coordination Digital Data Files: Prepare coordination digital data files according to the following requirements:
  - 1. File Preparation Format: Same digital data software program, version, and operating system as original Drawings.
  - 2. File Submittal Format: Submit or post coordination drawing files using format same as file preparation format.
  - 3. Architect will furnish Contractor one set of digital data files of Drawings for use in preparing coordination digital data files.
    - a. Architect makes no representations as to the accuracy or completeness of digital data files as they relate to Drawings.
    - b. Digital Data Software Program: Drawings are available in AutoCAD 2020 or earlier and Revit 2020 or earlier

c. Contractor shall execute a data licensing agreement in the form of Agreement form acceptable to Owner and Architect.

## 1.7 REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION (RFIs)

- A. General: Immediately on discovery of the need for additional information or interpretation of the Contract Documents, Contractor shall prepare and submit an RFI in the form specified.
  - 1. Architect will return RFIs submitted to Architect by other entities controlled by Contractor with no response.
  - 2. Coordinate and submit RFIs in a prompt manner so as to avoid delays in Contractor's work or work of subcontractors.
- B. Content of the RFI: Include a detailed, legible description of item needing information or interpretation and the following:
  - 1. Project name.
  - 2. Project number.
  - 3. Date.
  - 4. Name of Contractor.
  - 5. Name of Architect and Construction Manager.
  - 6. RFI number, numbered sequentially.
  - 7. RFI subject.
  - 8. Specification Section number and title and related paragraphs, as appropriate.
  - 9. Drawing number and detail references, as appropriate.
  - 10. Field dimensions and conditions, as appropriate.
  - 11. Contractor's suggested resolution. If Contractor's suggested resolution impacts the Contract Time or the Contract Sum, Contractor shall state impact in the RFI.
  - 12. Contractor's signature.
  - 13. Attachments: Include sketches, descriptions, measurements, photos, Product Data, Shop Drawings, coordination drawings, and other information necessary to fully describe items needing interpretation.
    - a. Include dimensions, thicknesses, structural grid references, and details of affected materials, assemblies, and attachments on attached sketches.
- C. RFI Forms: Software-generated form with substantially the same content as indicated above, acceptable to Architect.
  - 1. Attachments shall be electronic files in Adobe Acrobat PDF format.
- D. Architect's and Construction Manager's Action: Architect and Construction Manager will review each RFI, determine action required, and respond. Allow seven working days for Architect's response for each RFI. RFIs received by Architect or Construction Manager after 1:00 p.m. will be considered as received the following working day.
  - 1. The following Contractor-generated RFIs will be returned without action:
    - a. Requests for approval of submittals.

- b. Requests for approval of substitutions.
- c. Requests for approval of Contractor's means and methods.
- d. Requests for coordination information already indicated in the Contract Documents.
- e. Requests for adjustments in the Contract Time or the Contract Sum.
- f. Requests for interpretation of Architect's actions on submittals.
- g. Incomplete RFIs or inaccurately prepared RFIs.
- 2. Architect's action may include a request for additional information, in which case Architect's time for response will date from time of receipt of additional information.
- 3. Architect's action on RFIs that may result in a change to the Contract Time or the Contract Sum may be eligible for Contractor to submit Change Proposal according to Division 01 Section "Contract Modification Procedures."
  - a. If Contractor believes the RFI response warrants change in the Contract Time or the Contract Sum, notify Architect and Construction Manager in writing within 10 days of receipt of the RFI response.
- E. RFI Log: Prepare, maintain, and submit a tabular log of RFIs organized by the RFI number. Submit log weekly. Use CSI Log Form 13.2B or a comparable software log with not less than the following:
  - 1. Project name.
  - 2. Name and address of Contractor.
  - 3. Name and address of Architect and Construction Manager.
  - 4. RFI number including RFIs that were returned without action or withdrawn.
  - 5. RFI description.
  - 6. Date the RFI was submitted.
  - 7. Date Architect's and Construction Manager's response was received.
- F. On receipt of Architect's and Construction Manager's action, update the RFI log and immediately distribute the RFI response to affected parties. Review response and notify Architect and Construction Manager within seven days if Contractor disagrees with response.
  - 1. Identification of related Minor Change in the Work, Construction Change Directive, and Proposal Request, as appropriate.

#### 1.8 PROJECT MEETINGS

- A. General: Construction Manager will schedule and conduct meetings and conferences at Project site, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Attendees: Inform participants and others involved, and individuals whose presence is required, of date and time of each meeting. Notify Owner and Architect of scheduled meeting dates and times.

- 2. Agenda: Prepare the meeting agenda. Distribute the agenda to all invited attendees.
- 3. Minutes: Record significant discussions and agreements achieved. Distribute the meeting minutes to everyone concerned, including Owner and Architect, within 3 days of the meeting.
- B. Preconstruction Conference: Schedule a preconstruction conference before starting construction, at a time convenient to Owner and Architect, but no later than 15 days after execution of the Agreement. Hold the conference at Project site or another convenient location. Conduct the meeting to review responsibilities and personnel assignments.
  - 1. Conduct the conference to review responsibilities and personnel assignments.
  - 2. Attendees: Authorized representatives of Owner, Construction Manager, Architect, and their consultants; Contractor and its superintendent; major subcontractors; manufacturers; suppliers; and other concerned parties shall attend the conference. All participants at the conference shall be familiar with Project and authorized to conclude matters relating to the Work.
  - 3. Agenda: Discuss items of significance that could affect progress, including the following:
    - a. Tentative construction schedule.
    - b. Phasing.
    - c. Critical work sequencing and long-lead items.
    - d. Designation of key personnel and their duties.
    - e. Lines of communications.
    - f. Procedures for processing field decisions and Change Orders.
    - g. Procedures for RFIs.
    - h. Procedures for testing and inspecting.
    - i. Procedures for processing Applications for Payment.
    - j. Distribution of the Contract Documents.
    - k. Submittal procedures.
    - I. Sustainable design requirements.
    - m. Preparation of Record Documents.
    - n. Use of the premises and existing building.
    - o. Work restrictions.
    - p. Working hours.
    - q. Owner's occupancy requirements.
    - r. Responsibility for temporary facilities and controls.
    - s. Procedures for moisture and mold control.
    - t. Procedures for disruptions and shutdowns.
    - u. Construction waste management and recycling.
    - v. Parking availability.
    - w. Office, work, and storage areas.
    - x. Equipment deliveries and priorities.
    - y. First aid.
    - z. Security.
    - aa. Progress cleaning.
  - 4. Minutes: Entity responsible for conducting meeting will record and distribute meeting minutes.

- C. Sustainable Design Requirements Coordination Conference: Construction Manager will schedule and conduct a sustainable design coordination conference before starting construction, at a time convenient to Owner, Construction Manager, Architect, and Contractor.
  - Attendees: Authorized representatives of Owner, Construction Manager, Architect, and their consultants; Contractor and its superintendent and sustainable design coordinator; major subcontractors; suppliers; and other concerned parties shall attend the conference. Participants at the conference shall be familiar with Project and authorized to conclude matters relating to the Work.
  - 2. Agenda: Discuss items of significance that could affect meeting sustainable design requirements requirements, including the following:
    - a. Sustainable design Project checklist.
    - b. General requirements for sustainable design-related procurement and documentation.
    - c. Project closeout requirements and sustainable design certification procedures.
    - d. Role of sustainable design coordinator.
    - e. Construction waste management.
    - f. Construction operations and sustainable design requirements and restrictions.
  - 3. Minutes: Entity responsible for conducting meeting will record and distribute meeting minutes.
- D. Preinstallation Conferences: Conduct a preinstallation conference at Project site before each construction activity that requires coordination with other construction.
  - 1. Attendees: Installer and representatives of manufacturers and fabricators involved in or affected by the installation and its coordination or integration with other materials and installations that have preceded or will follow, shall attend the meeting. Advise Architect, Construction Manager of scheduled meeting dates.
  - 2. Agenda: Review progress of other construction activities and preparations for the particular activity under consideration, including requirements for the following:
    - a. Contract Documents.
    - b. Options.
    - c. Related RFIs.
    - d. Related Change Orders.
    - e. Purchases.
    - f. Deliveries.
    - g. Submittals.
    - h. Sustainable design requirements.
    - i. Review of mockups.
    - j. Possible conflicts.
    - k. Compatibility requirements.
    - I. Time schedules.
    - m. Weather limitations.
    - n. Manufacturer's written instructions.

- o. Warranty requirements.
- p. Compatibility of materials.
- q. Acceptability of substrates.
- r. Temporary facilities and controls.
- s. Space and access limitations.
- t. Regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.
- u. Testing and inspecting requirements.
- v. Installation procedures.
- w. Coordination with other work.
- x. Required performance results.
- y. Protection of adjacent work.
- z. Protection of construction and personnel.
- 3. Record significant conference discussions, agreements, and disagreements.
- 4. Reporting: Distribute minutes of the meeting to each party present and to other parties requiring information.
- 5. Do not proceed with installation if the conference cannot be successfully concluded. Initiate whatever actions are necessary to resolve impediments to performance of the Work and reconvene the conference at earliest feasible date.
- E. Project Closeout Conference: Construction Manager will schedule and conduct a project closeout conference, at a time convenient to Owner and Architect, but no later than 90 days prior to the scheduled date of Substantial Completion.
  - 1. Conduct the conference to review requirements and responsibilities related to Project closeout.
  - 2. Attendees: Authorized representatives of Owner, Construction Manager, Architect, and their consultants; Contractor and its superintendent; major subcontractors; suppliers; and other concerned parties shall attend the meeting. Participants at the meeting shall be familiar with Project and authorized to conclude matters relating to the Work.
  - 3. Agenda: Discuss items of significance that could affect or delay Project closeout, including the following:
    - a. Preparation of record documents.
    - b. Procedures required prior to inspection for Substantial Completion and for final inspection for acceptance.
    - c. Submittal of written warranties.
    - d. Requirements for completing sustainable design documentation.
    - e. Requirements for preparing operations and maintenance data.
    - f. Requirements for delivery of material samples, attic stock, and spare parts.
    - g. Requirements for demonstration and training.
    - h. Preparation of Contractor's punch list.
    - i. Procedures for processing Applications for Payment at Substantial Completion and for final payment.
    - j. Submittal procedures.
    - k. Coordination of separate contracts.
    - I. Owner's partial occupancy requirements.
    - m. Installation of Owner's furniture, fixtures, and equipment.
    - n. Responsibility for removing temporary facilities and controls.

- 4. Minutes: Entity conducting meeting will record and distribute meeting minutes.
- F. Progress Meetings: Construction Manager will conduct progress meetings at weekly intervals.
  - Attendees: In addition to representatives of Owner, Construction Manager, and Architect, each contractor, subcontractor, supplier, and other entity concerned with current progress or involved in planning, coordination, or performance of future activities shall be represented at these meetings. All participants at the conference shall be familiar with Project and authorized to conclude matters relating to the Work.
  - 2. Agenda: Review and correct or approve minutes of previous progress meeting. Review other items of significance that could affect progress. Include topics for discussion as appropriate to status of Project.
    - a. Contractor's Construction Schedule: Review progress since the last meeting. Determine whether each activity is on time, ahead of schedule, or behind schedule, in relation to Contractor's Construction Schedule. Determine how construction behind schedule will be expedited; secure commitments from parties involved to do so. Discuss whether schedule revisions are required to ensure that current and subsequent activities will be completed within the Contract Time.
      - 1) Review schedule for next period.
    - b. Review present and future needs of each entity present, including the following:
      - 1) Interface requirements.
      - 2) Sequence of operations.
      - 3) Status of submittals.
      - 4) Status of sustainable design documentation.
      - 5) Deliveries.
      - 6) Off-site fabrication.
      - 7) Access.
      - 8) Site utilization.
      - 9) Temporary facilities and controls.
      - 10) Progress cleaning.
      - 11) Quality and work standards.
      - 12) Status of correction of deficient items.
      - 13) Field observations.
      - 14) Status of RFIs.
      - 15) Status of proposal requests.
      - 16) Pending changes.
      - 17) Status of Change Orders.
      - 18) Pending claims and disputes.
      - 19) Documentation of information for payment requests.

- 3. Minutes: Entity responsible for conducting the meeting will record and distribute the meeting minutes to each party present and to parties requiring information.
  - a. Schedule Updating: Revise Contractor's construction schedule after each progress meeting where revisions to the schedule have been made or recognized. Issue revised schedule concurrently with the report of each meeting.
- G. Coordination Meetings: Construction Manager will conduct project coordination meetings at weekly intervals. Project coordination meetings are in addition to specific meetings held for other purposes, such as progress meetings and preinstallation conferences.
  - Attendees: In addition to representatives of Owner and Architect, each contractor, subcontractor, supplier, and other entity concerned with current progress or involved in planning, coordination, or performance of future activities shall be represented at these meetings. All participants at the conference shall be familiar with Project and authorized to conclude matters relating to the Work
  - 2. Agenda: Review and correct or approve minutes of the previous coordination meeting. Review other items of significance that could affect progress. Include topics for discussion as appropriate to status of Project.
    - a. Combined Contractor's Construction Schedule: Review progress since the last coordination meeting. Determine whether each contract is on time, ahead of schedule, or behind schedule, in relation to Combined Contractor's Construction Schedule. Determine how construction behind schedule will be expedited; secure commitments from parties involved to do so. Discuss whether schedule revisions are required to ensure that current and subsequent activities will be completed within the Contract Time.
    - b. Schedule Updating: Revise Combined Contractor's Construction Schedule after each coordination meeting where revisions to the schedule have been made or recognized. Issue revised schedule concurrently with report of each meeting.
    - c. Review present and future needs of each contractor present, including the following:
      - 1) Interface requirements.
      - 2) Sequence of operations.
      - 3) Status of submittals.
      - 4) Deliveries.
      - 5) Off-site fabrication.
      - 6) Access.
      - 7) Site utilization.
      - 8) Temporary facilities and controls.
      - 9) Work hours.
      - 10) Hazards and risks.
      - 11) Progress cleaning.
      - 12) Quality and work standards.
      - 13) Change Orders.

3. Reporting: Record meeting results and distribute copies to everyone in attendance and to others affected by decisions or actions resulting from each meeting.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION 013100

#### SECTION 014200 - REFERENCES

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. General: Basic Contract definitions are included in the Conditions of the Contract.
- B. "Approved:" When used to convey Architect's action on Contractor's submittals, applications, and requests, "approved" is limited to Architect's duties and responsibilities as stated in the Conditions of the Contract.
- C. "Directed": A command or instruction by Architect. Other terms including "requested," "authorized," "selected," "required," and "permitted" have the same meaning as "directed."
- D. "Indicated": Requirements expressed by graphic representations or in written form on Drawings, in Specifications, and in other Contract Documents. Other terms including "shown," "noted," "scheduled," and "specified" have the same meaning as "indicated."
- E. "Regulations": Laws, ordinances, statutes, and lawful orders issued by authorities having jurisdiction, as well as rules, conventions, and agreements within the construction industry that control performance of the Work.
- F. "Furnish": Supply and deliver to Project site, ready for unloading, unpacking, assembly, installation, and similar operations.
- G. "Install": Operations at Project site including unloading, temporarily storing, unpacking, assembling, erecting, placing, anchoring, applying, working to dimension, finishing, curing, protecting, cleaning, and similar operations.
- H. "Provide": Furnish and install, complete and ready for the intended use.
- I. "Project Site": Space available for performing construction activities. The extent of Project site is shown on Drawings and may or may not be identical with the description of the land on which Project is to be built.
- J. "Installer": An installer is the Contractor or another entity engaged by Contractor as an employee, Subcontractor, or Sub-subcontractor, to perform a particular construction operation, including installation, erection, application, and similar operations.

- K. The term "experienced," when used with an entity, means having successfully completed a minimum of five previous projects similar in size and scope to this Project; being familiar with special requirements indicated; and having complied with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
  - Using a term such as "carpentry" does not imply that certain construction activities must be performed by accredited or unionized individuals of a corresponding generic name, such as "carpenter." It also does not imply that requirements specified apply exclusively to tradespeople of the corresponding generic name.
- L. "Project Site": Space available for performing construction activities. The extent of Project site is shown on Drawings and may or may not be identical with the description of the land on which Project is to be built.

#### 1.3 INDUSTRY STANDARDS

- A. Applicability of Standards: Unless the Contract Documents include more stringent requirements, applicable construction industry standards have the same force and effect as if bound or copied directly into the Contract Documents to the extent referenced. Such standards are made a part of the Contract Documents by reference.
- B. Publication Dates: Comply with standards in effect as of date of the Contract Documents unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. For standards referenced by applicable building codes, comply with dates of standards as listed in building codes.
- C. Copies of Standards: Each entity engaged in construction on Project must be familiar with industry standards applicable to its construction activity. Copies of applicable standards are not bound with the Contract Documents.
  - 1. Where copies of standards are needed to perform a required construction activity, obtain copies directly from publication source.

#### 1.4 ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

- A. Industry Organizations: Where abbreviations and acronyms are used in Specifications or other Contract Documents, they shall mean the recognized name of the entities in the following list. Abbreviations and acronyms not included in this list shall mean the recognized name of the entities indicated in Gale's "Encyclopedia of Associations: National Organizations of the U.S." or in Columbia Books' "National Trade & Professional Associations of the United States." The information in this list is subject to change and is believed to be accurate as of the date of the Contract Documents.
  - 1. AABC Associated Air Balance Council; www.aabc.com.
  - 2. AAMA American Architectural Manufacturers Association; www.aamanet.org.
  - 3. AAPFCO Association of American Plant Food Control Officials; www.aapfco.org.

- 4. AASHTO American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials; www.transportation.org.
- 5. AATCC American Association of Textile Chemists and Colorists; <a href="https://www.aatcc.org">www.aatcc.org</a>.
- 6. ABMA American Bearing Manufacturers Association; www.americanbearings.org.
- 7. ABMA American Boiler Manufacturers Association; www.abma.com.
- 8. ACI American Concrete Institute; (Formerly: ACI International); www.concrete.org.
- 9. ACPA American Concrete Pipe Association; www.concrete-pipe.org.
- 10. AEIC Association of Edison Illuminating Companies, Inc. (The); www.aeic.org.
- 11. AF&PA American Forest & Paper Association; <a href="www.afandpa.org">www.afandpa.org</a>.
- 12. AGA American Gas Association; <a href="www.aga.org">www.aga.org</a>.
- 13. AHAM Association of Home Appliance Manufacturers; <a href="www.aham.org">www.aham.org</a>.
- 14. AHRI Air-Conditioning, Heating, and Refrigeration Institute (The); www.ahrinet.org.
- 15. Al Asphalt Institute; www.asphaltinstitute.org.
- 16. AIA American Institute of Architects (The); <a href="www.aia.org">www.aia.org</a>.
- AISC American Institute of Steel Construction; <u>www.aisc.org</u>.
- 18. AISI American Iron and Steel Institute; www.steel.org.
- 19. AITC American Institute of Timber Construction; www.aitc-glulam.org.
- 20. AMCA Air Movement and Control Association International, Inc.; <a href="https://www.amca.org">www.amca.org</a>.
- 21. ANSI American National Standards Institute; www.ansi.org.
- 22. AOSA Association of Official Seed Analysts, Inc.; www.aosaseed.com.
- 23. APA APA The Engineered Wood Association; <a href="www.apawood.org">www.apawood.org</a>.
- 24. APA Architectural Precast Association; www.archprecast.org.
- API American Petroleum Institute; www.api.org.
- 26. ARI Air-Conditioning & Refrigeration Institute; (See AHRI).
- 27. ARI American Refrigeration Institute; (See AHRI).
- 28. ARMA Asphalt Roofing Manufacturers Association; www.asphaltroofing.org.
- 29. ASCE American Society of Civil Engineers; www.asce.org.
- ASCE/SEI American Society of Civil Engineers/Structural Engineering Institute;
   (See ASCE).
- 31. ASHRAE American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers; www.ashrae.org.
- 32. ASME ASME International; (American Society of Mechanical Engineers); www.asme.org.
- 33. ASSE American Society of Safety Engineers (The); www.asse.org.
- 34. ASSE American Society of Sanitary Engineering; www.asse-plumbing.org.
- 35. ASTM ASTM International; www.astm.org.
- 36. ATIS Alliance for Telecommunications Industry Solutions; www.atis.org.
- 37. AWEA American Wind Energy Association; www.awea.org.
- 38. AWI Architectural Woodwork Institute; www.awinet.org.
- 39. AWMAC Architectural Woodwork Manufacturers Association of Canada; www.awmac.com.
- 40. AWPA American Wood Protection Association; www.awpa.com.
- 41. AWS American Welding Society; www.aws.org.
- 42. AWWA American Water Works Association; www.awwa.org.
- 43. BHMA Builders Hardware Manufacturers Association; www.buildershardware.com.

- 44. BIA Brick Industry Association (The); <a href="https://www.gobrick.com">www.gobrick.com</a>.
- 45. BICSI BICSI, Inc.; www.bicsi.org.
- 46. BIFMA BIFMA International; (Business and Institutional Furniture Manufacturer's Association); <a href="https://www.bifma.org">www.bifma.org</a>.
- 47. BISSC Baking Industry Sanitation Standards Committee; www.bissc.org.
- 48. BWF Badminton World Federation; (Formerly: International Badminton Federation); <a href="https://www.bissc.org">www.bissc.org</a>.
- 49. CDA Copper Development Association; www.copper.org.
- 50. CE Conformite Europeenne; <a href="http://ec.europa.eu/growth/single-market/ce-marking/">http://ec.europa.eu/growth/single-market/ce-marking/</a>.
- 51. CEA Canadian Electricity Association; www.electricity.ca.
- 52. CEA Consumer Electronics Association; <u>www.ce.org</u>.
- 53. CFFA Chemical Fabrics and Film Association, Inc.; <a href="https://www.chemicalfabricsandfilm.com">www.chemicalfabricsandfilm.com</a>.
- 54. CFSEI Cold-Formed Steel Engineers Institute; www.cfsei.org.
- 55. CGA Compressed Gas Association; www.cganet.com.
- 56. CIMA Cellulose Insulation Manufacturers Association; www.cellulose.org.
- 57. CISCA Ceilings & Interior Systems Construction Association; <a href="www.cisca.org">www.cisca.org</a>.
- 58. CISPI Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institute; <a href="www.cispi.org">www.cispi.org</a>.
- 59. CLFMI Chain Link Fence Manufacturers Institute; www.chainlinkinfo.org.
- 60. CPA Composite Panel Association; www.pbmdf.com.
- 61. CRI Carpet and Rug Institute (The); www.carpet-rug.org.
- 62. CRRC Cool Roof Rating Council; www.coolroofs.org.
- 63. CRSI Concrete Reinforcing Steel Institute; <a href="www.crsi.org">www.crsi.org</a>.
- 64. CSA CSA Group; www.csagroup.com.
- 65. CSA CSA International; www.csa-international.org.
- 66. CSI Construction Specifications Institute (The); <a href="www.csinet.org">www.csinet.org</a>.
- 67. CSSB Cedar Shake & Shingle Bureau; www.cedarbureau.org.
- 68. CTI Cooling Technology Institute; (Formerly: Cooling Tower Institute); www.cti.org.
- 69. CWC Composite Wood Council; (See CPA).
- DASMA Door and Access Systems Manufacturers Association; www.dasma.com.
- 71. DHI Door and Hardware Institute; www.dhi.org.
- 72. ECA Electronic Components Association; (See ECIA).
- 73. ECAMA Electronic Components Assemblies & Materials Association; (See ECIA).
- 74. ECIA Electronic Components Industry Association; <a href="www.eciaonline.org">www.eciaonline.org</a>.
- EIA Electronic Industries Alliance; (See TIA).
- 76. EIMA EIFS Industry Members Association; www.eima.com.
- 77. EJMA Expansion Joint Manufacturers Association, Inc.; www.ejma.org.
- 78. ESD ESD Association; (Electrostatic Discharge Association); www.esda.org.
- 79. ESTA Entertainment Services and Technology Association; (See PLASA).
- 80. ETL Intertek (See Intertek); www.intertek.com.
- 81. EVO Efficiency Valuation Organization; www.evo-world.org.
- 82. FCI Fluid Controls Institute; www.fluidcontrolsinstitute.org.
- 83. FIBA Federation Internationale de Basketball; (The International Basketball Federation); <a href="https://www.fiba.com">www.fiba.com</a>.
- 84. FIVB Federation Internationale de Volleyball; (The International Volleyball Federation); <a href="https://www.fivb.org">www.fivb.org</a>.
- 85. FM Approvals FM Approvals LLC; www.fmglobal.com.

- 86. FM Global FM Global; (Formerly: FMG FM Global); www.fmglobal.com.
- 87. FRSA Florida Roofing, Sheet Metal & Air Conditioning Contractors Association, Inc.; <a href="https://www.floridaroof.com">www.floridaroof.com</a>.
- 88. FSA Fluid Sealing Association; www.fluidsealing.com.
- 89. FSC Forest Stewardship Council U.S.; www.fscus.org.
- 90. GA Gypsum Association; <a href="www.gypsum.org">www.gypsum.org</a>.
- 91. GANA Glass Association of North America; www.glasswebsite.com.
- 92. GS Green Seal; www.greenseal.org.
- 93. HI Hydraulic Institute; <a href="www.pumps.org">www.pumps.org</a>.
- 94. HI/GAMA Hydronics Institute/Gas Appliance Manufacturers Association; (See AHRI).
- 95. HMMA Hollow Metal Manufacturers Association; (See NAAMM).
- 96. HPVA Hardwood Plywood & Veneer Association; <a href="www.hpva.org"><u>www.hpva.org</u></a>.
- 97. HPW H. P. White Laboratory, Inc.; <a href="www.hpwhite.com">www.hpwhite.com</a>.
- IAPSC International Association of Professional Security Consultants; www.iapsc.org.
- 99. IAS International Accreditation Service; www.iasonline.org.
- 100. ICBO International Conference of Building Officials; (See ICC).
- 101. ICC International Code Council; www.iccsafe.org.
- 102. ICEA Insulated Cable Engineers Association, Inc.; www.icea.net.
- 103. ICPA International Cast Polymer Alliance; www.icpa-hq.org.
- 104. ICRI International Concrete Repair Institute, Inc.; www.icri.org.
- 105. IEC International Electrotechnical Commission; www.iec.ch.
- 106. IEEE Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc. (The); www.ieee.org.
- 107. IES Illuminating Engineering Society; (Formerly: Illuminating Engineering Society of North America); <a href="https://www.ies.org">www.ies.org</a>.
- 108. IESNA Illuminating Engineering Society of North America; (See IES).
- 109. IEST Institute of Environmental Sciences and Technology; www.iest.org.
- 110. IGMA Insulating Glass Manufacturers Alliance; www.igmaonline.org.
- 111. IGSHPA International Ground Source Heat Pump Association; www.igshpa.okstate.edu.
- 112. ILI Indiana Limestone Institute of America, Inc.; www.iliai.com.
- 113. Intertek Intertek Group; (Formerly: ETL SEMCO; Intertek Testing Service NA); www.intertek.com.
- 114. ISA International Society of Automation (The); (Formerly: Instrumentation, Systems, and Automation Society); www.isa.org.
- 115. ISAS Instrumentation, Systems, and Automation Society (The); (See ISA).
- 116. ISFA International Surface Fabricators Association; (Formerly: International Solid Surface Fabricators Association); <a href="https://www.isfanow.org">www.isfanow.org</a>.
- 117. ISO International Organization for Standardization; www.iso.org.
- 118. ISSFA International Solid Surface Fabricators Association; (See ISFA).
- 119. ITU International Telecommunication Union; www.itu.int/home.
- 120. KCMA Kitchen Cabinet Manufacturers Association; www.kcma.org.
- 121. LMA Laminating Materials Association; (See CPA).
- 122. LPI Lightning Protection Institute; www.lightning.org.
- 123. MBMA Metal Building Manufacturers Association; www.mbma.com.
- 124. MCA Metal Construction Association; www.metalconstruction.org.
- 125. MFMA Maple Flooring Manufacturers Association, Inc.; <a href="https://www.maplefloor.org">www.maplefloor.org</a>.
- 126. MFMA Metal Framing Manufacturers Association, Inc.; <a href="https://www.metalframingmfg.org">www.metalframingmfg.org</a>.
- 127. MHIA Material Handling Industry of America; www.mhia.org.

- 128. MIA Marble Institute of America; <a href="www.marble-institute.com">www.marble-institute.com</a>.
- 129. MMPA Moulding & Millwork Producers Association; www.wmmpa.com.
- 130. MPI Master Painters Institute; www.paintinfo.com.
- 131. MSS Manufacturers Standardization Society of The Valve and Fittings Industry Inc.; <a href="https://www.mss-hq.org">www.mss-hq.org</a>.
- 132. NAAMM National Association of Architectural Metal Manufacturers; www.naamm.org.
- 133. NACE NACE International; (National Association of Corrosion Engineers International); www.nace.org.
- 134. NADCA National Air Duct Cleaners Association; www.nadca.com.
- 135. NAIMA North American Insulation Manufacturers Association; www.naima.org.
- 136. NBGQA National Building Granite Quarries Association, Inc.; <a href="www.nbgqa.com">www.nbgqa.com</a>.
- 137. NBI New Buildings Institute; www.newbuildings.org.
- 138. NCAA National Collegiate Athletic Association (The); www.ncaa.org.
- 139. NCMA National Concrete Masonry Association; www.ncma.org.
- 140. NEBB National Environmental Balancing Bureau; <u>www.nebb.org</u>.
- 141. NECA National Electrical Contractors Association; www.necanet.org.
- 142. NeLMA Northeastern Lumber Manufacturers Association; <a href="www.nelma.org">www.nelma.org</a>.
- 143. NEMA National Electrical Manufacturers Association; <a href="www.nema.org">www.nema.org</a>.
- 144. NETA InterNational Electrical Testing Association; <a href="www.netaworld.org">www.netaworld.org</a>.
- 145. NFHS National Federation of State High School Associations; <a href="www.nfhs.org">www.nfhs.org</a>.
- 146. NFPA National Fire Protection Association; www.nfpa.org.
- 147. NFPA NFPA International; (See NFPA).
- 148. NFRC National Fenestration Rating Council; www.nfrc.org.
- 149. NHLA National Hardwood Lumber Association; www.nhla.com.
- 150. NLGA National Lumber Grades Authority; <a href="www.nlga.org">www.nlga.org</a>.
- 151. NOFMA National Oak Flooring Manufacturers Association; (See NWFA).
- 152. NOMMA National Ornamental & Miscellaneous Metals Association; www.nomma.org.
- 153. NRCA National Roofing Contractors Association; www.nrca.net.
- 154. NRMCA National Ready Mixed Concrete Association; www.nrmca.org.
- 155. NSF NSF International; www.nsf.org.
- 156. NSPE National Society of Professional Engineers; www.nspe.org.
- 157. NSSGA National Stone, Sand & Gravel Association; www.nssga.org.
- 158. NTMA National Terrazzo & Mosaic Association, Inc. (The); www.ntma.com.
- 159. NWFA National Wood Flooring Association; www.nwfa.org.
- 160. PCI Precast/Prestressed Concrete Institute; <a href="www.pci.org">www.pci.org</a>.
- 161. PDI Plumbing & Drainage Institute; www.pdionline.org.
- 162. PLASA PLASA; (Formerly: ESTA Entertainment Services and Technology Association); <a href="https://www.plasa.org">www.plasa.org</a>.
- 163. RCSC Research Council on Structural Connections; www.boltcouncil.org.
- 164. RFCI Resilient Floor Covering Institute; www.rfci.com.
- 165. RIS Redwood Inspection Service; www.redwoodinspection.com.
- 166. SAE SAE International; www.sae.org.
- 167. SCTE Society of Cable Telecommunications Engineers; www.scte.org.
- 168. SDI Steel Deck Institute; www.sdi.org.
- 169. SDI Steel Door Institute; www.steeldoor.org.
- 170. SEFA Scientific Equipment and Furniture Association (The); www.sefalabs.com.
- 171. SEI/ASCE Structural Engineering Institute/American Society of Civil Engineers; (See ASCE).

- 172. SIA Security Industry Association; www.siaonline.org.
- 173. SJI Steel Joist Institute; www.steeljoist.org.
- 174. SMA Screen Manufacturers Association; <a href="www.smainfo.org">www.smainfo.org</a>.
- 175. SMACNA Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors' National Association; www.smacna.org.
- 176. SMPTE Society of Motion Picture and Television Engineers; www.smpte.org.
- 177. SPFA Spray Polyurethane Foam Alliance; www.sprayfoam.org.
- 178. SPIB Southern Pine Inspection Bureau; www.spib.org.
- 179. SPRI Single Ply Roofing Industry; www.spri.org.
- 180. SRCC Solar Rating & Certification Corporation; www.solar-rating.org.
- 181. SSINA Specialty Steel Industry of North America; www.ssina.com.
- 182. SSPC SSPC: The Society for Protective Coatings; <a href="www.sspc.org">www.sspc.org</a>.
- 183. STI Steel Tank Institute; www.steeltank.com.
- 184. SWI Steel Window Institute; www.steelwindows.com.
- 185. SWPA Submersible Wastewater Pump Association; <a href="www.swpa.org">www.swpa.org</a>.
- 186. TCA Tilt-Up Concrete Association; www.tilt-up.org.
- 187. TCNA Tile Council of North America, Inc.; www.tileusa.com.
- 188. TEMA Tubular Exchanger Manufacturers Association, Inc.; www.tema.org.
- 189. TIA Telecommunications Industry Association (The); (Formerly: TIA/EIA Telecommunications Industry Association/Electronic Industries Alliance); www.tiaonline.org.
- 190. TIA/EIA Telecommunications Industry Association/Electronic Industries Alliance; (See TIA).
- 191. TMS The Masonry Society; www.masonrysociety.org.
- 192. TPI Truss Plate Institute; www.tpinst.org.
- 193. TPI Turfgrass Producers International; www.turfgrasssod.org.
- 194. TRI Tile Roofing Institute; <a href="www.tileroofing.org">www.tileroofing.org</a>.
- 195. UL Underwriters Laboratories Inc.; www.ul.com.
- 196. UNI Uni-Bell PVC Pipe Association; www.uni-bell.org.
- 197. USAV USA Volleyball; www.usavolleyball.org.
- 198. USGBC U.S. Green Building Council; www.usgbc.org.
- 199. USITT United States Institute for Theatre Technology, Inc.; www.usitt.org.
- 200. WA Wallcoverings Association; <a href="www.wallcoverings.org">www.wallcoverings.org</a>.
- 201. WASTEC Waste Equipment Technology Association; www.wastec.org.
- 202. WCLIB West Coast Lumber Inspection Bureau; www.wclib.org.
- 203. WCMA Window Covering Manufacturers Association; www.wcmanet.org.
- 204. WDMA Window & Door Manufacturers Association; www.wdma.com.
- 205. WI Woodwork Institute; www.wicnet.org.
- 206. WSRCA Western States Roofing Contractors Association; www.wsrca.com.
- 207. WWPA Western Wood Products Association; www.wwpa.org.
- B. Code Agencies: Where abbreviations and acronyms are used in Specifications or other Contract Documents, they shall mean the recognized name of the entities in the following list. Names, telephone numbers, and Web sites are subject to change and are believed to be accurate and up-to-date as of the date of the Contract Documents.
  - 1. DIN Deutsches Institut für Normung e.V.; www.din.de.
  - 2. IAPMO International Association of Plumbing and Mechanical Officials; www.iapmo.org.
  - 3. ICC International Code Council; <a href="www.iccsafe.org">www.iccsafe.org</a>.
  - 4. ICC-ES ICC Evaluation Service, LLC; <a href="www.icc-es.org">www.icc-es.org</a>.

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- C. Federal Government Agencies: Where abbreviations and acronyms are used in Specifications or other Contract Documents, they shall mean the recognized name of the entities in the following list. Names, telephone numbers, and Web sites are subject to change and are believed to be accurate and up-to-date as of the date of the Contract Documents.
  - 1. COE Army Corps of Engineers; <a href="www.usace.army.mil">www.usace.army.mil</a>.
  - 2. CPSC Consumer Product Safety Commission; <a href="www.cpsc.gov">www.cpsc.gov</a>.
  - 3. DOC Department of Commerce; National Institute of Standards and Technology; www.nist.gov.
  - 4. DOD Department of Defense; www.quicksearch.dla.mil.
  - 5. DOE Department of Energy; <u>www.energy.gov</u>.
  - 6. EPA Environmental Protection Agency; <u>www.epa.gov</u>.
  - 7. FAA Federal Aviation Administration; <a href="www.faa.gov">www.faa.gov</a>.
  - 8. FG Federal Government Publications; <a href="www.gpo.gov/fdsys">www.gpo.gov/fdsys</a>.
  - 9. GSA General Services Administration; <a href="www.gsa.gov">www.gsa.gov</a>.
  - 10. HUD Department of Housing and Urban Development; <a href="www.hud.gov">www.hud.gov</a>.
  - LBL Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory; Environmental Energy Technologies Division; <a href="https://www.eetd.lbl.gov">www.eetd.lbl.gov</a>.
  - 12. OSHA Occupational Safety & Health Administration; www.osha.gov.
  - 13. SD Department of State; www.state.gov.
  - 14. TRB Transportation Research Board; National Cooperative Highway Research Program; The National Academies; <a href="https://www.trb.org">www.trb.org</a>.
  - 15. USDA Department of Agriculture; Agriculture Research Service; U.S. Salinity Laboratory; <a href="https://www.ars.usda.gov">www.ars.usda.gov</a>.
  - 16. USDA Department of Agriculture; Rural Utilities Service; www.usda.gov.
  - 17. USDOJ Department of Justice; Office of Justice Programs; National Institute of Justice; www.oip.usdoi.gov.
  - 18. USP U.S. Pharmacopeial Convention; www.usp.org.
  - 19. USPS United States Postal Service; <a href="www.usps.com">www.usps.com</a>.
- D. Standards and Regulations: Where abbreviations and acronyms are used in Specifications or other Contract Documents, they shall mean the recognized name of the standards and regulations in the following list. Names, telephone numbers, and Web sites are subject to change and are believed to be accurate and up-to-date as of the date of the Contract Documents.
  - 1. CFR Code of Federal Regulations; Available from Government Printing Office; www.gpo.gov/fdsys.
  - 2. DOD Department of Defense; Military Specifications and Standards; Available from DLA Document Services; www.quicksearch.dla.mil.
  - 3. DSCC Defense Supply Center Columbus; (See FS).
  - 4. FED-STD Federal Standard; (See FS).
  - FS Federal Specification; Available from DLA Document Services; www.quicksearch.dla.mil.
    - a. Available from Defense Standardization Program; <a href="www.dsp.dla.mil">www.dsp.dla.mil</a>.
    - b. Available from General Services Administration; <a href="https://www.gsa.gov">www.gsa.gov</a>.
    - c. Available from National Institute of Building Sciences/Whole Building Design Guide; <a href="https://www.wbdg.org/ccb">www.wbdg.org/ccb</a>.

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- 6. MILSPEC Military Specification and Standards; (See DOD).
- 7. USAB United States Access Board; www.access-board.gov.
- 8. USATBCB U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board; (See USAB).
- E. State Government Agencies: Where abbreviations and acronyms are used in Specifications or other Contract Documents, they shall mean the recognized name of the entities in the following list. This information is subject to change and is believed to be accurate as of the date of the Contract Documents.
  - 1. CDPH; California Department of Public Health; Indoor Air Quality Program; www.cal-iag.org.
  - 2. SCAQMD; South Coast Air Quality Management District; www.aqmd.gov.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

**END OF SECTION 014200** 

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#### SECTION 016000 - PRODUCT REQUIREMENTS

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for selection of products for use in Project; product delivery, storage, and handling; manufacturers' standard warranties on products; special warranties; and comparable products.

## B. Related Requirements:

- 1. Division 01 Section "Alternates" for products selected under an alternate.
- 2. Division 01 Section "Substitution Procedures" for requests for substitutions.
- 3. Division 01 Section "References" for applicable industry standards for products specified.

## 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Products: Items obtained for incorporating into the Work, whether purchased for Project or taken from previously purchased stock. The term "product" includes the terms "material," "equipment," "system," and terms of similar intent.
  - Named Products: Items identified by manufacturer's product name, including make or model number or other designation shown or listed in manufacturer's published product literature, that is current as of date of the Contract Documents.
  - 2. New Products: Items that have not previously been incorporated into another project or facility. Products salvaged or recycled from other projects are not considered new products.
  - 3. Comparable Product: Product that is demonstrated and approved through submittal process to have the indicated qualities related to type, function, dimension, in-service performance, physical properties, appearance, and other characteristics that equal or exceed those of specified product.
- B. Basis-of-Design Product Specification: A specification in which a specific manufacturer's product is named and accompanied by the words "basis-of-design product," including make or model number or other designation, to establish the significant qualities related to type, function, dimension, in-service performance, physical properties, appearance, and other characteristics for purposes of evaluating comparable products of additional manufacturers named in the specification.

## 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Comparable Product Requests: Submit request for consideration of each comparable product. Identify product or fabrication or installation method to be replaced. Include Specification Section number and title and Drawing numbers and titles.
  - 1. Include data to indicate compliance with the requirements specified in "Comparable Products" Article.
  - Architect's Action: If necessary, Architect will request additional information or documentation for evaluation within one week of receipt of a comparable product request. Architect will notify Contractor through Construction Manager of approval or rejection of proposed comparable product request within 15 days of receipt of request, or seven days of receipt of additional information or documentation, whichever is later.
    - a. Form of Approval: As specified in Division 01 Section "Submittal Procedures."
    - b. Use product specified if Architect does not issue a decision on use of a comparable product request within time allocated.
- B. Basis-of-Design Product Specification Submittal: Comply with requirements in Division 01 Section "Submittal Procedures." Show compliance with requirements.

#### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Compatibility of Options: If Contractor is given option of selecting between two or more products for use on Project, select product compatible with products previously selected, even if previously selected products were also options.
  - 1. Each contractor is responsible for providing products and construction methods compatible with products and construction methods of other contractors.
  - 2. If a dispute arises between contractors over concurrently selectable but incompatible products, Architect will determine which products shall be used.

## 1.6 PRODUCT DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver, store, and handle products using means and methods that will prevent damage, deterioration, and loss, including theft and vandalism. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Delivery and Handling:
  - 1. Schedule delivery to minimize long-term storage at Project site and to prevent overcrowding of construction spaces.
  - 2. Coordinate delivery with installation time to ensure minimum holding time for items that are flammable, hazardous, easily damaged, or sensitive to deterioration, theft, and other losses.

- 3. Deliver products to Project site in an undamaged condition in manufacturer's original sealed container or other packaging system, complete with labels and instructions for handling, storing, unpacking, protecting, and installing.
- 4. Inspect products on delivery to determine compliance with the Contract Documents and to determine that products are undamaged and properly protected.

# C. Storage:

- 1. Store products to allow for inspection and measurement of quantity or counting of units.
- 2. Store materials in a manner that will not endanger Project structure.
- 3. Store products that are subject to damage by the elements, under cover in a weathertight enclosure above ground, with ventilation adequate to prevent condensation.
- 4. Protect foam plastic from exposure to sunlight, except to extent necessary for period of installation and concealment.
- 5. Comply with product manufacturer's written instructions for temperature, humidity, ventilation, and weather-protection requirements for storage.
- 6. Protect stored products from damage and liquids from freezing.
- 7. Provide a secure location and enclosure at Project site for storage of materials and equipment by Owner's construction forces. Coordinate location with Owner.

## 1.7 PRODUCT WARRANTIES

- A. Warranties specified in other Sections shall be in addition to, and run concurrent with, other warranties required by the Contract Documents. Manufacturer's disclaimers and limitations on product warranties do not relieve Contractor of obligations under requirements of the Contract Documents.
  - 1. Manufacturer's Warranty: Written warranty furnished by individual manufacturer for a particular product and specifically endorsed by manufacturer to Owner.
  - 2. Special Warranty: Written warranty required by the Contract Documents to provide specific rights for Owner.
- B. Special Warranties: Prepare a written document that contains appropriate terms and identification, ready for execution.
  - 1. Manufacturer's Standard Form: Modified to include Project-specific information and properly executed.
  - 2. Specified Form: When specified forms are included with the Specifications, prepare a written document using indicated form properly executed.
  - 3. See Divisions 02 through 33 Sections for specific content requirements and particular requirements for submitting special warranties.
- C. Submittal Time: Comply with requirements in Division 01 Section "Closeout Procedures."

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 PRODUCT SELECTION PROCEDURES

- A. General Product Requirements: Provide products that comply with the Contract Documents, are undamaged and, unless otherwise indicated, are new at time of installation.
  - 1. Provide products complete with accessories, trim, finish, fasteners, and other items needed for a complete installation and indicated use and effect.
  - 2. Standard Products: If available, and unless custom products or nonstandard options are specified, provide standard products of types that have been produced and used successfully in similar situations on other projects.
  - 3. Owner reserves the right to limit selection to products with warranties not in conflict with requirements of the Contract Documents.
  - 4. Where products are accompanied by the term "as selected," Architect will make selection.
  - 5. Descriptive, performance, and reference standard requirements in the Specifications establish salient characteristics of products.
  - 6. Or Equal: For products specified by name and accompanied by the term "or equal," or "or approved equal," or "or approved," comply with requirements in "Comparable Products" Article to obtain approval for use of an unnamed product.

#### B. Product Selection Procedures:

- 1. Product: Where Specifications name a single manufacturer and product, provide the named product that complies with requirements. Comparable products or substitutions for Contractor's convenience will not be considered.
- 2. Manufacturer/Source: Where Specifications name a single manufacturer or source, provide a product by the named manufacturer or source that complies with requirements. Comparable products or substitutions for Contractor's convenience will not be considered.
- 3. Products:
  - a. Restricted List: Where Specifications include a list of names of both manufacturers and products, provide one of the products listed that complies with requirements.
  - b. Nonrestricted List: Where Specifications include a list of names of both available manufacturers and products, provide one of the products listed, or an unnamed product, that complies with requirements. Comply with requirements in "Comparable Products" Article for consideration of an unnamed product.

#### 4. Manufacturers:

- a. Restricted List: Where Specifications include a list of manufacturers' names, provide a product by one of the manufacturers listed that complies with requirements.
- b. Nonrestricted List: Where Specifications include a list of available manufacturers, provide a product by one of the manufacturers listed, or a

product by an unnamed manufacturer, that complies with requirements. Comply with requirements in "Comparable Products" Article for consideration of an unnamed manufacturer's product.

- 5. Basis-of-Design Product: Where Specifications name a product, or refer to a product indicated on Drawings, and include a list of manufacturers, provide the specified or indicated product or a comparable product by one of the other named manufacturers. Drawings and Specifications indicate sizes, profiles, dimensions, and other characteristics that are based on the product named. Comply with requirements in "Comparable Products" Article for consideration of an unnamed product by one of the other named manufacturers.
- C. Visual Matching Specification: Where Specifications require "match Architect's sample", provide a product that complies with requirements and matches Architect's sample. Architect's decision will be final on whether a proposed product matches.
  - 1. If no product available within specified category matches and complies with other specified requirements, comply with requirements in Division 01 Section "Substitution Procedures" for proposal of product.
- D. Visual Selection Specification: Where Specifications include the phrase "as selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range" or similar phrase, select a product that complies with requirements. Architect will select color, gloss, pattern, density, or texture from manufacturer's product line that includes both standard and premium items.

#### 2.2 COMPARABLE PRODUCTS

- A. Conditions for Consideration: Architect will consider Contractor's request for comparable product when the following conditions are satisfied. If the following conditions are not satisfied, Architect may return requests without action, except to record noncompliance with these requirements:
  - 1. Evidence that the proposed product does not require revisions to the Contract Documents, that it is consistent with the Contract Documents and will produce the indicated results, and that it is compatible with other portions of the Work.
  - 2. Detailed comparison of significant qualities of proposed product with those named in the Specifications. Significant qualities include attributes such as performance, weight, size, durability, visual effect, and specific features and requirements indicated.
  - 3. Evidence that proposed product provides specified warranty.
  - 4. List of similar installations for completed projects with project names and addresses and names and addresses of architects and owners, if requested.
  - 5. Samples, if requested.

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION 016000

## SECTION 017300 - EXECUTION

## PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes general procedural requirements governing execution of the Work including, but not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Installation of the Work.
  - 2. Cutting and patching.
  - 3. Progress cleaning.
  - 4. Protection of installed construction.

## B. Related Requirements:

- 1. Division 01 Section "Summary" for limits on use of Project site.
- 2. Division 02 Section "Selective Demolition" for demolition and removal of selected portions of the building.

## 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Cutting: Removal of in-place construction necessary to permit installation or performance of other work.
- B. Patching: Fitting and repair work required to restore construction to original conditions after installation of other work.

## 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Cutting and Patching: Comply with requirements for and limitations on cutting and patching of construction elements.
  - 1. Structural Elements: When cutting and patching structural elements, notify Architect of locations and details of cutting and await directions from Architect before proceeding. Shore, brace, and support structural elements during cutting and patching. Do not cut and patch structural elements in a manner that could change their load-carrying capacity or increase deflection.
  - 2. Operational Elements: Do not cut and patch operating elements and related components in a manner that results in reducing their capacity to perform as

- intended or that results in increased maintenance or decreased operational life or safety.
- 3. Other Construction Elements: Do not cut and patch other construction elements or components in a manner that could change their load-carrying capacity, that results in reducing their capacity to perform as intended, or that results in increased maintenance or decreased operational life or safety.
- 4. Visual Elements: Do not cut and patch construction in a manner that results in visual evidence of cutting and patching. Do not cut and patch exposed construction in a manner that would, in Architect's opinion, reduce the building's aesthetic qualities. Remove and replace construction that has been cut and patched in a visually unsatisfactory manner.
- B. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Obtain and maintain on-site manufacturer's written recommendations and instructions for installation of products and equipment.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. General: Comply with requirements specified in other Sections.
  - 1. For projects requiring compliance with sustainable design and construction practices and procedures, use products for patching that comply with sustainability requirements indicated
- B. In-Place Materials: Use materials for patching identical to in-place materials. For exposed surfaces, use materials that visually match in-place adjacent surfaces to the fullest extent possible.
  - 1. If identical materials are unavailable or cannot be used, use materials that, when installed, will provide a match acceptable to Architect for the visual and functional performance of in-place materials.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Existing Conditions: The existence and location of site improvements, utilities, and other construction indicated as existing are not guaranteed. Before beginning work, investigate and verify the existence and location of mechanical and electrical systems and other construction affecting the Work.
  - 1. Before construction, verify the location and invert elevation at points of connection of sanitary sewer, storm sewer, and water-service piping; underground electrical services, and other utilities.
  - 2. Furnish location data for work related to Project that must be performed by public utilities serving Project site.

- B. Examination and Acceptance of Conditions: Before proceeding with each component of the Work, examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer or Applicator present where indicated, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance. Record observations.
  - 1. Examine roughing-in for mechanical and electrical systems to verify actual locations of connections before equipment and fixture installation.
  - 2. Examine walls, floors, and roofs for suitable conditions where products and systems are to be installed.
  - 3. Verify compatibility with and suitability of substrates, including compatibility with existing finishes or primers.
- C. Written Report: Where a written report listing conditions detrimental to performance of the Work is required by other Sections, include the following:
  - 1. Description of the Work.
  - 2. List of detrimental conditions, including substrates.
  - 3. List of unacceptable installation tolerances.
  - Recommended corrections.
- D. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected. Proceeding with the Work indicates acceptance of surfaces and conditions.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Existing Utility Information: Furnish information to local utility that is necessary to adjust, move, or relocate existing utility structures, utility poles, lines, services, or other utility appurtenances located in or affected by construction. Coordinate with authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Field Measurements: Take field measurements as required to fit the Work properly. Recheck measurements before installing each product. Where portions of the Work are indicated to fit to other construction, verify dimensions of other construction by field measurements before fabrication. Coordinate fabrication schedule with construction progress to avoid delaying the Work.
- C. Space Requirements: Verify space requirements and dimensions of items shown diagrammatically on Drawings.
- D. Review of Contract Documents and Field Conditions: Immediately on discovery of the need for clarification of the Contract Documents, submit a request for information to Architect. Include a detailed description of problem encountered, together with recommendations for changing the Contract Documents.

## 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Locate the Work and components of the Work accurately, in correct alignment and elevation, as indicated.
  - 1. Make vertical work plumb and make horizontal work level.
  - 2. Where space is limited, install components to maximize space available for maintenance and ease of removal for replacement.
  - 3. Conceal pipes, ducts, and wiring in finished areas unless otherwise indicated.
  - 4. Maintain minimum headroom clearance of 96 inches in occupied spaces and 90 inches in unoccupied spaces.
- B. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations for installing products in applications indicated.
- C. Install products at the time and under conditions that will ensure the best possible results. Maintain conditions required for product performance until Substantial Completion.
- D. Conduct construction operations so no part of the Work is subjected to damaging operations or loading in excess of that expected during normal conditions of occupancy.
- E. Sequence the Work and allow adequate clearances to accommodate movement of construction items on site and placement in permanent locations.
- F. Tools and Equipment: Do not use tools or equipment that produce harmful noise levels.
- G. Templates: Obtain and distribute to the parties involved templates for work specified to be factory prepared and field installed. Check Shop Drawings of other work to confirm that adequate provisions are made for locating and installing products to comply with indicated requirements.
- H. Attachment: Provide blocking and attachment plates and anchors and fasteners of adequate size and number to securely anchor each component in place, accurately located and aligned with other portions of the Work. Where size and type of attachments are not indicated, verify size and type required for load conditions.
  - 1. Mounting Heights: Where mounting heights are not indicated, mount components at heights directed by Architect.
  - 2. Allow for building movement, including thermal expansion and contraction.
  - Coordinate installation of anchorages. Furnish setting drawings, templates, and directions for installing anchorages, including sleeves, concrete inserts, anchor bolts, and items with integral anchors, that are to be embedded in concrete or masonry. Deliver such items to Project site in time for installation.
- I. Joints: Make joints of uniform width. Where joint locations in exposed work are not indicated, arrange joints for the best visual effect. Fit exposed connections together to form hairline joints.

J. Hazardous Materials: Use products, cleaners, and installation materials that are not considered hazardous.

## 3.4 CUTTING AND PATCHING

- A. Cutting and Patching, General: Employ skilled workers to perform cutting and patching. Proceed with cutting and patching at the earliest feasible time, and complete without delay.
  - 1. Cut in-place construction to provide for installation of other components or performance of other construction, and subsequently patch as required to restore surfaces to their original condition.
- B. Existing Warranties: Remove, replace, patch, and repair materials and surfaces cut or damaged during installation or cutting and patching operations, by methods and with materials so as not to void existing warranties.
- C. Temporary Support: Provide temporary support of work to be cut.
- D. Protection: Protect in-place construction during cutting and patching to prevent damage. Provide protection from adverse weather conditions for portions of Project that might be exposed during cutting and patching operations.
- E. Adjacent Occupied Areas: Where interference with use of adjoining areas or interruption of free passage to adjoining areas is unavoidable, coordinate cutting and patching according to requirements in Division 01 Section "Summary."
- F. Existing Utility Services and Mechanical/Electrical Systems: Where existing services/systems are required to be removed, relocated, or abandoned, bypass such services/systems before cutting to minimize interruption to occupied areas.
- G. Cutting: Cut in-place construction by sawing, drilling, breaking, chipping, grinding, and similar operations, including excavation, using methods least likely to damage elements retained or adjoining construction. If possible, review proposed procedures with original Installer; comply with original Installer's written recommendations.
  - 1. In general, use hand or small power tools designed for sawing and grinding, not hammering and chopping. Cut holes and slots neatly to minimum size required, and with minimum disturbance of adjacent surfaces. Temporarily cover openings when not in use.
  - 2. Finished Surfaces: Cut or drill from the exposed or finished side into concealed surfaces.
  - 3. Concrete and Masonry: Cut using a cutting machine, such as an abrasive saw or a diamond-core drill.
  - 4. Excavating and Backfilling: Comply with requirements in applicable Division 31 Sections where required by cutting and patching operations.
  - 5. Mechanical and Electrical Services: Cut off pipe or conduit in walls or partitions to be removed. Cap, valve, or plug and seal remaining portion of pipe or conduit to prevent entrance of moisture or other foreign matter after cutting.

- 6. Proceed with patching after construction operations requiring cutting are complete.
- H. Patching: Patch construction by filling, repairing, refinishing, closing up, and similar operations following performance of other work. Patch with durable seams that are as invisible as practicable. Provide materials and comply with installation requirements specified in other Sections, where applicable.
  - 1. Inspection: Where feasible, test and inspect patched areas after completion to demonstrate physical integrity of installation.
  - 2. Exposed Finishes: Restore exposed finishes of patched areas and extend finish restoration into retained adjoining construction in a manner that will minimize evidence of patching and refinishing.
    - a. Clean piping, conduit, and similar features before applying paint or other finishing materials.
    - b. Restore damaged pipe covering to its original condition.
  - 3. Floors and Walls: Where walls or partitions that are removed extend one finished area into another, patch and repair floor and wall surfaces in the new space. Provide an even surface of uniform finish, color, texture, and appearance. Remove in-place floor and wall coverings and replace with new materials, if necessary, to achieve uniform color and appearance.
    - a. Where patching occurs in a painted surface, prepare substrate and apply primer and intermediate paint coats appropriate for substrate over the patch, and apply final paint coat over entire unbroken surface containing the patch. Provide additional coats until patch blends with adjacent surfaces.
  - 4. Ceilings: Patch, repair, or rehang in-place ceilings as necessary to provide an even-plane surface of uniform appearance.
  - 5. Exterior Building Enclosure: Patch components in a manner that restores enclosure to a weathertight condition and ensures thermal and moisture integrity of building enclosure.
- I. Cleaning: Clean areas and spaces where cutting and patching are performed. Remove paint, mortar, oils, putty, and similar materials from adjacent finished surfaces.

## 3.5 PROGRESS CLEANING

- A. General: Clean Project site and work areas daily, including common areas. Coordinate progress cleaning for joint-use areas where other contracts worked. Enforce requirements strictly. Dispose of materials lawfully.
  - 1. Comply with requirements in NFPA 241 for removal of combustible waste materials and debris.
  - 2. Do not hold materials more than 7 days during normal weather or 3 days if the temperature is expected to rise above 80 deg F.

- Containerize hazardous and unsanitary waste materials separately from other waste. Mark containers appropriately and dispose of legally, according to regulations.
  - a. Use containers intended for holding waste materials of type to be stored.
- 4. Coordinate progress cleaning for joint-use areas where Contractor and other contractors are working concurrently.
- B. Site: Maintain Project site free of waste materials and debris.
- C. Work Areas: Clean areas where work is in progress to the level of cleanliness necessary for proper execution of the Work.
  - 1. Remove liquid spills promptly.
  - 2. Where dust would impair proper execution of the Work, broom-clean or vacuum the entire work area, as appropriate.
- D. Installed Work: Keep installed work clean. Clean installed surfaces according to written instructions of manufacturer or fabricator of product installed, using only cleaning materials specifically recommended. If specific cleaning materials are not recommended, use cleaning materials that are not hazardous to health or property and that will not damage exposed surfaces.
- E. Concealed Spaces: Remove debris from concealed spaces before enclosing the space.
- F. Exposed Surfaces in Finished Areas: Clean exposed surfaces and protect as necessary to ensure freedom from damage and deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.
- G. Waste Disposal: Do not bury or burn waste materials on-site. Do not wash waste materials down sewers or into waterways. Comply with waste disposal requirements in Division 01 Section "Construction Waste Management and Disposal."
- H. During handling and installation, clean and protect construction in progress and adjoining materials already in place. Apply protective covering where required to ensure protection from damage or deterioration at Substantial Completion.
- I. Clean and provide maintenance on completed construction as frequently as necessary through the remainder of the construction period. Adjust and lubricate operable components to ensure operability without damaging effects.
- J. Limiting Exposures: Supervise construction operations to assure that no part of the construction, completed or in progress, is subject to harmful, dangerous, damaging, or otherwise deleterious exposure during the construction period.

# 3.6 PROTECTION OF INSTALLED CONSTRUCTION

- A. Provide final protection and maintain conditions that ensure installed Work is without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.
- B. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for temperature and relative humidity.

END OF SECTION 017300

#### SECTION 017823 - OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE DATA

## PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for preparing operation and maintenance manuals, including the following:
  - 1. Operation and maintenance documentation directory.
  - 2. Emergency manuals.
  - 3. Operation manuals for systems, subsystems, and equipment.
  - 4. Maintenance manuals for the care and maintenance of products, materials, finishes, systems and equipment.

# B. Related Requirements:

- 1. Division 01 Section "Submittal Procedures" for submitting copies of submittals for operation and maintenance manuals.
- 2. Division 01 Section "Closeout Procedures" for submitting operation and maintenance manuals.
- 3. Division 01 Section "Project Record Documents" for preparing Record Drawings for operation and maintenance manuals.
- 4. Divisions 02 through 48 Sections for specific operation and maintenance manual requirements for products in those Sections.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. System: An organized collection of parts, equipment, or subsystems united by regular interaction.
- B. Subsystem: A portion of a system with characteristics similar to a system.

#### 1.4 COORDINATION

A. Where operation and maintenance documentation includes information on installations by more than one factory-authorized service representative, assemble and coordinate information furnished by representatives and prepare manuals.

## 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Operations and Maintenance Manuals Submittal: Submit 2 copies of each manual in final form at least 15 days before final inspection. Architect will return copy with comments within 15 days after final inspection.
  - 1. Correct or modify each manual to comply with Architect's comments. Submit 3 copies of each corrected manual within 15 days of receipt of Architect's comments.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE DOCUMENTATION DIRECTORY

- A. Organization: Include a section in the directory for each of the following:
  - 1. List of documents.
  - 2. List of systems.
  - 3. List of equipment.
  - 4. Table of contents.
- B. List of Systems and Subsystems: List systems alphabetically. Include references to operation and maintenance manuals that contain information about each system.
- C. List of Equipment: List equipment for each system, organized alphabetically by system. For pieces of equipment not part of system, list alphabetically in separate list.
- D. Tables of Contents: Include a table of contents for each emergency, operation, and maintenance manual.
- E. Identification: In the documentation directory and in each operation and maintenance manual, identify each system, subsystem, and piece of equipment with the same designation used in the Contract Documents. If no designation exists, assign a designation according to ASHRAE Guideline 4, "Preparation of Operating and Maintenance Documentation for Building Systems."

## 2.2 MANUALS, GENERAL

- A. Organization: Unless otherwise indicated, organize each manual into a separate section for each system and subsystem, and a separate section for each piece of equipment not part of a system. Each manual shall contain the following materials, in the order listed:
  - 1. Title page.
  - 2. Table of contents.
  - 3. Manual contents.

- B. Title Page: Enclose title page in transparent plastic sleeve. Include the following information:
  - 1. Subject matter included in manual.
  - 2. Name and address of Project.
  - 3. Name and address of Owner.
  - Date of submittal.
  - 5. Name, address, and telephone number of Contractor.
  - 6. Name and address of Architect.
  - 7. Name and address of Construction Manager.
  - 8. Cross-reference to related systems in other operation and maintenance manuals.
- C. Table of Contents: List each product included in manual, identified by product name, indexed to the content of the volume, and cross-referenced to Specification Section number in Project Manual.
  - 1. If operation or maintenance documentation requires more than one volume to accommodate data, include comprehensive table of contents for all volumes in each volume of the set.
- D. Manual Contents: Organize into sets of manageable size. Arrange contents alphabetically by system, subsystem, and equipment. If possible, assemble instructions for subsystems, equipment, and components of one system into a single binder.
  - 1. Binders: Heavy-duty, 3-ring, vinyl-covered, loose-leaf binders, in thickness necessary to accommodate contents, sized to hold 8-1/2-by-11-inch paper; with clear plastic sleeve on spine to hold label describing contents and with pockets inside covers to hold folded oversize sheets.
    - a. If two or more binders are necessary to accommodate data of a system, organize data in each binder into groupings by subsystem and related components. Cross-reference other binders if necessary to provide essential information for proper operation or maintenance of equipment or system.
    - b. Identify each binder on front and spine, with printed title "OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL," Project title or name, and subject matter of contents. Indicate volume number for multiple-volume sets.
  - 2. Dividers: Heavy-paper dividers with plastic-covered tabs for each section. Mark each tab to indicate contents. Include typed list of products and major components of equipment included in the section on each divider, cross-referenced to Specification Section number and title of Project Manual.
  - 3. Protective Plastic Sleeves: Transparent plastic sleeves designed to enclose diagnostic software diskettes for computerized electronic equipment.
  - 4. Supplementary Text: Prepared on 8-1/2-by-11-inch, 20-lb/sq. ft. white bond paper.

- 5. Drawings: Attach reinforced, punched binder tabs on drawings and bind with text.
  - a. If oversize drawings are necessary, fold drawings to same size as text pages and use as foldouts.
  - b. If drawings are too large to be used as foldouts, fold and place drawings in labeled envelopes and bind envelopes in rear of manual. At appropriate locations in manual, insert typewritten pages indicating drawing titles, descriptions of contents, and drawing locations.

## 2.3 EMERGENCY MANUALS

- A. Content: Organize manual into a separate section for each of the following:
  - 1. Type of emergency.
  - 2. Emergency instructions.
  - 3. Emergency procedures.
- B. Type of Emergency: Where applicable for each type of emergency indicated below, include instructions and procedures for each system, subsystem, piece of equipment, and component:
  - 1. Fire.
  - Flood.
  - Gas leak.
  - Water leak.
  - 5. Power failure.
  - 6. Water outage.
  - 7. System, subsystem, or equipment failure.
  - 8. Chemical release or spill.
- C. Emergency Instructions: Describe and explain warnings, trouble indications, error messages, and similar codes and signals. Include responsibilities of Owner's operating personnel for notification of Installer, supplier, and manufacturer to maintain warranties.
- D. Emergency Procedures: Include the following, as applicable:
  - 1. Instructions on stopping.
  - 2. Shutdown instructions for each type of emergency.
  - 3. Operating instructions for conditions outside normal operating limits.
  - 4. Required sequences for electric or electronic systems.
  - 5. Special operating instructions and procedures.

## 2.4 OPERATION MANUALS

- A. Content: In addition to requirements in this Section, include operation data required in individual Specification Sections and the following information:
  - 1. System, subsystem, and equipment descriptions.
  - 2. Performance and design criteria if Contractor is delegated design responsibility.

- 3. Operating standards.
- 4. Operating procedures.
- 5. Operating logs.
- 6. Wiring diagrams.
- 7. Control diagrams.
- 8. Piped system diagrams.
- 9. Precautions against improper use.
- 10. License requirements including inspection and renewal dates.

## B. Descriptions: Include the following:

- 1. Product name and model number.
- 2. Manufacturer's name.
- 3. Equipment identification with serial number of each component.
- 4. Equipment function.
- 5. Operating characteristics.
- 6. Limiting conditions.
- 7. Performance curves.
- 8. Engineering data and tests.
- 9. Complete nomenclature and number of replacement parts.
- C. Operating Procedures: Include the following, as applicable:
  - 1. Startup procedures.
  - 2. Equipment or system break-in procedures.
  - 3. Routine and normal operating instructions.
  - 4. Regulation and control procedures.
  - 5. Instructions on stopping.
  - 6. Normal shutdown instructions.
  - 7. Seasonal and weekend operating instructions.
  - 8. Required sequences for electric or electronic systems.
  - 9. Special operating instructions and procedures.
- D. Systems and Equipment Controls: Describe the sequence of operation, and diagram controls as installed.
- E. Piped Systems: Diagram piping as installed, and identify color-coding where required for identification.

#### 2.5 PRODUCT MAINTENANCE MANUAL

- A. Content: Organize manual into a separate section for each product, material, and finish. Include source information, product information, maintenance procedures, repair materials and sources, and warranties and bonds, as described below.
- B. Source Information: List each product included in manual, identified by product name and arranged to match manual's table of contents. For each product, list name, address, and telephone number of Installer or supplier and maintenance service agent, and cross-reference Specification Section number and title in Project Manual.

- C. Product Information: Include the following, as applicable:
  - 1. Product name and model number.
  - 2. Manufacturer's name.
  - 3. Color, pattern, and texture.
  - 4. Material and chemical composition.
  - 5. Reordering information for specially manufactured products.
- D. Maintenance Procedures: Include manufacturer's written recommendations and the following:
  - 1. Inspection procedures.
  - 2. Types of cleaning agents to be used and methods of cleaning.
  - 3. List of cleaning agents and methods of cleaning detrimental to product.
  - 4. Schedule for routine cleaning and maintenance.
  - 5. Repair instructions.
- E. Repair Materials and Sources: Include lists of materials and local sources of materials and related services.
- F. Warranties and Bonds: Include copies of warranties and bonds and lists of circumstances and conditions that would affect validity of warranties or bonds.
  - 1. Include procedures to follow and required notifications for warranty claims.

## 2.6 SYSTEMS AND EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL

- A. Content: For each system, subsystem, and piece of equipment not part of a system, include source information, manufacturers' maintenance documentation, maintenance procedures, maintenance and service schedules, spare parts list and source information, maintenance service contracts, and warranty and bond information, as described below.
- B. Source Information: List each system, subsystem, and piece of equipment included in the manual, identified by product name and arranged to match manual's table of contents. For each product, list name, address, and telephone number of Installer or supplier and maintenance service agent, and cross-reference Specification Section number and title in Project Manual.
- C. Manufacturers' Maintenance Documentation: Manufacturers' maintenance documentation including the following information for each component part or piece of equipment:
  - 1. Standard printed maintenance instructions and bulletins.
  - 2. Drawings, diagrams, and instructions required for maintenance, including disassembly and component removal, replacement, and assembly.
  - 3. Identification and nomenclature of parts and components.
  - 4. List of items recommended to be stocked as spare parts.

- D. Maintenance Procedures: Include the following information and items that detail essential maintenance procedures:
  - 1. Test and inspection instructions.
  - 2. Troubleshooting guide.
  - 3. Precautions against improper maintenance.
  - 4. Disassembly; component removal, repair, and replacement; and reassembly instructions
  - 5. Aligning, adjusting, and checking instructions.
  - 6. Demonstration and training videotape, if available.
- E. Maintenance and Service Schedules: Include service and lubrication requirements, list of required lubricants for equipment, and separate schedules for preventive and routine maintenance and service with standard time allotment.
  - 1. Scheduled Maintenance and Service: Tabulate actions for daily, weekly, monthly, quarterly, semiannual, and annual frequencies.
  - 2. Maintenance and Service Record: Include manufacturers' forms for recording maintenance.
- F. Spare Parts List and Source Information: Include lists of replacement and repair parts, with parts identified and cross-referenced to manufacturers' maintenance documentation and local sources of maintenance materials and related services.
- G. Warranties and Bonds: Include copies of warranties and bonds and lists of circumstances and conditions that would affect validity of warranties or bonds.
  - 1. Include procedures to follow and required notifications for warranty claims.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 MANUAL PREPARATION

- A. Operation and Maintenance Documentation Directory: Prepare a separate manual that provides an organized reference to emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.
- B. Emergency Manual: Assemble a complete set of emergency information indicating procedures for use by emergency personnel and by Owner's operating personnel for types of emergencies indicated.
- C. Product Maintenance Manual: Assemble a complete set of maintenance data indicating care and maintenance of each product, material, and finish incorporated into the Work.

- D. Operation and Maintenance Manuals: Assemble a complete set of operation and maintenance data indicating operation and maintenance of each system, subsystem, and piece of equipment not part of a system.
  - 1. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to assemble and prepare information for each system, subsystem, and piece of equipment not part of a system.
  - 2. Prepare a separate manual for each system and subsystem, in the form of an instructional manual for use by Owner's operating personnel.
- E. Manufacturers' Data: Where manuals contain manufacturers' standard printed data, include only sheets pertinent to product or component installed. Mark each sheet to identify each product or component incorporated into the Work. If data include more than one item in a tabular format, identify each item using appropriate references from the Contract Documents. Identify data applicable to the Work and delete references to information not applicable.
  - 1. Prepare supplementary text if manufacturers' standard printed data are not available and where the information is necessary for proper operation and maintenance of equipment or systems.
- F. Drawings: Prepare drawings supplementing manufacturers' printed data to illustrate the relationship of component parts of equipment and systems and to illustrate control sequence and flow diagrams. Coordinate these drawings with information contained in Record Drawings to ensure correct illustration of completed installation.
  - 1. Do not use original Project Record Documents as part of operation and maintenance manuals.
  - 2. Comply with requirements of newly prepared Record Drawings in Division 01 Section "Project Record Documents."
- G. Comply with Division 01 Section "Closeout Procedures" for the schedule for submitting operation and maintenance documentation.

END OF SECTION 017823

#### SECTION 017839 - PROJECT RECORD DOCUMENTS

## PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for Project Record Documents, including the following:
  - 1. Record Drawings.
  - 2. Miscellaneous record submittals.

## B. Related Requirements:

- 1. Division 01 Section "Multiple Contract Summary" for coordinating Project Record Documents covering the Work of multiple contracts.
- 2. Division 01 Section "Closeout Procedures" for general closeout procedures.
- 3. Division 01 Section "Operation and Maintenance Data" for operation and maintenance manual requirements.
- 4. Divisions 02 through 48 Sections for specific requirements for Project Record Documents of the Work in those Sections.

#### 1.3 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Record Drawings: Comply with the following:
  - 1. Number of Copies: Submit copies of record Drawings as follows:
    - a. Submit PDF electronic files of scanned marked-up record prints and one of file prints.
- B. Miscellaneous Record Submittals: See other Specification Sections for miscellaneous record-keeping requirements and submittals in connection with various construction activities. Submit one paper copy and annotated PDF electronic files and directories of each submittal.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 RECORD DRAWINGS

- A. Record Prints: Maintain one set of marked-up paper copies of the Contract Drawings and Shop Drawings, incorporating new and revised drawings as modifications are issued.
  - 1. Preparation: Mark record prints to show the actual installation where installation varies from that shown originally. Require individual or entity who obtained record data, whether individual or entity is Installer, subcontractor, or similar entity, to provide information for preparation of corresponding marked-up record prints.
    - a. Give particular attention to information on concealed elements that would be difficult to identify or measure and record later.
    - b. Accurately record information in an acceptable drawing technique.
    - c. Record data as soon as possible after obtaining it.
    - d. Record and check the markup before enclosing concealed installations.
    - e. Cross-reference record prints to corresponding archive photographic documentation.
  - 2. Content: Types of items requiring marking include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - Dimensional changes to Drawings.
    - b. Revisions to details shown on Drawings.
    - c. Depths of foundations below first floor.
    - d. Locations and depths of underground utilities.
    - e. Revisions to routing of piping and conduits.
    - f. Revisions to electrical circuitry.
    - g. Actual equipment locations.
    - h. Duct size and routing.
    - i. Locations of concealed internal utilities.
    - j. Changes made by Change Order or Construction Change Directive.
    - k. Changes made following Architect's written orders.
    - I. Details not on the original Contract Drawings.
    - m. Field records for variable and concealed conditions.
    - n. Record information on the Work that is shown only schematically.
  - 3. Mark the Contract Drawings or Shop Drawings, whichever is most capable of showing actual physical conditions, completely and accurately. If Shop Drawings are marked, show cross-reference on the Contract Drawings.
  - 4. Mark record sets with erasable, red-colored pencil. Use other colors to distinguish between changes for different categories of the Work at same location.
  - 5. Mark important additional information that was either shown schematically or omitted from original Drawings.
  - 6. Note Construction Change Directive numbers, alternate numbers, Change Order numbers, and similar identification, where applicable.

- B. Record Digital Data Files: Immediately before inspection for Certificate of Substantial Completion, review marked-up record prints with Architect and Construction Manager. When authorized, prepare a full set of corrected digital data files of the Contract Drawings, as follows:
  - 1. Format: Annotated PDF electronic file with comment function enabled.
  - 2. Incorporate changes and additional information previously marked on record prints. Delete, redraw, and add details and notations where applicable.
  - 3. Refer instances of uncertainty to Architect through Construction Manager for resolution.
  - 4. Architect will furnish Contractor one set of digital data files of the Contract Drawings for use in recording information.
    - a. See Division 01 Section "Submittal Procedures" for requirements related to use of Architect's digital data files.
    - b. Architect will provide data file layer information. Record markups in separate layers.
- C. Format: Identify and date each Record Drawing; include the designation "PROJECT RECORD DRAWING" in a prominent location.
  - 1. Record Prints: Organize Record Prints and newly prepared Record Drawings into manageable sets. Bind each set with durable paper cover sheets. Include identification on cover sheets.
  - 2. Identification: As follows:
    - a. Project name.
    - b. Date.
    - c. Designation "PROJECT RECORD DRAWINGS."
    - d. Name of Architect and Construction Manager.
    - e. Name of Contractor.

## 2.2 MISCELLANEOUS RECORD SUBMITTALS

- A. Assemble miscellaneous records required by other Specification Sections for miscellaneous record keeping and submittal in connection with actual performance of the Work. Bind or file miscellaneous records and identify each, ready for continued use and reference.
- B. Format: Submit miscellaneous record submittals as PDF electronic file or scanned PDF electronic file(s) of marked-up miscellaneous record submittals.
  - 1. Include miscellaneous record submittals directory organized by Specification Section number and title, electronically linked to each item of miscellaneous record submittals.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 RECORDING AND MAINTENANCE

- A. Recording: Maintain one copy of each submittal during the construction period for Project Record Document purposes. Post changes and modifications to Project Record Documents as they occur; do not wait until the end of Project.
- B. Maintenance of Record Documents: Store Record Documents in the field office apart from the Contract Documents used for construction. Do not use Project Record Documents for construction purposes. Maintain Record Documents in good order and in a clean, dry, legible condition, protected from deterioration and loss. Provide access to Project Record Documents for Architect's and Construction Manager's reference during normal working hours.

END OF SECTION 017839

#### SECTION 017900 - DEMONSTRATION AND TRAINING

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for instructing Owner's personnel, including the following:
  - 1. Demonstration of operation of systems, subsystems, and equipment.
  - 2. Training in operation and maintenance of systems, subsystems, and equipment.
  - 3. Demonstration and training digital video recordings.

## B. Related Requirements:

- 1. Division 01 Section "Project Management and Coordination" for requirements for pre-instruction conferences.
- 2. Divisions 02 through 48 Sections for specific requirements for demonstration and training for products in those Sections.

## 1.3 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate instruction schedule with Owner's operations. Adjust schedule as required to minimize disrupting Owner's operations.
- B. Coordinate instructors, including providing notification of dates, times, length of instruction time, and course content.
- C. Coordinate content of training modules with content of approved emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals. Do not begin training until operation and maintenance data has been reviewed and approved by Architect.

## 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Instruction Program: Submit two copies of outline of instructional program for demonstration and training, including a schedule of proposed dates, times, length of instruction time, and instructors' names for each training module. Include learning objective and outline for each training module.
  - 1. At completion of training, submit one complete training manual(s) for Owner's use
- B. Attendance Record: For each training module, submit list of participants and length of instruction time.
- C. Demonstration and Training Digital Recording DVD's: Submit two copies within seven days of end of each training module.
  - 1. Identification: On each copy, provide an applied label with the following information:
    - a. Name of Project.
    - b. Name of Architect and Construction Manager.
    - c. Name of Contractor.
    - d. Date digital video was recorded.
    - e. Description of vantage point, indicating location, direction (by compass point), and elevation or story of construction.

#### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Instructor Qualifications: A factory-authorized service representative, complying with requirements in Division 01 Section "Quality Requirements," experienced in operation and maintenance procedures and training.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 INSTRUCTION PROGRAM

- A. Program Structure: Develop an instruction program that includes individual training modules for each system and equipment not part of a system, as required by individual Specification Sections.
- B. Training Modules: For each module, include instruction for the following:
  - 1. Basis of System Design, Operational Requirements, and Criteria: Include the following:
    - a. System, subsystem, and equipment descriptions.
    - b. Performance and design criteria if Contractor is delegated design responsibility.
    - c. Operating standards.

- d. Regulatory requirements.
- e. Equipment function.
- f. Operating characteristics.
- g. Limiting conditions.
- h. Performance curves.
- 2. Documentation: Review the following items in detail:
  - a. Emergency manuals.
  - b. Operations manuals.
  - c. Maintenance manuals.
  - d. Project Record Documents.
  - e. Identification systems.
  - f. Warranties and bonds.
  - g. Maintenance service agreements and similar continuing commitments.
- 3. Emergencies: Include the following, as applicable:
  - a. Instructions on meaning of warnings, trouble indications, and error messages.
  - b. Instructions on stopping.
  - c. Shutdown instructions for each type of emergency.
  - d. Operating instructions for conditions outside of normal operating limits.
  - e. Sequences for electric or electronic systems.
  - f. Special operating instructions and procedures.
- 4. Operations: Include the following, as applicable:
  - a. Startup procedures.
  - b. Equipment or system break-in procedures.
  - c. Routine and normal operating instructions.
  - d. Regulation and control procedures.
  - e. Control sequences.
  - f. Safety procedures.
  - g. Instructions on stopping.
  - h. Normal shutdown instructions.
  - i. Operating procedures for emergencies.
  - j. Operating procedures for system, subsystem, or equipment failure.
  - k. Seasonal and weekend operating instructions.
  - I. Required sequences for electric or electronic systems.
  - m. Special operating instructions and procedures.
- 5. Adjustments: Include the following:
  - a. Alignments.
  - b. Checking adjustments.
  - c. Noise and vibration adjustments.
  - d. Economy and efficiency adjustments.

- 6. Troubleshooting: Include the following:
  - a. Diagnostic instructions.
  - b. Test and inspection procedures.
- 7. Maintenance: Include the following:
  - a. Inspection procedures.
  - b. Types of cleaning agents to be used and methods of cleaning.
  - c. List of cleaning agents and methods of cleaning detrimental to product.
  - d. Procedures for routine cleaning
  - e. Procedures for preventive maintenance.
  - f. Procedures for routine maintenance.
  - g. Instruction on use of special tools.
- 8. Repairs: Include the following:
  - a. Diagnosis instructions.
  - b. Repair instructions.
  - c. Disassembly; component removal, repair, and replacement; and reassembly instructions.
  - d. Instructions for identifying parts and components.
  - e. Review of spare parts needed for operation and maintenance.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Assemble educational materials necessary for instruction, including documentation and training module. Assemble training modules into a combined training manual.
- B. Set up instructional equipment at instruction location.

## 3.2 INSTRUCTION

- A. Engage qualified instructors to instruct Owner's personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain systems, subsystems, and equipment not part of a system.
  - 1. Owner will furnish Contractor with names and positions of participants.
- B. Scheduling: Provide instruction at mutually agreed on times. For equipment that requires seasonal operation, provide similar instruction at start of each season.
  - 1. Schedule training with Owner, through Construction Manager, with at least seven days' advance notice.
- C. Cleanup: Collect used and leftover educational materials and remove from Project site. Remove instructional equipment. Restore systems and equipment to condition existing before initial training use.

## 3.3 DEMONSTRATION AND TRAINING DIGITAL VIDEO RECORDINGS

- A. General: Where required in Divisions 02 through 48 Sections, record demonstration and training digital video disks. Record each training module separately. Include classroom instructions and demonstrations, board diagrams, and other visual aids, but not student practice.
  - 1. At beginning of each training module, record learning objective.
- B. Digital Video Recording Format: Provide high-quality color DVD's.
- C. Recording: Mount camera on tripod before starting recording, unless otherwise necessary to show area of demonstration and training. Display continuous running time.
- D. Narration: Describe scenes on digital video recording by audio narration by microphone while digital video is recorded. Include description of items being viewed. Describe vantage point, indicating location, direction (by compass point), and elevation or story of construction.

END OF SECTION 017900

#### SECTION 024119 - SELECTIVE DEMOLITION

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.2 SUMMARY

#### A. Section Includes:

- 1. Demolition and removal of selected portions of building or structure.
- 2. Demolition and removal of selected site elements.

## B. Related Requirements:

- 1. Division 01 Section "Summary" for restrictions on the use of the premises, Owner-occupancy requirements, and phasing requirements.
- 2. Division 01 Section "Execution" for cutting and patching procedures.
- 3. Division 31 Section "Site Clearing" for site clearing and removal of above- and below-grade improvements not part of selective demolition.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Remove: Detach items from existing construction and dispose of them off-site unless indicated to be reinstalled.
- B. Remove and Reinstall: Detach items from existing construction, in a manner to prevent damage, prepare for reuse, and reinstall where indicated.
- C. Existing to Remain: Leave existing items that are not to be removed and that are not otherwise indicated to be reinstalled.

#### 1.4 MATERIALS OWNERSHIP

A. Unless otherwise indicated, demolition waste becomes property of Contractor.

## 1.5 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

- A. Predemolition Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.
  - Inspect and discuss condition of construction to be selectively demolished.

- 2. Review structural load limitations of existing structure.
- 3. Review and finalize selective demolition schedule and verify availability of materials, demolition personnel, equipment, and facilities needed to make progress and avoid delays.
- 4. Review requirements of work performed by other trades that rely on substrates exposed by selective demolition operations.
- 5. Review areas where existing construction is to remain and requires protection.

#### 1.6 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Pre-demolition Photographs or Video: Show existing conditions of adjoining construction, including finish surfaces, that might be misconstrued as damage caused by demolition operations. Comply with Division 01 Section "Photographic Documentation." Submit before Work begins.
- B. Warranties: Documentation indicated that existing warranties are still in effect after completion of selective demolition.

#### 1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Demolition Firm Qualifications: An experienced firm that has specialized in demolition work similar in material and extent to that indicated for this Project.

## 1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Owner will occupy portions of building immediately adjacent to selective demolition area. Conduct selective demolition so Owner's operations will not be disrupted.
  - 1. Comply with requirements specified in Division 01 Section "Summary."
- B. Conditions existing at time of inspection for bidding purpose will be maintained by Owner as far as practical.
- C. Notify Architect of discrepancies between existing conditions and Drawings before proceeding with selective demolition.
- D. Hazardous Materials: It is not expected that hazardous materials will be encountered in the Work.
  - 1. Hazardous materials will be removed by Owner before start of the Work.
  - If suspected hazardous materials are encountered, do not disturb; immediately notify Architect and Owner. Hazardous materials will be removed by Owner under a separate contract.
- E. Storage or sale of removed items or materials on-site is not permitted.

- F. Utility Service: Maintain existing utilities indicated to remain in service and protect them against damage during selective demolition operations.
  - 1. Maintain fire-protection facilities in service during selective demolition operations.

## 1.9 COORDINATION

A. Arrange selective demolition schedule so as not to interfere with Owner's operations.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with governing EPA notification regulations before beginning selective demolition. Comply with hauling and disposal regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Standards: Comply with ANSI/ASSE A10.6 and NFPA 241.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that utilities have been disconnected and capped before starting selective demolition operations.
- B. Perform survey of condition of building to determine whether removing any element might result in structural deficiency or unplanned collapse of any portion of structure or adjacent structures during selective demolition operations.
  - 1. Perform surveys as the Work progresses to detect hazards resulting from selective demolition activities.
- C. Survey of Existing Conditions: Record existing conditions by use of preconstruction photographs or videotapes.

## 3.2 UTILITY SERVICES AND MECHANICAL/ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

A. Existing Services/Systems to Remain: Maintain services/systems indicated to remain and protect them against damage.

- B. Existing Services/Systems to Be Removed, Relocated, or Abandoned: Locate, identify, disconnect, and seal or cap off indicated utility services and mechanical/electrical systems serving areas to be selectively demolished.
  - 1. Owner will arrange to shut off indicated services/systems when requested by Contractor.
  - 2. If services/systems are required to be removed, relocated, or abandoned, before proceeding with selective demolition provide temporary services/systems that bypass area of selective demolition and that maintain continuity of services/systems to other parts of building.
  - 3. Disconnect, demolish, and remove fire-suppression systems, plumbing, and HVAC systems, equipment, and components indicated to be removed.
    - a. Piping to Be Removed: Remove portion of piping indicated to be removed and cap or plug remaining piping with same or compatible piping material.
    - b. Piping to Be Abandoned in Place: Drain piping and cap or plug piping with same or compatible piping material.
    - c. Equipment to Be Removed: Disconnect and cap services and remove equipment.
    - d. Equipment to Be Removed and Reinstalled: Disconnect and cap services and remove, clean, and store equipment; when appropriate, reinstall, reconnect, and make equipment operational.
    - e. Equipment to Be Removed and Salvaged: Disconnect and cap services and remove equipment and deliver to Owner.
    - f. Ducts to Be Removed: Remove portion of ducts indicated to be removed and plug remaining ducts with same or compatible ductwork material.
    - g. Ducts to Be Abandoned in Place: Cap or plug ducts with same or compatible ductwork material.

### 3.3 PROTECTION

- A. Temporary Protection: Provide temporary barricades and other protection required to prevent injury to people and damage to adjacent buildings and facilities to remain.
  - 1. Provide protection to ensure safe passage of people around selective demolition area and to and from occupied portions of building.
  - 2. Provide temporary weather protection, during interval between selective demolition of existing construction on exterior surfaces and new construction, to prevent water leakage and damage to structure and interior areas.
  - 3. Protect walls, ceilings, floors, and other existing finish work that are to remain or that are exposed during selective demolition operations.
  - 4. Cover and protect furniture, furnishings, and equipment that have not been removed.
  - 5. Comply with requirements for temporary enclosures, dust control, heating, and cooling specified in Division 01 Section "Temporary Facilities and Controls."

- B. Temporary Shoring: Design, provide, and maintain shoring, bracing, and structural supports as required to preserve stability and prevent movement, settlement, or collapse of construction and finishes to remain, and to prevent unexpected or uncontrolled movement or collapse of construction being demolished.
  - 1. Strengthen or add new supports when required during progress of selective demolition.
- C. Remove temporary barricades and protections where hazards no longer exist.

## 3.4 SELECTIVE DEMOLITION, GENERAL

- A. General: Demolish and remove existing construction only to the extent required by new construction and as indicated. Use methods required to complete the Work within limitations of governing regulations and as follows:
  - 1. Proceed with selective demolition systematically, from higher to lower level. Complete selective demolition operations above each floor or tier before disturbing supporting members on the next lower level.
  - 2. Neatly cut openings and holes plumb, square, and true to dimensions required. Use cutting methods least likely to damage construction to remain or adjoining construction. Use hand tools or small power tools designed for sawing or grinding, not hammering and chopping. Temporarily cover openings to remain.
  - 3. Cut or drill from the exposed or finished side into concealed surfaces to avoid marring existing finished surfaces.
  - 4. Do not use cutting torches until work area is cleared of flammable materials. At concealed spaces, such as duct and pipe interiors, verify condition and contents of hidden space before starting flame-cutting operations. Maintain portable fire-suppression devices during flame-cutting operations.
  - 5. Maintain fire watch during and for at least two hours after flame-cutting operations.
  - 6. Maintain adequate ventilation when using cutting torches.
  - 7. Remove decayed, vermin-infested, or otherwise dangerous or unsuitable materials and promptly dispose of off-site.
  - 8. Remove structural framing members and lower to ground by method suitable to avoid free fall and to prevent ground impact or dust generation.
  - 9. Locate selective demolition equipment and remove debris and materials so as not to impose excessive loads on supporting walls, floors, or framing.
  - 10. Dispose of demolished items and materials promptly. Comply with requirements in Division 01 Section "Construction Waste Management and Disposal."
- B. Site Access and Temporary Controls: Conduct selective demolition and debris-removal operations to ensure minimum interference with roads, streets, walks, walkways, and other adjacent occupied and used facilities.
- C. Removed and Reinstalled Items:
  - 1. Clean and repair items to functional condition adequate for intended reuse. Paint equipment to match new equipment.
  - 2. Pack or crate items after cleaning and repairing. Identify contents of containers.

- 3. Protect items from damage during transport and storage.
- 4. Reinstall items in locations indicated. Comply with installation requirements for new materials and equipment. Provide connections, supports, and miscellaneous materials necessary to make item functional for use indicated.
- D. Existing Items to Remain: Protect construction indicated to remain against damage and soiling during selective demolition. When permitted by Architect, items may be removed to a suitable, protected storage location during selective demolition and cleaned and reinstalled in their original locations after selective demolition operations are complete.

### 3.5 SELECTIVE DEMOLITION PROCEDURES FOR SPECIFIC MATERIALS

- A. Masonry: Demolish in small sections. Cut masonry at junctures with construction to remain, using power-driven saw, then remove masonry between saw cuts.
  - Where new openings are saw cut at existing brick walls, needle wall prior to saw cutting, saw cut wall so that overcut is concealed behind frames, salvage brick for reuse, install new steel lintel, and patch to match with existing salvaged brick.
- B. Concrete Slabs-on-Grade: Saw-cut perimeter of area to be demolished, and then break up and remove.
- C. Resilient Floor Coverings: Remove floor coverings and adhesive according to recommendations in RFCI's "Recommended Work Practices for the Removal of Resilient Floor Coverings." Do not use methods requiring solvent-based adhesive strippers.
- D. Resilient Base: Score gypsum board at top of resilient base to prevent damage to paper facers. Remove residual adhesive residue from wall surfaces and prepare substrate for new wall base.

### 3.6 DISPOSAL OF DEMOLISHED MATERIALS

- A. Remove demolition waste materials from Project site and dispose of them in an EPAapproved construction and demolition waste landfill acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 1. Do not allow demolished materials to accumulate on-site.
  - 2. Remove and transport debris in a manner that will prevent spillage on adjacent surfaces and areas.
  - 3. Remove debris from elevated portions of building by chute, hoist, or other device that will convey debris to grade level in a controlled descent.
  - 4. Comply with requirements specified in Division 01 Section "Construction Waste Management and Disposal."
- B. Burning: Do not burn demolished materials.

## 3.7 CLEANING

A. Clean adjacent structures and improvements of dust, dirt, and debris caused by selective demolition operations. Return adjacent areas to condition existing before selective demolition operations began.

END OF SECTION 024119

### SECTION 035416 - HYDRAULIC CEMENT UNDERLAYMENT

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section includes hydraulic-cement-based, polymer-modified self-leveling underlayments for application below interior floor coverings.

### B. Related Requirements:

- 1. Division 02 Section "Selective Demolition" for floor covering removal.
- 2. Division 09 Section "Moisture-Vapor Emission Control" for water-vapor emission control systems applied to existing slabs-on-grade with hydraulic cement underlayments.
- 3. Division 09 Sections for patching and leveling compounds applied with floor coverings.

### 1.3 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate application of underlayment with requirements of floor covering products, including adhesives, specified in Division 09 Sections, to ensure compatibility of products.

#### 1.4 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

### 1.5 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Sustainable Design Submittals:
  - 1. Laboratory Test Reports: For coatings, indicating compliance with requirements for low-emitting materials.
- C. Shop Drawings: Plans indicating substrates, locations, and average depths of underlayment based on survey of substrate conditions.

### 1.6 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Qualification Data: For Installer.

#### 1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: Installer who is approved by manufacturer for application of underlayment products required for this Project.
- B. Product Compatibility: Manufacturers of both underlayment and floor covering system certify in writing that products are compatible.

### 1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for substrate temperature, ambient temperature and humidity, ventilation, and other conditions affecting underlayment performance.
  - 1. Place hydraulic cement underlayments only when ambient temperature and temperature of substrates are between 50 and 80 deg F.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 HYDRAULIC CEMENT UNDERLAYMENTS

- A. Underlayment for Concrete Substrates: Hydraulic-cement-based, polymer-modified, self-leveling product that can be applied in minimum uniform thickness of 1/8 to 1-1/4 inches in one pour, and up to 5 inches with the addition of aggregate, and that can be feathered at edges to match adjacent floor elevations.
  - 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide ARDEX Americas; ARDEX V 1200 Self-Leveling Underlayment Concrete, or a comparable product by one of the following:
    - a. Custom Building Products; LevelLite® Self-Leveling Underlayment.
    - b. Laticrete International, Inc.; Levelex.
    - c. MAPEI Corporation; Novoplan 2 Plus.
    - d. Master Builders Solutions; Chemrex Self-Leveling Underlayment.
    - e. USG Corporation; USG Durock Brand Speed Self-Leveling Underlayment.
  - 2. Cement Binder: ASTM C150/C150M, portland cement, or hydraulic or blended hydraulic cement as defined by ASTM C219.
  - 3. Compressive Strength: Not less than 4000 psi at 28 days when tested according to ASTM C109/C109M.
  - 4. Underlayment Additive: Resilient-emulsion product of underlayment manufacturer, formulated for use with underlayment when applied to substrate and conditions indicated.

- B. Aggregate: Well-graded, washed gravel, 1/8 to 1/4 inch; or coarse sand as recommended by underlayment manufacturer.
  - 1. Provide aggregate when recommended in writing by underlayment manufacturer for underlayment thickness required.
- C. Water: Potable and at a temperature of not more than 70 deg F.
- D. Primer: Product of underlayment manufacturer recommended in writing for substrate, conditions, and application indicated.
  - 1. Low-Emitting Materials: Verify coating complies with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Public Health's "Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers."

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, with Installer present, for conditions affecting performance.
- B. Proceed with application only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Prepare and clean substrate according to manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 1. Treat nonmoving substrate cracks according to manufacturer's written instructions to prevent cracks from telegraphing (reflecting) through underlayment.
  - 2. Fill substrate voids to prevent underlayment from leaking.
- B. Concrete Substrates: Mechanically remove, according to manufacturer's written instructions, laitance, glaze, efflorescence, curing compounds, form-release agents, dust, dirt, grease, oil, and other contaminants that might impair underlayment bond.
  - 1. Moisture Testing: Perform tests so that each test area does not exceed 1000 sq ft, and perform no fewer than three tests in each installation area and with test areas evenly spaced in installation areas.
    - a. Anhydrous Calcium Chloride Test, ASTM F1869: Proceed with installation only after substrates do not exceed a maximum moisture-vapor-emission rate of 3 lb of water/1000 sq ft in 24 hours.
    - b. Relative Humidity Test: Using in situ probes, ASTM F2170. Proceed with installation only after substrates have a maximum 85 percent relative humidity level measurement, or as recommended by hydraulic cement underlayment manufacturer.

- C. Adhesion Tests: After substrate preparation, test substrate for adhesion with underlayment according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- D. Refer to Division 09 Section "Moisture Vapor Emission Control" for existing concrete slab-on-grade substrates that receive water-vapor emission control system prior to application of hydraulic cement underlayment.

### 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Mix and apply underlayment components according to manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 1. Close areas to traffic during underlayment application and for time period after application recommended in writing by manufacturer.
  - 2. Coordinate application of components to provide optimum underlayment-tosubstrate and intercoat adhesion.
  - 3. At substrate expansion, isolation, and other moving joints, allow joint of same width to continue through underlayment.
- B. Apply primer over prepared substrate at manufacturer's recommended spreading rate.
- C. Install underlayment to produce uniform, level surface.
  - 1. Install a final layer without aggregate to product surface.
  - 2. Feather edges to match adjacent floor elevations.
- D. Cure underlayment according to manufacturer's written instructions. Prevent contamination during application and curing processes.
- E. Do not install floor coverings over underlayment until after time period recommended in writing by underlayment manufacturer.
- F. Remove and replace underlayment areas that evidence lack of bond with substrate, including areas that emit a "hollow" sound when tapped.

### 3.4 INSTALLATION TOLERANCES

- A. Finish and measure surface, so gap at any point between gypsum cement underlayment surface and an unleveled, freestanding, 10-foot- long straightedge resting on two high spots and placed anywhere on the surface does not exceed the following:
  - 1. For Resilient or Carpeting: 1/4 inch.
  - 2. Large-Format Ceramic Tile: 3/16 inch.

# 3.5 PROTECTION

A. Protect underlayment from concentrated and rolling loads for remainder of construction period.

END OF SECTION 035416

### SECTION 040100 - MAINTENANCE OF MASONRY

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes maintenance of masonry consisting of stone and unit masonry repair as follows:
  - 1. Repairing stone and unit masonry, including replacing whole units and toothing-in units to match existing conditions.
  - 2. Preparing and cleaning salvaged masonry for reinstallation.

### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Stone Terminology: ASTM C119.

# 1.4 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate masonry repairs with public circulation patterns at Project site. Some work is near public circulation patterns.
- B. Public circulation patterns cannot be closed off entirely, and in places can be only temporarily redirected around small areas of work. Plan and execute the Work accordingly.

### 1.5 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

- A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.
  - 1. Review methods and procedures related to masonry repairs including, but not limited to, the following:
    - a. Construction schedule. Verify availability of materials, Restoration Specialist's personnel, equipment, and facilities needed to make progress and avoid delays.
    - b. Materials, material application, sequencing, tolerances, and required clearances.

### 1.6 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include recommendations for application and use. Include test data substantiating that products comply with requirements.
- B. Shop Drawings: For the following:
  - 1. Replacement stone units and their jointing, showing relation of existing to new units.
  - 2. Setting number of each new stone unit and its location on the structure in annotated plans and elevations.
  - 3. Provisions for flashing, lighting fixtures, conduits, and weep holes as required.
  - 4. Replacement and repair anchors, including drilled-in pins. Include details of anchors within individual stone units, with locations of anchors and dimensions of holes and recesses in stone required for anchors, including direction and angle of holes for pins.
- C. Samples for Initial Selection: For the following:
  - 1. Pointing Mortar: Submit sets of mortar for pointing in the form of sample mortar strips, 6 inches long by 1/2 inch wide, set in aluminum or plastic channels.
    - a. Have each set contain a close color range of at least three Samples of different mixes of colored sands and cements that produce a mortar matching the cleaned stone when cured and dry.
    - b. Submit with precise measurements on ingredients, proportions, gradations, and sources of colored sands from which each Sample was made.
  - 2. Sealant Materials: Refer to Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants."
  - 3. Include similar Samples of accessories involving color selection.
- D. Samples for Verification: Before erecting mockup, for the following:
  - 1. Each new exposed masonry material to be used for replacing existing materials. Include in each set of samples the full range of colors and textures to be expected in the completed Work.
    - a. Provide straps or panels containing at least 4 brick units.
  - 2. Each type of patching stone. Include sets of Samples as necessary to show full range of color, texture, grain, veining, and finish to be expected. Provide sets of at least three 12-by-12-inch Samples for each type, but no fewer than necessary to indicate full range and the proportion of variations within range.
  - 3. Each type of mortar for pointing and masonry rebuilding and repair in the form of sample mortar strips, 6 inches long by 1/2 inch wide, set in aluminum or plastic channels.
  - 4. Sealant Materials: See Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants."
  - 5. Accessories: Each type of anchor, accessory, and miscellaneous support.

### 1.7 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Qualification Data: For firms and persons specified in "Quality Assurance" Article to demonstrate their capabilities and experience. Include lists of completed projects with project names and addresses, names and addresses of architects and owners, and other information specified.

### 1.8 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Restoration Specialist Qualifications: Engage an experienced stone and masonry restoration firm to perform work of this Section. Firm shall have completed work similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project with a record of successful in-service performance. Experience installing standard unit masonry or new stone masonry is not sufficient experience for stone restoration work.
  - 1. Field Supervision: Require restoration specialist firms to maintain an experienced full-time supervisor on the Project site during times that clay masonry and stone restoration are in progress. Supervisors shall not be changed during Project except for causes beyond the control of the restoration specialist firm.
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain materials for stone and masonry restoration from a single source for each type of material required (stone, face brick, cement, sand, etc.) to ensure a match of quality, color, pattern, and texture.
- C. Quality-Control Program: Prepare a written quality-control program for this Project to systematically demonstrate the ability of personnel to properly follow methods and use materials and tools without damaging masonry. Include provisions for supervising performance and preventing damage due to worker fatigue.
- D. Restoration Program: Prepare a written, detailed description of materials, methods, equipment, and sequence of operations to be used for each phase of restoration work including protection of surrounding materials and Project site.
  - 1. If materials and methods other than those indicated are proposed for any phase of restoration work, add to the Quality-Control Program a written description of such materials and methods, including evidence of successful use on comparable projects, and demonstrations to show their effectiveness for this Project and worker's ability to use such materials and methods properly.
- E. Repair Appearance Standard: Repaired surfaces are to have a uniform appearance as viewed from 50 feet away by Architect.
- F. Mockups: Prepare mockups of restoration to demonstrate aesthetic effects and set quality standards for materials and execution and for fabrication and installation.
  - 1. Stone and Masonry Repair: Prepare sample areas for each type of masonry material indicated to have repair work performed. If not otherwise indicated, size each mockup not smaller than 2 adjacent whole units or approximately48 inches in least dimension. Erect sample areas in existing walls unless otherwise

indicated, to demonstrate quality of materials, workmanship, and blending with existing work. Include the following as a minimum:

# a. Replacement:

- 1) Four brick units replaced.
- 2) Four stone units replaced.
- b. Patching: Three small holes at least 1 inch in diameter for each type of masonry material indicated to be patched, so as to leave no evidence of repair.
- 2. Approval of mockups does not constitute approval of deviations from the Contract Documents contained in mockups unless Architect specifically approves such deviations in writing.
- 3. Approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

## 1.9 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver masonry units to Project site strapped together in suitable packs or pallets or in heavy-duty cartons.
- B. Deliver other materials to Project site in manufacturer's original and unopened containers, labeled with type and name of products and manufacturers.
- C. Store cementitious materials on elevated platforms, under cover, and in a dry location. Do not use cementitious materials that have become damp.
- D. Store hydrated lime in manufacturer's original and unopened containers. Discard lime if containers have been damaged or have been opened for more than two days.
- E. Store sand where grading and other required characteristics can be maintained and contamination avoided.

### 1.10 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Weather Limitations: Proceed with installation only when existing and forecasted weather conditions permit masonry restoration work to be performed according to manufacturers' written instructions and specified requirements.
- B. Repair stone and masonry units only when air temperature is between 40 and 90 deg F and is predicted to remain so for at least 7 days after completion of the Work unless otherwise indicated.

- C. Cold-Weather Requirements: Comply with the following procedures for masonry repair and mortar-joint pointing:
  - 1. When air temperature is below 40 deg F, heat mortar ingredients, masonry repair materials, and existing masonry walls to produce temperatures between 40 and 120 deg F.
  - 2. When mean daily air temperature is between 25 and 40 deg F, cover completed Work with weather-resistant, insulating blankets for 48 hours after repair and pointing.
  - 3. When mean daily air temperature is below 25 deg F, provide enclosure and heat to maintain temperatures above 32 deg F within the enclosure for 48 hours after repair and pointing.
- D. Hot-Weather Requirements: Protect restoration work when temperature and humidity conditions produce excessive evaporation of water from mortar and patching materials. Provide artificial shade and wind breaks and use cooled materials as required. Do not apply mortar to substrates with temperatures of 90 deg F and above.

### 1.11 SEQUENCING AND SCHEDULING

- A. Order replacement materials at the earliest possible date, to avoid delaying completion of the Work.
- B. Order sand and gray portland cement for pointing mortar immediately after approval of mockups. Take delivery of and store at Project site a sufficient quantity to complete Project.
- C. Perform stone and masonry restoration work in the following sequence:
  - 1. Patch and repair stone and masonry, including replacing existing stone and masonry with reused or new stone and masonry materials as indicated.
  - 2. After patching has been completed and cured, perform a final cleaning to remove residues from this work.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 STONE AND MASONRY MATERIALS

- A. Face Brick: Provide face brick, including specially molded, ground, cut, or sawed shapes where required to complete masonry restoration work.
  - 1. Provide units with color, surface texture, size, and shape to match existing brick work.
    - a. For existing brickwork that exhibits a range of colors or color variation within units, provide brick that proportionally matches that range and variation rather than brick that matches an individual color within that range.

- 2. ASTM C216. Grade SW.
- 3. Special Shapes:
  - a. Provide specially molded, 100 percent solid shapes for applications where core holes or "frogs" could be exposed to view or weather when in final position and where shapes produced by sawing would result in sawed surfaces being exposed to view.
  - b. Mechanical chopping or breaking brick, or bonding pieces of brick together by adhesive, are not acceptable procedures for fabricating special shapes.
- B. Stone: Provide natural building stone of variety, color, texture, grain, veining, finish, and physical properties to match existing stone.
  - 1. For existing stone that exhibits a range of colors, texture, grain, veining, finishes, sizes, or shapes, provide stone that proportionally matches that range rather than stone that matches an individual color, texture, grain, veining, finish, size, or shape within that range.
- C. Salvaged Stone: Where indicated, use salvaged stone from locations shown on Drawings. Clean off residual mortar, cut stone as required to fit new size indicated, and reinstall.

### 2.2 MORTAR MATERIALS

- A. Portland Cement: ASTM C150, Type I or Type II.
- B. Hydrated Lime: ASTM C207, Type S.
- C. Aggregate for Mortar: ASTM C144 unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Match color, size, texture, and gradation of existing mortar as closely as possible.
- D. Water: Potable.

### 2.3 CLEANING MATERIALS

- A. Water: Potable.
- B. Detergent Solution, Job Mixed: Solution prepared by mixing 2 cups of tetrasodium pyrophosphate (TSPP), 1/2 cup of laundry detergent, and 20 quarts of hot water for every 5 gal. of solution required.

### 2.4 ACCESSORY MATERIALS

A. Stone Anchors and Pins: Type and size indicated or, if not indicated, to match existing anchors in size and type. Fabricate anchors and pins from Type 304 stainless steel.

### B. Sealant Materials:

- 1. Provide manufacturer's standard chemically curing, elastomeric sealant(s) of base polymer and characteristics indicated below that comply with applicable requirements in Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants."
  - a. Types: Single component, nonsag sealant.
- 2. Colors: Provide colors of exposed sealants to match colors of masonry adjoining installed sealant unless otherwise indicated.

## C. Joint-Sealant Backing:

- 1. Cylindrical Sealant Backings: ASTM C1330, Type C (closed-cell material with a surface skin), and of size and density to control sealant depth and otherwise contribute to producing optimum sealant performance.
- 2. Bond-Breaker Tape: Polyethylene tape or other plastic tape recommended by sealant manufacturer for preventing sealant from adhering to rigid, inflexible joint-filler materials or joint surfaces at back of joint where such adhesion would result in sealant failure. Provide self-adhesive tape where acceptable.
- D. Setting Buttons: Resilient plastic buttons, nonstaining to stone, sized to suit joint thicknesses and bed depths of stone units without intruding into required depths of pointing materials.
- E. Masking Tape: Nonstaining, nonabsorbent material, compatible with pointing mortar, joint primers, sealants, and surfaces adjacent to joints; that will easily come off entirely, including adhesive.
- F. Miscellaneous Products: Select materials and methods of use based on the following, subject to approval of a mockup:
  - 1. Previous effectiveness in performing the work involved.
  - 2. Little possibility of damaging exposed surfaces.
  - 3. Consistency of each application.
  - 4. Uniformity of the resulting overall appearance.
  - 5. Do not use products or tools that could do the following:
    - a. Remove, alter, or in any way harm the present condition or future preservation of existing surfaces, including surrounding surfaces not in contract.
    - b. Leave a residue on surfaces.

### 2.5 MORTAR MIXES

- A. Measurement and Mixing: Measure cementitious and aggregate material in a dry condition by volume or equivalent weight. Do not measure by shovel; use known measure. Mix materials in a clean, mechanical batch mixer.
  - 1. Mixing Pointing Mortar: Thoroughly mix cementitious and aggregate materials together before adding any water. Then mix again adding only enough water to produce a damp, unworkable mix that will retain its form when pressed into a ball. Maintain mortar in this dampened condition for 1 to 2 hours. Add remaining water in small portions until reaching mortar of the desired consistency. Use mortar within 30 minutes of final mixing; do not retemper or use partially hardened material.
- B. Do not use admixtures of any kind in mortar, unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Mortar Proportions: Mix mortar materials in the following proportions:
  - 1. Pointing Mortar for Stone and Brick: 1 part portland cement, 2 parts lime, and 6 parts colored- or natural-mortar aggregate.
  - 2. Rebuilding (Setting) Mortar: Comply with ASTM C270, Proportion Specification, Type N, unless otherwise indicated; with cementitious material content limited to portland cement and lime.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 PROTECTION

- A. Protect persons, motor vehicles, surrounding surfaces of building being restored, building site, plants, and surrounding buildings from harm resulting from masonry restoration work.
  - 1. Erect temporary protective covers over walkways and at points of pedestrian and vehicular entrance and exit that must remain in service during course of restoration work.
- B. Prevent mortar from staining face of surrounding masonry and other surfaces.
  - 1. Cover sills, ledges, and projections from mortar droppings.
  - 2. Keep wall area wet below rebuilding and pointing work to discourage mortar from adhering.
  - 3. Immediately remove grout and mortar in contact with exposed masonry and other surfaces
  - 4. Clean mortar splatters from scaffolding at end of each day.

### 3.2 BRICK PATCHING

A. Patch masonry with reused or new face brick masonry at locations indicated on Drawings.

- B. Carefully remove bricks by hand at locations indicated. Cut out full units from joint to joint and in a manner to permit patching with full-size units without damaging surrounding masonry.
  - 1. When removing single bricks, remove material from center of brick and work toward outside edges.
- C. Support and protect remaining masonry that surrounds removal area. Maintain flashing, reinforcement, lintels, and adjoining construction in an undamaged condition.
- D. Notify Architect of unforeseen detrimental conditions including voids, cracks, bulges, and loose units in existing masonry backup, rotted wood, rusted metal, and other deteriorated items.
- E. Remove in an undamaged condition as many whole bricks as possible.
  - 1. Remove mortar, loose particles, and soil from brick by cleaning with hand chisels, brushes, and water.
  - 2. Remove sealants by cutting close to brick with utility knife and cleaning with solvents.
  - 3. Store brick for reuse. Store off ground, on skids, and protected from weather.
  - 4. Deliver cleaned brick not required for reuse to Owner unless otherwise indicated.
- F. Clean bricks surrounding removal areas by removing mortar, dust, and loose particles in preparation for replacement.
- G. Install replacement brick into bonding and coursing pattern of existing brick. If cutting is required, use a motor-driven saw designed to cut masonry with clean, sharp, unchipped edges.
  - 1. Maintain joint width for replacement units to match existing joints.
- H. Lay replacement brick with completely filled bed, head, and collar joints. Butter ends with sufficient mortar to fill head joints and shove into place. Wet clay bricks that have ASTM C67 initial rates of absorption (suction) of more than 30 g per 30 sq inch per min. Use wetting methods that ensure units are nearly saturated but surface dry when laid. Maintain joint width for replacement units to match existing units.
  - 1. Tool exposed mortar joints in repaired areas to match joints of surrounding existing brickwork.

### 3.3 STONE PATCHING AND REUSE

- A. Mask existing stones to remain adjacent to locations of patched stones.
- B. Remove and salvage existing stones where indicated. Cut and trim stone to accurately fit sizes required to produce joints between patched stone and other stones that match existing joints between stones.

- C. Pinning: Prepare for concealed mechanical anchorage consisting of 1/4-inch diameter, plain stainless-steel pins set into 1/4-inch diameter holes drilled at a 45-degree downward angle into existing adjacent stone and patched stone. Space pins at least 2 inches from edges and at least 2 inches into existing stone and 2 inches into patched stone with end countersunk at least 3/4 inch from exposed face of patched stone.
- D. Pointing with Mortar: Coat patching stone with mortar and install where indicated. Use shims, clamps, wedges, or other devices necessary to align face of patching stone with face of adjacent stone.
  - 1. Rinse joint surfaces with water to remove dust and mortar particles. Time rinsing application so, at time of pointing, joint surfaces are damp but free of standing water. If rinse water dries, dampen joint surfaces before pointing.
  - 2. Apply pointing mortar in layers not greater than 3/8 inch until joint is uniformly filled. Fully compact each layer thoroughly and allow it to become thumbprint hard before applying next layer. Where existing stone has worn or rounded edges, slightly recess finished mortar surface below face of stone to avoid widened joint faces. Take care not to spread mortar beyond joint edges onto exposed stone surfaces or to featheredge the mortar.
  - 3. When mortar is thumbprint hard, tool joints to match original appearance of joints as demonstrated in approved mockup. Remove excess mortar from edge of joint by brushing.
  - 4. Cure mortar by maintaining in thoroughly damp condition for at least 72 consecutive hours, including weekends and holidays.
    - Acceptable curing methods include covering with wet burlap and plastic sheeting, periodic hand misting, and periodic mist spraying using system of pipes, mist heads, and timers.
    - b. Adjust curing methods to ensure that pointing mortar is damp throughout its depth without eroding surface mortar.
  - 5. Hairline cracking within the mortar or mortar separation at edge of a joint is unacceptable. Completely remove such mortar and repoint.

### 3.4 FINAL CLEANING OF PATCHED BRICK MASONRY

- A. After mortar has fully hardened, thoroughly clean exposed patched clay masonry surfaces of excess mortar and foreign matter; use wood scrapers, stiff-nylon or -fiber brushes, and clean water, spray applied at low pressure.
  - 1. Do not use metal scrapers or brushes.
  - 2. Do not use acidic or alkaline cleaners.
- B. Wash adjacent woodwork and other nonmasonry surfaces. Use detergent and soft brushes or cloths.
- C. Clean mortar and debris from roof; remove debris from gutters and downspouts. Rinse off roof and flush gutters and downspouts.

D. Sweep and rake adjacent pavement and grounds to remove mortar and debris. Where necessary, pressure wash pavement surfaces to remove mortar, dust, dirt, and stains.

## 3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Notify Architect in advance of times when lift devices and scaffolding will be relocated. Do not relocate lift devices and scaffolding until Architect has had reasonable opportunity to make observations of work areas at lift device or scaffold location.

END OF SECTION 040140

### SECTION 079200 - JOINT SEALANTS

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

### A. Section Includes:

- 1. Silicone joint sealants.
- 2. Urethane joint sealants.
- 3. Butyl joint sealants.
- 4. Latex joint sealants.

## B. Related Requirements:

1. Division 07 Section "Gypsum Board Assemblies" for sealing joints in sound-rated construction.

### 1.3 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

### 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

### A. Product Data:

- 1. Joint-sealants.
- Joint sealant backing materials.
- B. Samples for Initial Selection: Manufacturer's color charts consisting of strips of cured sealants showing the full range of colors available for each product exposed to view.
- C. Samples for Verification: For each type and color of joint sealant required, provide Samples with joint sealants in 1/2-inch-wide joints formed between two 6-inch- long strips of material matching the appearance of exposed surfaces adjacent to joint sealants.
- D. Joint-Sealant Schedule: Include the following information:
  - 1. Joint-sealant application, joint location, and designation.

- 2. Joint-sealant manufacturer and product name.
- 3. Joint-sealant formulation.
- 4. Joint-sealant color.

### E. Sustainable Design Submittals:

1. Laboratory Test Reports: For sealants, indicating compliance with requirements for low-emitting materials.

### 1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Test and Evaluation Reports:
  - 1. Preconstruction Field-Adhesion-Test Reports: Indicate which sealants and joint preparation methods resulted in optimum adhesion to joint substrates based on testing specified in "Preconstruction Testing" Article.
- B. Sample warranties.

### 1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Warranty Documentation:
  - 1. Manufacturers' special warranties.
  - 2. Installer's special warranties.

### 1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Qualifications:
  - 1. Installers: Authorized representative who is trained and approved by manufacturer.

### 1.8 MOCKUPS

A. Install sealant in mockups of assemblies specified in other Sections that are indicated to receive joint sealants specified in this Section. Use materials and installation methods specified in this Section.

### 1.9 PRECONSTRUCTION TESTING

- A. Preconstruction Field-Adhesion Testing: Before installing exterior sealants, field test their adhesion to Project joint substrates as follows:
  - Locate test joints where indicated on Project or, if not indicated, as directed by Architect.
  - 2. Conduct field tests for each kind of sealant and joint substrate.

- Notify Architect seven days in advance of dates and times when test joints will be erected.
- 4. Arrange for tests to take place with joint-sealant manufacturer's technical representative present.
  - Test Method: Test joint sealants in accordance with Method A, Field-Applied Sealant Joint Hand Pull Tab, in Appendix X1.1 in ASTM C1193 or Method A, Tail Procedure, in ASTM C1521.
    - 1) For joints with dissimilar substrates, verify adhesion to each substrate separately; extend cut along one side, verifying adhesion to opposite side. Repeat procedure for opposite side.
- 5. Report whether sealant failed to adhere to joint substrates or tore cohesively. Include data on pull distance used to test each kind of product and joint substrate. For sealants that fail adhesively, retest until satisfactory adhesion is obtained.
- 6. Evaluation of Preconstruction Field-Adhesion-Test Results: Sealants not evidencing adhesive failure from testing, in absence of other indications of noncompliance with requirements, will be considered satisfactory. Do not use sealants that fail to adhere to joint substrates during testing.

### 1.10 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Do not proceed with installation of joint sealants under the following conditions:
  - 1. When ambient and substrate temperature conditions are outside limits permitted by joint-sealant manufacturer or are below 40 deg F.
  - 2. When joint substrates are wet.
  - 3. Where joint widths are less than those allowed by joint-sealant manufacturer for applications indicated.
  - 4. Where contaminants capable of interfering with adhesion have not yet been removed from joint substrates.

### 1.11 WARRANTY

- A. Special Installer's Warranty: Installer agrees to repair or replace joint sealants that do not comply with performance and other requirements specified in this Section within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Warranty Period: Two years from date of Substantial Completion.
- B. Special Manufacturer's Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to furnish joint sealants to repair or replace those joint sealants that do not comply with performance and other requirements specified in this Section within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Urethane Sealant Warranty Period: Five years from date of Substantial Completion.
  - 2. Silicone Sealant Warranty Period: 20 years from date of Substantial Completion.

- C. Special warranties specified in this Article exclude deterioration or failure of elastomeric joint sealants from the following:
  - 1. Movement of the structure caused by stresses on the sealant exceeding sealant manufacturer's written specifications for sealant elongation and compression.
  - 2. Disintegration of joint substrates from causes exceeding design specifications.
  - 3. Mechanical damage caused by individuals, tools, or other outside agents.
  - 4. Changes in sealant appearance caused by accumulation of dirt or other atmospheric contaminants.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 SOURCE LIMITATIONS

A. Obtain joint sealants from single manufacturer for each sealant type.

# 2.2 JOINT SEALANTS, GENERAL

- A. Compatibility: Provide joint sealants, backings, and other related materials that are compatible with one another and with joint substrates under conditions of service and application, as demonstrated by sealant manufacturer, based on testing and field experience.
- B. VOC Content: Verify sealants and sealant primers comply with the following:
  - 1. Verify sealant complies with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Public Health's "Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers."
- C. Colors of Exposed Joint Sealants: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

# 2.3 SILICONE JOINT SEALANTS

- A. Silicone, S, NS, 100/50, NT: Single-component, nonsag, plus 100 percent and minus 50 percent movement capability, nontraffic-use, neutral-curing silicone joint sealant; ASTM C920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 100/50, Use NT.
  - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
    - a. Dow Corning Corporation; 790.
    - b. GE Construction Sealants; Momentive Performance Materials Inc.;; SCS2700 SilPruf LM.
    - c. Sika Corporation; Joint Sealants; Sikasil 290.
    - d. Tremco, Inc.; Spectrem 1.

### 2.4 URETHANE JOINT SEALANTS

- A. Urethane, S, P, 25, T, NT: Single-component, pourable, plus 25 percent and minus 25 percent movement capability, traffic- and nontraffic-use, urethane joint sealant; ASTM C920, Type S, Grade P, Class 25, Uses T and NT.
  - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
    - a. Pecora Corporation; NR-201.
    - b. Permathane®/Acryl-R®; ITW Polymers Sealants North America; Permathane SM7101.
    - c. Polymeric Systems, Inc; Flexiprene 952.
    - d. Sherwin-Williams Company (The); Stampede 1SL.
- B. Urethane, M, NS, 25, T, NT: Multicomponent, nonsag, plus 25 percent and minus 25 percent movement capability, traffic- and nontraffic-use, urethane joint sealant; ASTM C920, Type M, Grade NS, Class 25, Uses T and NT.
  - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
    - a. Bostik. Inc: Chem-Calk 505.
    - b. Master Builders Solutions; MasterSeal NP 2 (Pre-2014: Sonolastic NP2).
    - c. Pecora Corporation; Dynatred.
    - d. Sika Corporation; Joint Sealants; Sikaflex 2c NS EZ Mix.
    - e. Tremco Incorporated; Dymeric 240 FC.

### 2.5 BUTYL JOINT SEALANTS

- A. Butyl-Rubber-Based Joint Sealant: ASTM C1311.
  - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
    - a. Bostik, Inc; Chem-Calk 300.
    - b. Pecora Corporation; BC-158.
    - c. Tremco Incorporated; Tremco Butyl Sealant.

### 2.6 LATEX JOINT SEALANTS

- A. Acrylic Latex: Acrylic latex or siliconized acrylic latex, ASTM C834, Type OP, Grade NF.
  - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
    - a. BASF Building Systems; Sonolac.
    - b. Bostik, Inc.; Chem-Calk 600.
    - c. Pecora Corporation; AC-20.
    - d. Tremco Incorporated; Tremflex 834.

### 2.7 JOINT-SEALANT BACKING

- A. Sealant Backing Material, General: Nonstaining; compatible with joint substrates, sealants, primers, and other joint fillers; and approved for applications indicated by sealant manufacturer based on field experience and laboratory testing.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Adfast.
    - b. Alcot Plastics Ltd.
    - c. Construction Foam Products; a division of Nomaco, Inc.
    - Master Builders Solutions.
- B. Cylindrical Sealant Backings: ASTM C1330, Type C (closed-cell material with a surface skin), Type O (open-cell material), or any of the preceding types, as approved in writing by joint-sealant manufacturer for joint application indicated, and of size and density to control sealant depth and otherwise contribute to producing optimum sealant performance.
- C. Bond-Breaker Tape: Polyethylene tape or other plastic tape recommended by sealant manufacturer for preventing sealant from adhering to rigid, inflexible joint-filler materials or joint surfaces at back of joint. Provide self-adhesive tape where applicable.

### 2.8 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Primer: Material recommended by joint-sealant manufacturer where required for adhesion of sealant to joint substrates indicated, as determined from preconstruction joint-sealant-substrate tests and field tests.
- B. Cleaners for Nonporous Surfaces: Chemical cleaners acceptable to manufacturers of sealants and sealant backing materials, free of oily residues or other substances capable of staining or harming joint substrates and adjacent nonporous surfaces in any way, and formulated to promote optimum adhesion of sealants to joint substrates.
- C. Masking Tape: Nonstaining, nonabsorbent material compatible with joint sealants and surfaces adjacent to joints.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine joints indicated to receive joint sealants, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for joint configuration, installation tolerances, and other conditions affecting joint-sealant performance.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Surface Cleaning of Joints: Clean out joints immediately before installing joint sealants to comply with joint-sealant manufacturer's written instructions and the following requirements:
  - 1. Remove all foreign material from joint substrates that could interfere with adhesion of joint sealant, including dust, paints (except for permanent, protective coatings tested and approved for sealant adhesion and compatibility by sealant manufacturer), old joint sealants, oil, grease, waterproofing, water repellents, water, surface dirt, and frost.
  - 2. Clean porous joint substrate surfaces by brushing, grinding, blast cleaning, mechanical abrading, or a combination of these methods to produce a clean, sound substrate capable of developing optimum bond with joint sealants. Remove loose particles remaining after cleaning operations above by vacuuming or blowing out joints with oil-free compressed air. Porous joint substrates include the following:
    - a. Concrete.
    - b. Masonry.
    - c. Unglazed surfaces of ceramic tile.
  - 3. Remove laitance and form-release agents from concrete.
  - 4. Clean nonporous surfaces with chemical cleaners or other means that do not stain, harm substrates, or leave residues capable of interfering with adhesion of joint sealants. Nonporous joint substrates include the following:
    - a. Metal.
    - b. Glass.
    - c. Porcelain enamel.
    - d. Glazed surfaces of ceramic tile.
- B. Joint Priming: Prime joint substrates where recommended by joint-sealant manufacturer or as indicated by preconstruction joint-sealant-substrate tests or prior experience. Apply primer to comply with joint-sealant manufacturer's written instructions. Confine primers to areas of joint-sealant bond; do not allow spillage or migration onto adjoining surfaces.
- C. Masking Tape: Use masking tape where required to prevent contact of sealant with adjoining surfaces that otherwise would be permanently stained or damaged by such contact or by cleaning methods required to remove sealant smears. Remove tape immediately after tooling without disturbing joint seal.

#### 3.3 INSTALLATION OF JOINT SEALANTS

- A. General: Comply with joint-sealant manufacturer's written installation instructions for products and applications indicated, unless more stringent requirements apply.
- B. Sealant Installation Standard: Comply with recommendations in ASTM C1193 for use of joint sealants as applicable to materials, applications, and conditions indicated.

- C. Install sealant backings of type indicated to support sealants during application and at position required to produce cross-sectional shapes and depths of installed sealants relative to joint widths that allow optimum sealant movement capability.
  - 1. Do not leave gaps between ends of sealant backings.
  - 2. Do not stretch, twist, puncture, or tear sealant backings.
  - 3. Remove absorbent sealant backings that have become wet before sealant application and replace them with dry materials.
- D. Install bond-breaker tape behind sealants where sealant backings are not used between sealants and backs of joints.
- E. Install sealants using proven techniques that comply with the following and at the same time backings are installed:
  - 1. Place sealants so they directly contact and fully wet joint substrates.
  - 2. Completely fill recesses in each joint configuration.
  - 3. Produce uniform, cross-sectional shapes and depths relative to joint widths that allow optimum sealant movement capability.
- F. Tooling of Nonsag Sealants: Immediately after sealant application and before skinning or curing begins, tool sealants according to requirements specified below to form smooth, uniform beads of configuration indicated; to eliminate air pockets; and to ensure contact and adhesion of sealant with sides of joint.
  - 1. Remove excess sealant from surfaces adjacent to joints.
  - 2. Use tooling agents that are approved in writing by sealant manufacturer and that do not discolor sealants or adjacent surfaces.
  - 3. Provide concave joint configuration per Figure 5A in ASTM C1193, unless otherwise indicated.

### 3.4 CLEANING

A. Clean off excess sealant or sealant smears adjacent to joints as the Work progresses by methods and with cleaning materials approved in writing by manufacturers of joint sealants and of products in which joints occur.

### 3.5 PROTECTION

A. Protect joint sealants during and after curing period from contact with contaminating substances and from damage resulting from construction operations or other causes so sealants are without deterioration or damage at time of Substantial Completion. If, despite such protection, damage or deterioration occurs, cut out and remove damaged or deteriorated joint sealants immediately so installations with repaired areas are indistinguishable from original work.

### 3.6 JOINT-SEALANT SCHEDULE

- A. Joint-Sealant Application JS-1: Exterior joints in horizontal traffic surfaces.
  - 1. Joint Locations:
    - a. Isolation joints between concrete foundation and concrete paving.
    - b. Isolation and contraction joints in cast-in-place concrete slabs.
    - c. Joints between different materials listed above.
    - d. Other joints as indicated.
  - 2. Joint Sealant: Urethane, S, P, 25, T, NT.
  - Joint-Sealant Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range of colors.
- B. Joint-Sealant Application JS-2: Exterior joints in vertical surfaces and horizontal nontraffic surfaces.
  - 1. Joint Locations:
    - a. Control and expansion joints in unit masonry.
    - b. Joints between different materials listed above.
    - c. Perimeter joints between materials listed above and frames of doors, windows, and louvers.
    - d. Other joints as indicated on Drawings.
  - 2. Joint Sealant: Silicone, S, NS, 100/50, NT.
  - 3. Joint-Sealant Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
- C. Joint-Sealant Application JS-3: Interior joints in horizontal traffic surfaces.
  - 1. Joint Locations:
    - a. Isolation and expansion joints in cast-in-place concrete slabs.
    - b. Control and expansion joints in tile flooring.
    - c. Other joints as indicated on Drawings.
  - 2. Joint Sealant: Urethane, S, P, 25, T, NT.
  - 3. Joint-Sealant Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range of colors.
- D. Joint-Sealant Application JS-4: Vertical joints on exposed surfaces of interior unit masonry walls and partitions.
  - 1. Joint Sealant: Urethane, M, NS, 25, T, NT.
  - 2. Joint-Sealant Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

- E. Joint-Sealant Application JS-5: Vertical joints on exposed interior surfaces of exterior non-masonry walls; interior perimeter joints of exterior openings; interior perimeter joints between wall surfaces and frames of interior doors and windows; and all other interior joints not indicated otherwise.
  - 1. Joint Sealant: Latex sealant.
  - 2. Joint-Sealant Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
- F. Joint-Sealant Application JS-6 :.
  - 1. Joint Locations:
    - a. Aluminum thresholds.
    - b. Other joints as indicated on Drawings.
  - 2. Joint Sealant: Butyl rubber based.

END OF SECTION 079200

### SECTION 081113 - HOLLOW METAL DOORS AND FRAMES

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes hollow metal work.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Division 04 Section "Maintenance of Masonry" for embedding anchors for hollow metal work into masonry construction.
  - 2. Division 08 Section "Door Hardware" for door hardware for hollow metal doors.
  - 3. Division 09 Sections "Painting" for field painting hollow metal doors and frames.
  - 4. Division 26 Sections for electrical connections including conduit and wiring for door controls and operators.

### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Minimum Thickness: Minimum thickness of base metal without coatings in accordance with NAAMM-HMMA 803 or ANSI/SDI A250.8.

### 1.4 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate anchorage installation for hollow-metal frames. Furnish setting drawings, templates, and directions for installing anchorages, including sleeves, concrete inserts, anchor bolts, and items with integral anchors. Deliver such items to Project site in time for installation.
- B. Coordinate requirements for installation of door hardware, electrified door hardware, and access control and security systems.

### 1.5 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

### 1.6 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
  - 1. Include construction details, material descriptions, core descriptions, fire-resistance rating, and finishes.
- B. Sustainable Design Submittals:
  - 1. Environmental Product Declaration: For each product.
  - 2. Health Product Declaration: For each product.
- C. Shop Drawings: Include the following:
  - 1. Elevations of each door design.
  - 2. Details of doors, including vertical and horizontal edge details and metal thicknesses.
  - 3. Frame details for each frame type, including dimensioned profiles and metal thicknesses.
  - 4. Locations of reinforcement and preparations for hardware.
  - 5. Details of each different wall opening condition.
  - 6. Details of anchorages, joints, field splices, and connections.
  - 7. Details of accessories.
  - 8. Details of moldings, removable stops, and glazing.
  - 9. Details of conduit and preparations for power, signal, and control systems.
- D. Product Schedule: For hollow-metal doors and frames, prepared by or under the supervision of supplier, using same reference numbers for details and openings as those on Drawings. Coordinate with final door hardware schedule.

### 1.7 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Product Test Reports: For each type of thermally rated door assemblies for tests performed by a qualified testing agency indicating compliance with performance requirements.

### 1.8 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver hollow metal work palletized, wrapped, or crated to provide protection during transit and Project-site storage. Do not use nonvented plastic.
  - 1. Provide additional protection to prevent damage to finish of factory-finished units.
- B. Deliver welded frames with two removable spreader bars across bottom of frames, tack welded to jambs and mullions.
- C. Store hollow-metal doors and frames vertically under cover at Project site with head up. Place on minimum 4-inch- high wood blocking. Provide minimum 1/4-inch space between each stacked door to permit air circulation.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - Ceco Door; AADG, Inc.; ASSA ABLOY.
  - 2. Curries, AADG, Inc.; ASSA ABLOY Group.
  - 3. LaForce, LLC.
  - 4. Republic Doors and Frames; a Allegion brand
  - 5. Steelcraft; Allegion plc.

### 2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Thermally Rated Door Assemblies: Provide door assemblies with U-factor of not more than 0.40 deg Btu/F x h x sq ft when tested according to ASTM C518.

### 2.3 INTERIOR STANDARD STEEL DOORS AND FRAMES

- A. Construct hollow-metal doors and frames to comply with standards indicated for materials, fabrication, hardware locations, hardware reinforcement, tolerances, and clearances, and as specified.
- B. Heavy-Duty Doors and Frames: ANSI/SDI A250.8, Level 2; ANSI/SDI A250.4, Level B.
  - 1. Doors:
    - a. Type: As indicated in the Door and Frame Schedule.
    - b. Thickness: 1-3/4 inches.
    - c. Face: Uncoated steel sheet, minimum thickness of 0.042 inch.
    - d. Edge Construction: Model 1, Full Flush.
    - e. Edge Bevel: Bevel lock edge 1/8 inch in 2 inches.
    - f. Core: Polystyrene.

### 2. Frames:

- a. Materials: Uncoated steel sheet, minimum thickness of 0.053 inch.
- b. Sidelite and Transom Frames: Fabricated from same thickness material as adjacent door frame.
- c. Construction: Face welded.
- 3. Exposed Finish: Prime.

### 2.4 EXTERIOR STANDARD STEEL DOORS AND FRAMES

- A. Construct hollow-metal doors and frames to comply with standards indicated for materials, fabrication, hardware locations, hardware reinforcement, tolerances, and clearances, and as specified.
  - 1. Extra-Heavy-Duty Doors and Frames: ANSI/SDI A250.8, Level 3; ANSI/SDI A250.4, Level A.
  - 2. Doors:
    - a. Type: As indicated in the Door and Frame Schedule.
    - b. Thickness: 1-3/4 inches.
    - c. Face: Metallic-coated steel sheet, minimum thickness of 0.053 inch, with minimum A40 coating.
    - d. Edge Construction: Model 2, Seamless.
    - e. Edge Bevel: Bevel lock edge 1/8 inch in 2 inches.
    - f. Top Edge Closures: Close top edges of doors with flush closures of same material as face sheets. Seal joints against water penetration.
    - g. Bottom Edges: Close bottom edges of doors where required for attachment of weather stripping with end closures or channels of same material as face sheets. Provide weep-hole openings in bottoms of exterior doors to permit moisture to escape.
    - h. Core: Polystyrene.

### 3. Frames:

- a. Materials: Metallic-coated steel sheet, minimum thickness of 0.053 inch, with minimum A40 coating.
- b. Construction: Full profile welded.
- 4. Exposed Finish: Prime.

### 2.5 BORROWED LITES

- A. Interior Borrowed Lites: Fabricate of uncoated sheet steel steel sheet, minimum thickness of 0.042 inch, face welded construction.
- B. Exterior Borrowed Lites: Fabricate of metallic-coated steel sheet, minimum thickness of 0.053 inch., full profile welded construction.
- C. Fabricate in one piece except where handling and shipping limitations require multiple sections. Where frames are fabricated in sections due to shipping or handling limitations, provide alignment plates or angles at each joint, fabricated of metal of same or greater thickness as metal as frames.
- D. Provide countersunk, flat- or oval-head exposed screws and bolts for exposed fasteners unless otherwise indicated

### 2.6 FRAME ANCHORS

#### A. Jamb Anchors:

- 1. Type: Anchors of minimum size and type required by applicable door and frame standard, and suitable for performance level indicated.
- 2. Quantity: Minimum of three anchors per jamb, with one additional anchor for frames with no floor anchor. Provide one additional anchor for each 24 inches of frame height above 7 feet.
- 3. Postinstalled Expansion Anchor: Minimum 3/8-inch- diameter bolts with expansion shields or inserts, with manufacturer's standard pipe spacer.
- B. Floor Anchors: Provide floor anchors for each jamb and mullion that extends to floor.
- C. Material: ASTM A879/A879M, Commercial Steel (CS), 04Z coating designation; mill phosphatized.
  - 1. For anchors built into exterior walls, steel sheet complying with ASTM A1008/A1008M or ASTM A1011/A1011M; hot-dip galvanized in accordance with ASTM A153/A153M, Class B.

### 2.7 MATERIALS

- A. Cold-Rolled Steel Sheet: ASTM A1008/A1008M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B; suitable for exposed applications.
- B. Hot-Rolled Steel Sheet: ASTM A1011/A1011M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B; free of scale, pitting, or surface defects; pickled and oiled.
- C. Metallic-Coated Steel Sheet: ASTM A653/A653M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B.
- D. Inserts, Bolts, and Fasteners: Hot-dip galvanized in accordance with ASTM A153/A153M.
- E. Power-Actuated Fasteners in Concrete: Fastener system of type suitable for application indicated, fabricated from corrosion-resistant materials, with clips or other accessory devices for attaching hollow-metal frames of type indicated.
- F. Mineral-Fiber Insulation: ASTM C665, Type I (blankets without membrane facing); consisting of fibers manufactured from slag or rock wool; with maximum flame-spread and smoke-developed indexes of 25 and 50, respectively; passing ASTM E136 for combustion characteristics.
- G. Glazing: Comply with requirements in Division 08 Section "Glazing."

### 2.8 FABRICATION

A. Hollow-Metal Frames: Fabricate in one piece except where handling and shipping limitations require multiple sections. Where frames are fabricated in sections, provide

alignment plates or angles at each joint, fabricated of metal of same or greater thickness as frames.

- 1. Sidelite and Transom Bar Frames: Provide closed tubular members with no visible face seams or joints, fabricated from same material as door frame. Fasten members at crossings and to jambs by welding.
- 2. Provide countersunk, flat- or oval-head exposed screws and bolts for exposed fasteners unless otherwise indicated.
- 3. Door Silencers: Except on weather-stripped frames, drill stops to receive door silencers as follows. Keep holes clear during construction.
  - a. Single-Door Frames: Drill stop in strike jamb to receive three door silencers.
  - b. Double-Door Frames: Drill stop in head jamb to receive two door silencers.
- B. Hardware Preparation: Factory prepare hollow-metal doors and frames to receive templated mortised hardware, and electrical wiring; include cutouts, reinforcement, mortising, drilling, and tapping in accordance with ANSI/SDI A250.6, the Door Hardware Schedule, and templates.
  - 1. Reinforce doors and frames to receive nontemplated, mortised, and surface-mounted door hardware.
  - 2. Comply with BHMA A156.115 for preparing hollow-metal doors and frames for hardware.
- C. Glazed Lites: Provide stops and moldings around glazed lites where indicated. Form corners of stops and moldings with butted or mitered hairline joints.
  - 1. Provide stops and moldings flush with face of door, and with square stops unless otherwise indicated.
  - 2. Multiple Glazed Lites: Provide fixed and removable stops and moldings so that each glazed lite is capable of being removed independently.
  - 3. Provide fixed frame moldings on outside of exterior and on secure side of interior doors and frames. Provide loose stops and moldings on inside of hollow-metal doors and frames.
  - 4. Coordinate rabbet width between fixed and removable stops with glazing and installation types indicated.
  - 5. Provide stops for installation with countersunk flat- or oval-head machine screws spaced uniformly not more than 9 inches o.c. and not more than 2 inches o.c. from each corner.

## 2.9 STEEL FINISHES

- A. Prime Finish: Clean, pretreat, and apply manufacturer's standard primer.
  - 1. Shop Primer: Manufacturer's standard, fast-curing, lead- and chromate-free primer complying with ANSI/SDI A250.10; recommended by primer manufacturer for substrate; compatible with substrate and field-applied coatings despite prolonged exposure.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Remove welded-in shipping spreaders installed at factory. Restore exposed finish by grinding, filling, and dressing, as required to make repaired area smooth, flush, and invisible on exposed faces. Touch up factory-applied finishes where spreaders are removed.
- B. Drill and tap doors and frames to receive nontemplated, mortised, and surface-mounted door hardware.

## 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install hollow-metal doors and frames plumb, rigid, properly aligned, and securely fastened in place. Comply with approved Shop Drawings and with manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Hollow-Metal Frames: Comply with ANSI/SDI A250.11.
  - 1. Set frames accurately in position; plumbed, aligned, and braced securely until permanent anchors are set. After wall construction is complete, remove temporary braces without damage to completed Work.
    - a. Where frames are fabricated in sections, field splice at approved locations by welding face joint continuously; grind, fill, dress, and make splice smooth, flush, and invisible on exposed faces. Touch-up finishes.
    - b. Install frames with removable stops located on secure side of opening.
  - 2. Floor Anchors: Secure with postinstalled expansion anchors.
    - a. Floor anchors may be set with power-actuated fasteners instead of postinstalled expansion anchors if so indicated and approved on Shop Drawings.
  - 3. Metal-Stud Partitions: Solidly pack mineral-fiber insulation inside frames.
  - 4. Masonry Walls: Coordinate installation of frames to allow for solidly filling space between frames and masonry with grout. Do not pump grout.
  - 5. In-Place Concrete or Masonry Construction: Secure frames in place with postinstalled expansion anchors. Countersink anchors, and fill and make smooth, flush, and invisible on exposed faces.
  - 6. Installation Tolerances: Adjust hollow-metal frames to the following tolerances:
    - a. Squareness: Plus or minus 1/16 inch, measured at door rabbet on a line 90 degrees from jamb perpendicular to frame head.
    - b. Alignment: Plus or minus 1/16 inch, measured at jambs on a horizontal line parallel to plane of wall.
    - c. Twist: Plus or minus 1/16 inch, measured at opposite face corners of jambs on parallel lines, and perpendicular to plane of wall.
    - d. Plumbness: Plus or minus 1/16 inch, measured at jambs at floor.

- C. Hollow-Metal Doors: Fit and adjust hollow-metal doors accurately in frames, within clearances specified below.
  - 1. Non-Fire-Rated Steel Doors: Comply with ANSI/SDI A250.8.
- D. Glazing: Comply with installation requirements in Division 08 Section "Glazing" and with hollow-metal manufacturer's written instructions.

## 3.3 REPAIR

- A. Prime-Coat Touchup: Immediately after erection, sand smooth rusted or damaged areas of prime coat and apply touchup of compatible air-drying, rust-inhibitive primer.
- B. Metallic-Coated Surface Touchup: Clean abraded areas and repair with galvanizing repair paint according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- C. Remove grout and other bonding material from hollow metal work immediately after installation.

END OF SECTION 081113

### SECTION 081753 - INTEGRATED FRP DOOR OPENING ASSEMBLIES

### PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to work in this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

#### A. Section Includes:

- 1. FRP flush doors.
- 2. Aluminum framing systems.

## B. Related Requirements:

- 1. Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants" for joint sealants installed as part of door opening assemblies.
- 2. Division 08 Section "Glazing" for glass in door opening assemblies.

## 1.3 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

## 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each product specified. Include manufacturer's specifications for fabrication and installation. Provide data substantiating that products comply with requirements.
  - 1. Include details of core, stile and rail construction, trim for lites and all other components.
  - 2. Include details of finish hardware mounting.
- B. Shop Drawings: For door opening assemblies. Include details of each frame type, elevations of door design types, conditions at openings, details of construction, location and installation requirements of frame anchorage, door and frame hardware and reinforcements, and details of joints and connections. Show anchorage and accessory items.
  - 1. Provide a schedule of door opening assemblies using same reference numbers for details and openings as those on contract documents.

- C. Samples for Verification: Of each type of exposed finish required, in manufacturer' standard sizes. Where finishes involve normal color and texture variations, include Sample sets showing the full range of variations expected.
  - 1. Doors: Face sheets, core, edges, finish and accessories.
  - 2. Frames showing profile, corner joint, hinge reinforcement, dust-cover boxes, floor and wall anchors, stops, and silencers. Include panel and louver sections and glazing stops where applicable.

### 1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Test Reports: Based on evaluation of tests performed by manufacturer and witnessed by a qualified independent testing agency, indicate compliance of door opening assemblies with requirements based on comprehensive testing of current systems.
- B. Qualification Data: For Installer.
- C. Sample Warranties: For special warranties.

### 1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Tools and Instructions: Furnish a complete set of specialized tools and maintenance instructions as needed for Owner's continued adjustment, maintenance, and removal and replacement of door hardware.

### 1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: Engage an experienced installer who has completed installations of aluminum storefront and entrances similar in design and extent to those required for the project and whose work has resulted in construction with a record of successful in-service performance.
- B. Manufacturer Qualifications: Engage a firm experienced in manufacturing door opening assemblies similar to those indicated for this project and that have a record of successful in-service performance, as well as sufficient production capacity to produce required units without delaying the work.
- C. Product Options: Information on Drawings and in Specifications establishes requirements for aesthetic effects and performance characteristics of assemblies. Aesthetic effects are indicated by dimensions, arrangements, alignment, and profiles of components and assemblies as they relate to sightlines, to one another, and to adjoining construction.
  - 1. Do not change intended aesthetic effects, as judged solely by Architect, except with Architect's approval. If changes are proposed, submit comprehensive explanatory data to Architect for review.

# 1.8 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver door opening assemblies palleted, wrapped, or crated to provide protection during transit and job storage.
- B. Inspect door opening assemblies on delivery for damage. Minor damages may be repaired provided refinished items match new work and are acceptable to Architect; otherwise, remove and replace damaged items as directed.
- C. Store frames at the building site under cover. Place units on minimum 4-inch-high wood blocking. Avoid the use of nonvented plastic or canvas shelters that could create a humidity chamber. If wrappers on doors become wet, remove cartons immediately. Provide minimum 1/4-inch spaces between stacked doors to promote air circulation.

### 1.9 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Field Measurements: Verify dimensions by field measurements before fabrication and indicate measurements on Shop Drawings. Coordinate fabrication schedule with construction progress to avoid delaying the Work.
  - 1. Established Dimensions: Where field measurements cannot be made without delaying the Work, establish dimensions and proceed with fabricating systems without field measurements. Coordinate construction to ensure actual dimensions correspond to established dimensions.

### 1.10 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Submit a written warranty, executed by the manufacturer, agreeing to repair or replace door opening assemblies that fail in materials or workmanship with the specified warranty period. Failure includes, but are not necessarily limited to:
  - 1. Structural failures including excessive deflection, excessive leakage or air infiltration.
  - 2. Faulty operation.
  - 3. Deterioration of metals, metal finishes and other materials beyond normal weathering.
- B. Warranty Period: 10 years after the date of substantial completion.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Basis-of-Design Manufacturer: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by Special-Lite, Inc., or comparable products by the following:
  - 1. Kawneer, an Arconic company.

- 2. Vale Doors.
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain door opening assemblies from one source and from a single manufacturer.

### 2.2 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. General: Provide door opening assemblies that comply with performance characteristics specified, as demonstrated by testing manufacturer's corresponding stock systems according to test methods indicated.
- B. Thermal Movement: Design door opening assemblies to provide for expansion and contraction of the component materials. Entrance doors shall function normally over the specified temperature range.
  - 1. The system shall be capable of withstanding a metal surface temperature range of 180 deg F without buckling, failure of joint seals, undue stress on structural elements, damaging loads on fasteners, reduction of performance, stress on glass, or other detrimental effects.
- C. Design Requirements: Provide door opening assemblies that comply with structural performance, air infiltration, and water penetration requirements indicated.
  - 1. Wind Loads: Provide door opening assemblies capable of withstanding wind pressures of 20 psf inward and 20 psf outward acting normal to the plane of the wall.
- D. Structural Performance: Conduct tests for structural performance according to ASTM E330. At the conclusion of the tests there shall be no glass breakage or permanent damage to fasteners, anchors, hardware or actuating mechanism. Framing members shall have no permanent deformation in excess of 0.2 percent of their span.
  - 1. Deflection normal to the plane of the wall: test pressure required to measure deflection of framing members normal to the plane of the wall shall be equivalent to the wind load specified above. Deflection shall not exceed 1/175 of the clear span, when subjected to uniform load deflection test.
  - 2. Deflection parallel to the plane of the wall: Test pressures required to measure deflection parallel to the plane of the wall shall be equal to 1.5 times the wind pressures specified above. Deflection of any member carrying its full dead load shall not exceed an amount that will reduce glass bite below 75 percent of the design dimension and shall not reduce the edge clearance between the member and the fixed panel, glass or other fixed member above to less than 1/8 inch. The clearance between the member and an operable door or window shall be at least 1/16 inch.
- E. Air Infiltration: Provide door opening assemblies with an air infiltration rate of not more than 0.90 cfm per lin ft of perimeter crack when tested according to ASTM E283 at an inward test pressure differential of 6.24 lbf/sq ft.

- F. Water Penetration: Provide framing systems with no uncontrolled water penetration (excluding operable door edges) as defined in the test method when tested accord to ASTM E331 at an inward test pressure differential of 6.24 lbf/sq ft.
- G. Condensation Resistance: Where framing systems are "thermal-break" construction, provide units tested for thermal performance according to AAMA 1503 showing condensation resistance factor (CRF) of not less than 45.

### H. Thermal Transmittance:

- 1. Provide framing systems that have an overall U-value of not more than 0.65 btu/hr x sq ft x deg F at 15 mph exterior wind velocity when tested according to AAMA 1503.
- 2. Provide exterior doors that have an overall U-value of not more than 0.09 btu/hr x sq ft x deg F according to AAMA 1503.01.
- I. Flame Spread/smoke Developed: Provide door opening assemblies with the following ratings according to ASTM E84:
  - 1. Flame Spread: Exterior faces not greater than 145 (Class C); interior faces not greater than 10 (Class A).
  - 2. Smoke Developed: Exterior faces not greater than 345 (Class C); interior faces not greater than 320 (Class A).
- J. Additional Criteria: Provide door opening assemblies with the following performance:
  - 1. Pendulum Impact Resistance according to ASTM D256: Nominal value of 13.5.
  - 2. Water Absorption according to ASTM D570: Nominal value of 0.20 to 0.40 percent.
  - 3. Indentation Resistance according to ASTM D2583: Nominal value of 50.

# 2.3 FIBERGLASS REINFORCED POLYESTER (FRP) FLUSH DOORS

- A. Provide manufacturer's standard flush-design doors, 1-3/4 inches thick, of 6063-T5 aluminum alloy rails and stiles minimum 2-5/16-inch depth. Provide joinery of 3/8-inch diameter full width tie rods through extruded splines top and bottom as standard.
  - 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Special-Lite, Inc.; SL-17 Flush Doors with SpecLite3 fiberglass reinforced polyester (FRP) face sheets.
  - 2. Provide 0.125-inch tubular shaped rails and stiles reinforced to accept hardware as specified. Provide hex type aircraft nuts for joinery without welds, glues or other methods for securing internal door extrusions. Furnish integral reglets to accept the face sheet to permit a flush appearance. Rail caps or other face sheet capture methods are not acceptable.
- B. Extrude top and bottom rail legs for interlocking continuous rail rigidity weather bar. Lock face sheet material in place with extruded interlocking edges to be flush with aluminum rails and stiles.

- C. Door Face Sheeting: FRP, 0.120 inches thick, with an abuse-resistant engineered surface.
  - 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Special-Lite, Inc.; SpecLite3 FRP.
  - 2. Texture: Pebble.
  - 3. Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's standard colors.
- D. Core of Door Assembly: Minimum 5 lb/cu ft density poured-in-place polyurethane, free of CFC. Minimum R-value of 11. Meeting stiles on pairs of doors and bottom weatherbars shall be provided with nylon brush weatherstripping.
- E. Cutouts: Manufacture doors with cutouts for vision lites as scheduled. Factory furnish and install all glass, louvers and panels prior to shipment. Provide nonremovable stops on the exterior.
- F. Hardware: Premachine doors according to templates from the specified hardware manufacturers and approved hardware schedule. Factory install hardware.

### 2.4 ALUMINUM FRAMING SYSTEMS

### A. Tubular Framing:

- 1. Size and Type: As indicated on Drawings.
- 2. Materials: 0.125-inch minimum wall thickness and type 6063-T5 aluminum alloy. Applied Door Stops: 0.625-inch high with screws and weatherstripping. Frame Members: Box type with 4 enclosed sides.
- 3. Caulk joints before assembling frame members. Secure joints with fasteners and provide a hairline butt joint appearance. Provide frame sections without exposed seams. Prefit doors to frame assembly at factory prior to shipment.
- 4. Provide applied stops for side, transom and borrowed lites and panels, with fasteners exposed on interior or unsecured portion only. Premachine and reinforce frame members for hardware according to manufacturer's standards and the approved hardware schedule. Factory install hardware.
- 5. Anchors: Appropriate for wall conditions to anchor framing to wall materials. Provide a minimum of 5 anchors up to 7'-4" on jamb members, and 1 additional anchor for each foot over 7'-4". Secure head and sill members of transom, sidelites and similar conditions.
- 6. Side Lites: Factory-fabricate and preassemble frame components to greatest extent possible. Mark frame assemblies according to location.

## 2.5 HARDWARE

A. General: Refer to Division 08 Section "Door Hardware" for requirements for hardware items.

## 2.6 GLAZING

- A. Glazing Materials: Comply with requirements of Division 08 Section "Glazing".
- B. Glass and Glazing: Manufacturer's standard glazing system that produces weathertight seal.
  - 1. Glass: ASTM C1036, Type 1, q3, Category II safety glass complying with testing requirements in 16 CFR 1201.
  - 2. Safety Glazing Labeling: Permanently mark safety glazing with certification label of the SGCC or another certification agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction. Label shall indicate manufacturer's name, type of glass, thickness, and safety glazing standard with which glass complies.
  - 3. Tint: Match existing tint.
  - 4. Insulating-Glass Units: ASTM E2190.
    - a. Filling: Fill space between glass lites with argon.
    - b. Low-E Coating: Manufacturer's standard.

## 2.7 MATERIALS

- A. Aluminum Members: Alloy and temper as recommended by manufacturer for strength, corrosion resistance and application of required finish and control of color; ASTM B221 for extrusions, ASTM B209 for sheet/plate with aluminum wall thickness of 0.125 inch.
- B. Fasteners: Provide fasteners of aluminum, nonmagnetic stainless steel or other material warranted by the manufacturer to be noncorrosive and compatible with aluminum components, doors, frames, stops, panels, hardware, anchors and other components.
- C. Framing system gaskets, sealants, and joint fillers as recommended by manufacturer for joint type.
- D. Sealants and joint fillers for joints at perimeter of door opening assemblies as specified in Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants."
- E. Bituminous Paint: Cold-applied asphalt-mastic paint complying with SSPC-Paint 12 requirements, except containing no asbestos, formulated for 30-mil thickness per coat.

## 2.8 FABRICATION

- A. General: Fabricate door opening assemblies components to designs, sizes and thicknesses indicated and to comply with indicated standards. Sizes and profile requirements are indicated on the drawings.
  - 1. Thermal-break Construction: Fabricate aluminum framing system with an integrally concealed, low conductance thermal barrier, located between exterior materials and exposed interior members to eliminate direct metal-to-metal

contact. Use manufacturer's standard construction that has been in use for similar projects for period of not less than 3 years.

- B. Prefabrication: Complete fabrication, assembly, finishing, hardware application, and other work to the greatest extent possible before shipment to the project site. Disassemble components only as necessary for shipment and installation.
  - 1. Perform fabrication operations, including cutting, fitting, forming, drilling and grinding of metal work to prevent damage to exposed finish surfaces. Complete these operations for hardware prior to application of finish.
  - 2. Do not drill and tap for surface-mounted hardware items until time of installation at project site.
  - 3. Factory-Glazed Fabrication: Glaze aluminum doors in the factory where practical for applications indicated. Comply with requirements in Division 08 Section "Glazing" and with AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440.
- C. Welding: Welding of doors and frames is not acceptable.
- D. Reinforcing: Install reinforcing as required for hardware and as necessary for performance requirements, sag resistance and rigidity.
- E. Dissimilar Metals: Separate dissimilar metals with bituminous paint, or a suitable sealant, or a nonabsorptive plastic or elastomeric tape, or a gasket between the surfaces. Do not use coatings containing lead.
- F. Continuity: Maintain accurate relation of planes and angles, with hairline fit of contacting members.
  - 1. Uniformity of Metal Finish: Abutting extruded aluminum members shall not have an integral color or texture variation greater than half the range indicated in the sample pair submittal.
- G. Fasteners: Conceal fasteners wherever possible.

## 2.9 FINISHES

- A. General: comply with NAAMM "Metal Finishes Manual" for recommendations relative to application and designations of finishes.
- B. Finish designations prefixed by "AA" conform to the system established by the Aluminum Association for designating aluminum finishes.
- C. Class I, Color Anodic Finish: AA-M12C22A42/A44 (Mechanical Finish: nonspecular as fabricated; Chemical Finish: etched, medium matte; Anodic Coating: Architectural Class I, integrally colored or electrolytically deposited color coating 0.018 mm or thicker) complying with AAMA 606.1 or AAMA 608.1.
  - 1. Color: Dark bronze to match existing.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates and supports, with the installer present, for compliance with requirements indicated, installation tolerances, and other conditions that affect installation of door opening assemblies. Correct unsatisfactory conditions before proceeding with the installation.
  - 1. Do not proceed with installation until unsatisfactory conditions are corrected.

## 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's instructions and recommendations for installation.
- B. Separate aluminum and other corrodible metal surfaces from sources of corrosion of electrolytic action at point of contact with other materials.
  - 1. Zinc or cadmium plate steel anchors and other unexposed fasteners after fabrication.
  - 2. Paint dissimilar metals where drainage from them passes over aluminum.
  - 3. Paint aluminum surfaces in contact with mortar, concrete or other masonry with alkali resistant coating.
  - 4. Paint wood and similar absorptive materials in contact with aluminum and exposed to the elements or otherwise subject to wetting, with two coats of aluminum house paint. Seal joints between the materials with sealant.
- C. Install components to drain water passing joints and condensation and moisture occurring or migrating within the system to the exterior.
- D. Set sill members and other members in bed of sealant and backseal, or with joint fillers or gaskets as indicated to provide weathertight construction. Comply with requirements of Division 07 for sealants, fillers, and gaskets.
- E. Install door opening assemblies plumb, level, and true to line, without warp or rack of framing members, doors, or panels. Install components in proper alignment and relation to established lines and grades indicated. Provide proper support and anchor securely in place.
- F. Erection Tolerances: Install aluminum entrance and storefront to comply with the following tolerances:
  - 1. Variation from Plane: Do not exceed 1/8 inch in 12 feet of length or 1/4 inch in any total length.
  - 2. Offset from Alignment: The maximum offset from true alignment between two identical members abutting end to end in line shall not exceed 1/16-inch.

- 3. Diagonal Measurement: The maximum difference in diagonal measurements shall not exceed 1/8-inch.
- 4. Offset at Corners: The maximum out-of-plane offset of framing at corners shall not exceed 1/32-inch.
- G. Drill and tap frames and doors and apply surface-mounted hardware items. Comply with hardware manufacturer's instructions and template requirements. Use concealed fasteners wherever possible.
- H. Refer to Division 08 Section "Glazing" for installation of glass and other panels shown to be glazed into doors and framing, and not preglazed by manufacturer.
- I. Install perimeter sealant to comply with requirements of Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants," unless otherwise indicated.

## 3.3 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust doors and hardware to provide tight fit at contact points and weather stripping, smooth operation, and weathertight closure.
- B. Remove excess sealant and glazing compounds, and dirt from surfaces.

## 3.4 CLEANING

- A. Clean completed system, inside and out, promptly after installation, exercising care to avoid damage to coatings.
- B. Clean glass surfaces after installation, complying with requirements of Division 08 Section "Glazing" for cleaning and maintenance. Remove excess glazing and sealant compounds, dirt, and other substances from aluminum surfaces.

### 3.5 PROTECTION

A. Provide final protection and maintain conditions, in a manner acceptable to manufacturer and Installer, that ensure door opening assemblies are without damage or deterioration at the time of Substantial Completion.

# END OF SECTION 081743

### SECTION 083323 - OVERHEAD COILING DOORS

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes insulated service doors.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Division 05 Section "Metal Fabrications" for miscellaneous steel supports.
  - 2. Division 26 Sections for electrical service and connections for powered operators and accessories.

## 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type and size of overhead coiling door and accessory. Include the following:
  - 1. Construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components, profiles for slats, and finishes.
  - 2. Rated capacities, operating characteristics, electrical characteristics, and furnished accessories.
- B. Shop Drawings: For each installation and for special components not dimensioned or detailed in manufacturer's product data. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
  - 1. Detail equipment assemblies and indicate dimensions, weights, loads, required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection.
  - 2. Wiring Diagrams: For power, signal, and control wiring.
- C. Samples for Initial Selection: Manufacturer's finish charts showing full range of colors and textures available for units with factory-applied finishes.
  - 1. Include similar Samples of accessories involving color selection.

- D. Samples for Verification: For each type of exposed finish required, prepared on Samples of size indicated below.
  - 1. Curtain Slats: 12-inch length.
  - 2. Bottom Bar: 6-inch length.
  - 3. Guides: 6-inch length.
  - 4. Brackets: 6 inches square.
  - 5. Hood: 6 inches square.

### 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For qualified Installer.
- B. Product Test Reports: Based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed by a qualified testing agency, indicating compliance with requirements.

## 1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: For overhead coiling doors to include in maintenance manuals.

### 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: Manufacturer's authorized representative who is trained and approved for both installation and maintenance of units required for this Project.
- B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- C. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with applicable provisions in the U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board's ADA-ABA Accessibility Guidelines, ICC A117.1, and the Illinois Accessibility Code.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. Cookson, a CornellCookson company.
  - 2. Cornell, a CornellCookson company.
  - 3. McKeon Coiling Steel Door Company, Inc.
  - 4. Overhead Door Corporation.
  - 5. Ravnor.
  - 6. Wayne-Dalton Corp.
  - 7. Windsor Door.

- B. Source Limitations: Obtain overhead coiling doors through one source from a single manufacturer.
  - 1. Obtain operators and controls from the overhead coiling door manufacturer.

## 2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Structural Performance, Exterior Doors: Exterior overhead coiling doors shall withstand the wind loads, the effects of gravity loads, and loads and stresses within limits and under conditions indicated according to SEI/ASCE 7.
  - 1. Wind Loads: As indicated on Drawings.
  - 2. Deflection Limits: Design overhead coiling doors to withstand design wind load without evidencing permanent deformation or disengagement of door components.
- B. Operation Cycles: Provide overhead coiling door components and operators capable of operating for not less than number of cycles indicated for each door. One operation cycle is complete when a door is opened from the closed position to the fully open position and returned to the closed position.

## 2.3 DOOR ASSEMBLIES

- A. Insulated Service Door: Overhead coiling door formed with curtain of interlocking metal slats.
  - 1. Operation Cycles: Not less than 20,000.
  - 2. Air Infiltration: Maximum rate of 1.0 cfm/sq ft at 15 and 25 mph when tested according to ASTM E283.
  - 3. Curtain R-Value: Manufacturer's standard, but not less than 4.75 deg F x h x sq ft/Btu.
  - 4. Door Curtain Material: Galvanized steel.
  - 5. Door Curtain Slats: Flat profile slats of 2-5/8-inch center-to-center height.
  - 6. Curtain Jamb Guides: Galvanized steel with exposed finish matching curtain slats.
  - 7. Hood: Match curtain material and finish.
    - a. Shape: Round.
    - b. Mounting: As indicated on Drawings.
  - 8. Electric Door Operator:
    - a. Usage Classification: Standard duty, up to 60 cycles per hour.
    - b. Operator Location: Wall.
    - c. Motor Exposure: Interior.
    - d. Emergency Manual Operation: Chain type.
    - e. Obstruction-Detection Device: Automatic wireless, electric sensor edge on bottom bar; self-monitoring type.

- 1) Sensor Edge Bulb Color: Black.
- f. Control Station: Interior.
- g. Exterior keyswitch operation.

NOTE: AT EXISTING OVERHEAD DOOR 06 AT FIELD ELEMENTARY SCHOOL, PROVIDE OH DOOR WITH PUSH-UP OPERATION IN LIEU OF MOTORIZED.

### 9. Door Finish:

a. Baked-Enamel or Powder-Coated Finish: Color as selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

### 2.4 DOOR CURTAIN MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION

- A. Door Curtains: Fabricate overhead coiling-door curtain of interlocking metal slats, designed to withstand wind loading indicated, in a continuous length for width of door without splices. Unless otherwise indicated, provide slats of thickness and mechanical properties recommended by door manufacturer for performance, size, and type of door indicated, and as follows:
  - Steel Door Curtain Slats: Zinc-coated (galvanized), cold-rolled structural steel sheet; complying with ASTM A653, with G90 zinc coating; nominal sheet thickness (coated) as follows, but not less than thickness required to meet requirements:
    - a. Door width up to 15'-4" wide: 0.028 inch (24 gauge).
    - b. Door width up to 18'-4" wide: 0.034 inch (22 gauge).
    - c. Door width up to 25'-4" wide: 0.040 inch (20 gauge).
    - d. Door width up to 30'-4" wide: 0.052 inch (18 gauge).
  - 2. Insulation: Fill slats for insulated doors with manufacturer's standard thermal insulation complying with maximum flame-spread and smoke-developed indexes of 75 and 450, respectively, according to ASTM E84. Enclose insulation completely within slat faces.
  - 3. Metal Interior Curtain-Slat Facing: Match metal of exterior curtain-slat face.
- B. Endlocks and Windlocks for Service Doors: Malleable-iron casings galvanized after fabrication, secured to curtain slats with galvanized rivets or high-strength nylon. Provide locks on not less than alternate curtain slats for curtain alignment and resistance against lateral movement.
- C. Bottom Bar for Service Doors: Consisting of two angles, each not less than 1-1/2 by 1-1/2 by 1/8 inch thick; fabricated from manufacturer's standard hot-dip galvanized steel to match curtain slats and finish.
- D. Curtain Jamb Guides: Manufacturer's standard angles or channels and angles of same material and finish as curtain slats unless otherwise indicated, with sufficient depth and strength to retain curtain, to allow curtain to operate smoothly, and to withstand

loading. Slot bolt holes for guide adjustment. Provide removable stops on guides to prevent overtravel of curtain, and a continuous bar for holding windlocks.

## 2.5 HOODS

- A. General: Form sheet metal hood to entirely enclose coiled curtain and operating mechanism at opening head. Contour to fit end brackets to which hood is attached. Roll and reinforce top and bottom edges for stiffness. Form closed ends for surface-mounted hoods and fascia for any portion of between-jamb mounting that projects beyond wall face. Equip hood with intermediate support brackets as required to prevent sagging.
  - 1. Galvanized Steel: Nominal 0.028-inch thick, hot-dip galvanized steel sheet with G90 zinc coating, complying with ASTM A 653.

## 2.6 CURTAIN ACCESSORIES

- A. Weatherseals: Equip each exterior door with weather-stripping gaskets fitted to entire perimeter of door for a weathertight installation, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. At door head, use 1/8-inch- thick, replaceable, continuous sheet secured to inside of hood.
  - 2. At door jambs, use replaceable, adjustable, continuous, flexible, 1/8-inch- thick seals of flexible vinyl, rubber, or neoprene.

# 2.7 COUNTERBALANCING MECHANISM

- A. General: Counterbalance doors by means of manufacturer's standard mechanism with an adjustable-tension, steel helical torsion spring mounted around a steel shaft and contained in a spring barrel connected to top of curtain with barrel rings. Use grease-sealed bearings or self-lubricating graphite bearings for rotating members.
- B. Counterbalance Barrel: Fabricate spring barrel of manufacturer's standard hot-formed, structural-quality, welded or seamless carbon-steel pipe, of sufficient diameter and wall thickness to support rolled-up curtain without distortion of slats and to limit barrel deflection to not more than 0.03 inch/ft of span under full load.
- C. Spring Balance: One or more oil-tempered, heat-treated steel helical torsion springs. Size springs to counterbalance weight of curtain, with uniform adjustment accessible from outside barrel. Secure ends of springs to barrel and shaft with cast-steel barrel plugs.
- D. Torsion Rod for Counterbalance Shaft: Fabricate of manufacturer's standard cold-rolled steel, sized to hold fixed spring ends and carry torsional load.
- E. Brackets: Manufacturer's standard mounting brackets of either cast iron or cold-rolled steel plate.

## 2.8 ELECTRIC DOOR OPERATORS

- A. General: Electric door operator assembly of size and capacity recommended and provided by door manufacturer for door and operation-cycles requirement specified, with electric motor and factory-prewired motor controls, starter, gear-reduction unit, solenoid-operated brake, clutch, remote-control stations, control devices, integral gearing for locking door, and accessories required for proper operation.
  - 1. Comply with NFPA 70.
  - 2. Provide control equipment complying with NEMA ICS 1, NEMA ICS 2, and NEMA ICS 6, with NFPA 70 Class 2 control circuit, maximum 24 V, ac or dc.
- B. Usage Classification: Electric operator and components capable of operating for not less than number of cycles per hour indicated for each door.
- C. Door Operator Location(s): Operator location indicated for each door.
  - 1. Provide wall-, hood-, or bracket-mounted, jackshaft, gear-head hoist-type door operator unit consisting of electric motor, enclosed worm-gear running-in-oil primary drive, chain and sprocket secondary drive, and auxiliary chain-hoist and floor level disconnect.
- D. Electric Motors: Comply with NEMA designation, temperature rating, service factor, enclosure type, and efficiency requirements specified in Division 26 Sections unless otherwise indicated
  - 1. Electrical Characteristics:
    - a. Type: Polyphase, medium-induction type.
    - b. Service Factor: According to NEMA MG 1, unless otherwise indicated.
    - c. Coordinate wiring requirements and electric characteristics of motors with building electrical system.
    - d. Provide open dripproof-type motor, and controller with NEMA ICS 6, Type 1 enclosure.
  - 2. Motor Type and Controller: Reversible motor and controller (disconnect switch) for motor exposure indicated.
  - 3. Motor Size: Minimum size as indicated. If not indicated, large enough to start, accelerate, and operate door in either direction from any position, at a speed not less than 8 in./sec. and not more than 12 in./sec., without exceeding nameplate ratings or service factor.
  - 4. Operating Controls, Controllers (Disconnect Switches), Wiring Devices, and Wiring: Manufacturer's standard unless otherwise indicated.
  - 5. Coordinate wiring requirements and electrical characteristics of motors and other electrical devices with building electrical system and each location where installed.
- E. Limit Switches: Equip each motorized door with adjustable switches interlocked with motor controls and set to automatically stop door at fully opened and fully closed positions.

- F. Obstruction Device: Equip motorized door with indicated external automatic safety sensor capable of protecting full width of door opening. For non-fire-rated doors, activation of device immediately stops and reverses downward door travel.
  - 1. Sensor Edge: Automatic safety sensor edge, located within astragal or weather stripping mounted to bottom bar. Contact with sensor activates device. Connect to control circuit using manufacturer's standard radio-controlled obstruction safety edge.
    - a. Wireless Self-Monitoring Type: Device designed to eliminate need for traveling-electric cord connection between bottom bar sensing edge and motor operator, and designed to interface with grille operator control circuit to detect damage to or disconnection of sensor edge.
- G. Remote-Control Station: Sustained-contact, spring key station labeled "Open" and "Close."
  - 1. Interior units, full-guarded, surface-mounted, heavy-duty type, with general-purpose NEMA ICS 6, Type 1 enclosure.
- H. Emergency Operation Disconnect Device: Equip operator with hand-operated disconnect mechanism for automatically engaging manual operator and releasing brake for emergency manual operation while disconnecting motor without affecting timing of limit switch. Mount mechanism so it is accessible from floor level. Include interlock device to automatically prevent motor from operating when emergency operator is engaged.
- I. Motor Removal: Design operator so motor may be removed without disturbing limitswitch adjustment and without affecting emergency manual operation.
- J. Exterior Keyswitch:
  - 1. Exterior-Mounted Unit: Full-guarded, surface-mounted, standard-duty, weatherproof type, NEMA ICS 6, Type 4 enclosure.
  - 2. Mortise cylinder specified in Division 08 Section "Door Hardware." Cylinders keyed to building keying system.

### 2.9 GENERAL FINISH REQUIREMENTS

A. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.

B. Appearance of Finished Work: Noticeable variations in same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of adjoining components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.

#### 2.10 STEEL AND GALVANIZED-STEEL FINISHES

A. Baked-Enamel or Powder-Coat Finish: Manufacturer's standard baked-on finish consisting of prime coat and thermosetting topcoat. Comply with coating manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning, pretreatment, application, and minimum dry film thickness.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates areas and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for substrate construction and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Examine locations of electrical connections.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install overhead coiling doors and operating equipment complete with necessary hardware, anchors, inserts, hangers, and equipment supports; according to manufacturer's written instructions and as specified.
- B. Install overhead coiling doors, hoods, and operators at the mounting locations indicated for each door.
- C. Accessibility: Install overhead coiling doors, switches, and controls along accessible routes in compliance with regulatory requirements for accessibility.
- D. Power-Operated Doors: Install according to UL 325.

### 3.3 STARTUP SERVICE

- A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to perform startup service.
  - 1. Perform installation and startup checks according to manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 2. Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.

## 3.4 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust hardware and moving parts to function smoothly so that doors operate easily, free of warp, twist, or distortion.
- B. Lubricate bearings and sliding parts as recommended by manufacturer.
- C. Adjust seals to provide weathertight fit around entire perimeter.

## 3.5 DEMONSTRATION

A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain overhead coiling doors.

END OF SECTION 083323

### SECTION 084213 - ALUMINUM-FRAMED ENTRANCES

## PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section includes aluminum-framed entrance door systems.

### 1.3 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

### 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

#### A. Product Data:

- 1. Aluminum-framed entrance door systems.
- B. Product Data Submittals: For each product.
  - 1. Construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes.
  - 2. Operating characteristics, electrical characteristics, and furnished accessories.

# C. Shop Drawings:

- 1. Plans, elevations, sections, full-size details, and attachments to other work.
- 2. Details of provisions for assembly expansion and contraction and for draining moisture occurring within the assembly to the exterior.
- 3. Full-size isometric details of each type of vertical-to-horizontal intersection of aluminum-framed entrance door systems, showing the following:
  - a. Joinery, including concealed welds.
  - b. Anchorage.
  - c. Expansion provisions.
  - d. Glazing.
  - e. Flashing and drainage.
- 4. Connection to and continuity with adjacent thermal, weather, air, and vapor barriers.

- D. Point-to-point wiring diagrams showing the following:
  - 1. Aluminum-framed entrance door systems.
- E. Product Data Submittals: For each product.
  - 1. Construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes.
  - 2. Operating characteristics, electrical characteristics, and furnished accessories.

## F. Shop Drawings:

- 1. Plans, elevations, sections, full-size details, and attachments to other work.
- 2. Details of provisions for assembly expansion and contraction and for draining moisture occurring within the assembly to the exterior.
- 3. Full-size isometric details of each type of vertical-to-horizontal intersection of aluminum-framed entrance door systems, showing the following:
  - a. Joinery, including concealed welds.
  - b. Anchorage.
  - c. Expansion provisions.
  - d. Glazing.
  - e. Flashing and drainage.
- 4. Connection to and continuity with adjacent thermal, weather, air, and vapor barriers.
- 5. Point-to-point wiring diagrams showing the following:
  - a. Power requirements for each electrically operated door hardware.
  - b. Location and types of switches, signal device, conduit sizes, and number and size of wires.
- G. Samples for Verification: For each type of exposed finish required, in manufacturer's standard sizes.
- H. Fabrication Sample: Of each vertical-to-horizontal intersection of assemblies, made from 12-inch lengths of full-size components and showing details of the following:
  - 1. Joinery, including concealed welds.
  - 2. Anchorage.
  - 3. Expansion provisions.
  - 4. Glazing.
  - Flashing and drainage.
- I. Entrance Door Hardware Schedule: Prepared by or under supervision of supplier, detailing fabrication and assembly of entrance door hardware, as well as procedures and diagrams. Coordinate final entrance door hardware schedule with doors, frames, and related work to ensure proper size, thickness, hand, function, and finish of entrance door hardware.

## J. Sustainable Design Submittals

 Laboratory Test Reports: For adhesives and sealants used inside the weatherproofing system], indicating compliance with requirements for lowemitting materials.

## 1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For qualified Installer.
- B. Product Test Reports: For aluminum-framed entrance door systems, for tests performed by a qualified testing agency.
- C. Sample Warranties: For aluminum-framed entrance door systems.

#### 1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For aluminum-framed entrance door systems.

### 1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: Authorized representative who is trained and approved by manufacturer.
- B. Engineering Responsibility: Prepare data for aluminum-framed entrances, including Shop Drawings, based on testing and engineering analysis of manufacturer's standard units in systems similar to those indicated for this Project.
- C. Product Options: Information on Drawings and in Specifications establishes requirements for aesthetic effects and performance characteristics of assemblies. Aesthetic effects are indicated by dimensions, arrangements, alignment, and profiles of components and assemblies as they relate to sightlines, to one another, and to adjoining construction.
  - 1. Do not change intended aesthetic effects, as judged solely by Architect, except with Architect's approval. If changes are proposed, submit comprehensive explanatory data to Architect for review.

### 1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Field Measurements: Verify actual locations of structural supports for aluminum-framed entrances by field measurements before fabrication and indicate measurements on Shop Drawings.

## 1.9 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of aluminumframed entrance door systems that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Structural failures including, but not limited to, excessive deflection.
    - b. Noise or vibration caused by thermal movements.
    - c. Water leakage through fixed glazing and framing areas.
    - d. Failure of operating components.
    - e. Deterioration of metals and other materials beyond normal use.
  - 2. Warranty Period: Two years from date of Substantial Completion.
- B. Special Finish Warranty, Anodized Finishes: Standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair finishes or replace aluminum that shows evidence of deterioration of anodized finishes within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Deterioration includes, but is not limited to, the following:
    - a. Color fading more than 5 Delta E units when tested in accordance with ASTM D 2244.
    - b. Chalking in excess of a No. 8 rating when tested in accordance with ASTM D 4214.
    - c. Cracking, peeling, or chipping.
  - 2. Warranty Period: Five years from date of Substantial Completion.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 SOURCE LIMITATIONS

A. Obtain all components of aluminum-framed entrance door systems, including framing and accessories, from single manufacturer.

## 2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. General Performance: Comply with performance requirements specified, as determined by testing of aluminum-framed entrance door systems representing those indicated for this Project without failure due to defective manufacture, fabrication, installation, or other defects in construction.
- B. Structural Loads:
  - 1. Wind Loads: As indicated on Drawings.
  - 2. Other Design Loads: As indicated on Drawings.

- C. Structural: Test in accordance with ASTM E330/E330M as follows:
  - 1. When tested at 150 percent of positive and negative wind-load design pressures, entrance doors, including anchorage, do not evidence material failures, structural distress, or permanent deformation of main framing members exceeding 0.2 percent of span.
  - 2. Test Durations: As required by design wind velocity, but not less than 10 seconds.
- D. Water Penetration under Static Pressure: Test in accordance with ASTM E331 as follows:
  - 1. No evidence of water penetration through fixed glazing and framing areas of entrance doors when tested according to a minimum static-air-pressure differential of 20 percent of positive wind-load design pressure, but not less than 6.24 lbf/sq ft.
- E. Energy Performance: Certified and labeled by manufacturer for energy performance as follows:
  - 1. Thermal Transmittance (U-factor):
    - a. Fixed Glazing and Framing Areas: U-factor for the system of not more than 0.38 Btu/sq ft x h x deg F as determined according to NFRC 100.
    - b. Entrance Doors: U-factor of not more than 0.77 Btu/sq ft x h x deg F as determined according to NFRC 100.
  - 2. Solar Heat-Gain Coefficient (SHGC):
    - a. Fixed Glazing and Framing Areas: SHGC for the system of not more than 0.38 as determined according to NFRC 200.
    - b. Entrance Doors: SHGC of not more than 0.38 as determined according to NFRC 200.
  - 3. Air Leakage:
    - a. Fixed Glazing and Framing Areas: Air leakage for the system of not more than 0.06 cfm/sq. ft. at a static-air-pressure differential of 6.24 lbf/sq. ft. when tested in accordance with ASTM E283.
    - b. Entrance Doors: Air leakage of not more than 1.0 cfm/sq. ft. at a static-air-pressure differential of 1.57 lbf/sq. ft..
  - 4. Condensation Resistance Factor (CRF):
    - a. Fixed Glazing and Framing Areas: CRF for the system of not less than 53 as determined according to AAMA 1503.
    - b. Entrance Doors: CRF of not less than 53 as determined according to AAMA 1503.

- F. Thermal Movements: Allow for thermal movements resulting from ambient and surface temperature changes.
  - 1. Temperature Change: 120 deg F, ambient; 180 deg F, material surfaces.
- G. Accessibility Requirements: For door hardware on doors in an accessible route, comply with the DOJ's "2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design," ICC A117.1, and the Illinois Accessibility Code.

### 2.3 ALUMINUM-FRAMED ENTRANCE DOOR SYSTEMS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. CMI Architectural Products, Inc.
  - 2. EFCO Corporation.
  - 3. Kawneer Company, Inc.; Arconic Corporation.
  - 4. OldCastle BuildingEnvelope (OBE).
  - 5. Pittco Architectural Metals, Inc.
  - 6. Special-Lite, Inc.
  - 7. Trulite Glass & Aluminum Solutions, LLC.
  - 8. Tubelite Inc.
  - 9. U.S. Aluminum; C.R. Laurence Co., Inc.; CRH Americas, Inc.
  - 10. YKK AP America Inc.
- B. Entrance Doors: Manufacturer's standard glazed entrance doors for manual-swing operation.
  - 1. Door Construction: 1-3/4-inch overall thickness, with minimum 0.125-inch- thick, extruded-aluminum tubular rail and stile members. Mechanically fasten corners with reinforcing brackets that are deeply penetrated and fillet welded or that incorporate concealed tie rods.
  - 2. Door Design: Wide stile; 5-inch nominal width.
    - a. Accessible Doors: Smooth surfaced for width of door in area within 10 inches above floor or ground plane.
  - 3. Glazing Stops and Gaskets: Beveled or square, snap-on, extruded-aluminum stops and preformed gaskets.
    - a. Provide nonremovable glazing stops on outside of door.
  - 4. Door Finish: Color anodic finish.
- C. Framing Members: Manufacturer's standard extruded aluminum, minimum 0.125 inch thick and reinforced as required to support imposed loads.
  - 1. Construction:
    - a. Exterior Doors: Thermal.

- b. Interior Doors: Nonthermal.
- D. Backer Plates: Manufacturer's standard, continuous backer plates for framing members, if not integral, where framing abuts adjacent construction.
- E. Brackets and Reinforcements: Manufacturer's standard high-strength aluminum with nonstaining, nonferrous shims for aligning system components.

### F. Materials:

- 1. Aluminum: Alloy and temper recommended by manufacturer for type of use and finish indicated.
  - a. Sheet and Plate: ASTM B209.
  - b. Extruded Bars, Rods, Profiles, and Tubes: ASTM B221.
  - c. Extruded Structural Pipe and Tubes: ASTM B429.
  - d. Structural Profiles: ASTM B308/B308M.

## 2.4 ENTRANCE DOOR HARDWARE

A. Entrance Door Hardware: As specified in Division 08 Section "Door Hardware."

## 2.5 GLAZING

- A. Glazing: As specified in Division 08 Section "Glazing."
- B. Glazing Gaskets: Manufacturer's standard compression types; replaceable, molded or extruded, of profile and hardness required to maintain watertight seal.
- C. Spacers and Setting Blocks: Manufacturer's standard elastomeric type.
- D. Glazing Sealants: As recommended by manufacturer.
  - Sealants used inside the weatherproofing system shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers."

### 2.6 ACCESSORIES

- A. Fasteners and Accessories: Manufacturer's standard corrosion-resistant, nonstaining, nonbleeding fasteners and accessories compatible with adjacent materials.
  - 1. Use self-locking devices where fasteners are subject to loosening or turning out from thermal and structural movements, wind loads, or vibration.
  - 2. Reinforce members as required to receive fastener threads.

- B. Anchors: Three-way adjustable anchors with minimum adjustment of 1 inch that accommodate fabrication and installation tolerances in material and finish compatible with adjoining materials and recommended by manufacturer.
  - 1. Concrete and Masonry Inserts: Hot-dip galvanized cast-iron, malleable-iron, or steel inserts, complying with ASTM A123 or ASTM A153.
- C. Concealed Flashing: Manufacturer's standard corrosion-resistant, nonstaining, nonbleeding flashing compatible with adjacent materials.
- D. Bituminous Paint: Cold-applied asphalt-mastic paint containing no asbestos, formulated for 30-mil thickness per coat.

### 2.7 FABRICATION

- A. Form or extrude aluminum shapes before finishing.
- B. Weld in concealed locations to greatest extent possible to minimize distortion or discoloration of finish. Remove weld spatter and welding oxides from exposed surfaces by descaling or grinding.
- C. Fabricate components that, when assembled, have the following characteristics:
  - 1. Profiles that are sharp, straight, and free of defects or deformations.
  - 2. Accurately fitted joints with ends coped or mitered.
  - 3. Physical and thermal isolation of glazing from framing members.
  - 4. Accommodations for thermal and mechanical movements of glazing and framing to maintain required glazing edge clearances.
  - 5. Fasteners, anchors, and connection devices that are concealed from view to greatest extent possible.
- D. Entrance Door Frames: Reinforce as required to support loads imposed by door operation and for installing entrance door hardware.
  - 1. At interior and exterior doors, provide compression weather stripping at fixed stops.
- E. Entrance Doors: Reinforce doors as required for installing entrance door hardware.
  - 1. At pairs of exterior doors, provide sliding-type weather stripping retained in adjustable strip and mortised into door edge.
  - 2. At exterior doors, provide weather sweeps applied to door bottoms.
- F. Entrance Door Hardware Installation: Factory install entrance door hardware to the greatest extent possible. Cut, drill, and tap for factory-installed entrance door hardware before applying finishes.
- G. After fabrication, clearly mark components to identify their locations in Project in accordance with Shop Drawings.

## 2.8 ALUMINUM FINISHES

#### A. Color Anodic Finish:

- 1. Exterior Doors: AAMA 611, AA-M12C22A42/A44, Class I, 0.018 mm or thicker.
- 2. Interior Doors: AA-M12C22A32/A34, Class II, 0.010 mm or thicker.
- 3. Color: Dark bronze to match existing.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

# 3.2 INSTALLATION OF ALUMINUM-FRAMED ENTRANCE DOOR SYSTEMS

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Do not install damaged components.
- C. Fit joints to produce hairline joints free of burrs and distortion.
- D. Rigidly secure nonmovement joints.
- E. Install anchors with separators and isolators to prevent metal corrosion and electrolytic deterioration and to prevent impeding movement of moving joints.
- F. Seal perimeter and other joints watertight unless otherwise indicated.

### G. Metal Protection:

- 1. Where aluminum is in contact with dissimilar metals, protect against galvanic action by painting contact surfaces with materials recommended by manufacturer for this purpose or installing nonconductive spacers.
- 2. Where aluminum is in contact with concrete or masonry, protect against corrosion by painting contact surfaces with bituminous paint.
- H. Set continuous sill members and flashing in full sealant bed as specified in Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants" to produce weathertight installation.
- I. Install joint filler behind sealant as recommended by sealant manufacturer.
- J. Install components plumb and true in alignment with established lines and grades.

- K. Install entrance doors to produce smooth operation and tight fit at contact points.
  - 1. Exterior Doors: Install to produce weathertight enclosure and tight fit at weather stripping.
  - 2. Field-Installed Entrance Door Hardware: Install surface-mounted entrance door hardware according to entrance door hardware manufacturers' written instructions using concealed fasteners to greatest extent possible.
- L. Install glazing as specified in Division 08 Section "Glazing."
- M. Install perimeter joint sealants as specified in Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants" to produce weathertight installation.

### 3.3 ERECTION TOLERANCES

- A. Install aluminum-framed entrances to comply with the following maximum erection tolerances:
  - 1. Location and Plane: Limit variation from true location and plane to 1/8 inch in 12 feet; 1/4 inch over total length.
  - 2. Alignment:
    - a. Where surfaces abut in line, limit offset from true alignment to 1/16 inch.
    - b. Where surfaces meet at corners, limit offset from true alignment to 1/32 inch.
- B. Diagonal Measurements: Limit difference between diagonal measurements to 1/8 inch.

### 3.4 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust operating entrance door hardware to function smoothly as recommended by manufacturer.
  - 1. For entrance doors accessible to people with disabilities, adjust closers to provide a 3-second closer sweep period for doors to move from a 70-degree open position to 3 inches from the latch, measured to the leading door edge.

END OF SECTION 084213

## SECTION 087110 DOOR HARDWARE

### **PART 1 GENERAL**

#### 1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Hardware for aluminum and hollow metal doors.
- B. Electrically operated and controlled hardware.
- C. Lock cylinders for doors with balance of hardware specified in other sections.
- D. Thresholds.
- E. Weatherstripping and gasketing.

## 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 081113 Hollow Metal Doors and Frames.
- B. Section 084313 Aluminum-Framed Storefronts: Door hardware, except as noted in section.
- C. Section 281000 Access Control: Electronic access control devices.

### 1.03 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ADA Standards 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design 2010.
- B. BHMA A156.1 Standard for Butts and Hinges 2021.
- C. BHMA A156.3 Exit Devices 2020.
- D. BHMA A156.4 Door Controls Closers 2019.
- E. BHMA A156.5 Cylinders and Input Devices for Locks 2020.
- F. BHMA A156.6 Standard for Architectural Door Trim 2021.
- G. BHMA A156.7 Template Hinge Dimensions 2016.
- H. BHMA A156.16 Auxiliary Hardware 2018.
- I. BHMA A156.18 Materials and Finishes 2020.
- J. BHMA A156.21 Thresholds 2019.
- K. BHMA A156.22 Standard for Gasketing 2021.
- L. BHMA A156.26 Standard for Continuous Hinges 2021.
- M. BHMA A156.28 Standard for Recommended Practices for Mechanical Keying Systems 2018.
- N. BHMA A156.115 Hardware Preparation in Steel Doors and Steel Frames 2016.
- O. BHMA A156.115W Hardware Preparation in Wood Doors with Wood or Steel Frames 2006.
- P. DHI (H&S) Sequence and Format for the Hardware Schedule 2019.
- Q. DHI (KSN) Keying Systems and Nomenclature 2019.
- R. DHI (LOCS) Recommended Locations for Architectural Hardware for Standard Steel Doors and Frames 2004.
- S. DHI WDHS.3 Recommended Locations for Architectural Hardware for Flush Wood Doors 1993; also, in WDHS-1/WDHS-5 Series, 1996.
- T. ICC (IBC) International Building Code Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.
- U. ICC A117.1 Accessible and Usable Buildings and Facilities 2017.
- V. NFPA 70 National Electrical Code Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.
- W. NFPA 80 Standard for Fire Doors and Other Opening Protectives 2022.

- X. NFPA 101 Life Safety Code Most Recent Edition Adopted by Authority Having Jurisdiction, Including All Applicable Amendments and Supplements.
- Y. NFPA 105 Standard for Smoke Door Assemblies and Other Opening Protectives 2022.
- Z. UL (DIR) Online Certifications Directory Current Edition.
- AA. UL 10C Standard for Positive Pressure Fire Tests of Door Assemblies Current Edition, Including All Revisions.
- BB. UL 1034 Standard for Safety Burglary-Resistant Electrical Locking Mechanisms Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

#### 1.04 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

- Coordinate the manufacture, fabrication, and installation of products that door hardware is installed on.
- B. Sequence installation to ensure facility services connections are achieved in an orderly and expeditious manner.
- C. Preinstallation Meeting: Convene a preinstallation meeting one week prior to commencing work of this section; require attendance by affected installers and the following:
  - Architect.
  - 2. Installer's Architectural Hardware Consultant (AHC).
  - 3. Hardware Installer.
  - 4. Owner's Security Consultant.
- D. Furnish templates for door and frame preparation to manufacturers and fabricators of products requiring internal reinforcement for door hardware.
- E. Keying Requirements Meeting:
  - 1. Schedule meeting at project site prior to Contractor occupancy.
  - 2. Attendance Required:
    - a. Contractor.
    - b. Installer's Architectural Hardware Consultant (AHC).
    - c. Door Hardware Installer.
    - d. Owner's Security Consultant.
  - 3. Agenda:
    - a. Establish keying requirements.
    - b. Verify locksets and locking hardware are functionally correct for project requirements.
    - c. Verify that keying and programming complies with project requirements.
    - d. Establish keying submittal schedule and update requirements.
  - 4. Incorporate "Keying Requirements Meeting" decisions into keying submittal upon review of door hardware keying system including, but not limited to, the following:
    - Access control requirements.
  - 5. Record minutes and distribute copies within two days after meeting to participants, with two copies to Architect, Owner, participants, and those affected by decisions made.
  - 6. Deliver established keying requirements to manufacturers.

### 1.05 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Manufacturer's catalog literature for each type of hardware, marked to clearly show products to be furnished for this project, and includes construction details, material descriptions, finishes, and dimensions and profiles of individual components.
- C. Shop Drawings Door Hardware Schedule: A detailed listing that includes each item of hardware to be installed on each door.
  - 1. Prepared by or under supervision of Architectural Hardware Consultant (AHC).
  - 2. Comply with DHI (H&S) using door numbering scheme and hardware set numbers as indicated in Contract Documents.

- a. Submit in vertical format.
- 3. List groups and suffixes in proper sequence.
- 4. Include complete description for each door listed.
- 5. Include manufacturer's and product names, and catalog numbers; include functions, types, styles, sizes and finishes of each item.
- 6. Include account of abbreviations and symbols used in schedule.

### D. Samples for Verification:

- 1. Submit minimum size of 2 by 4 inch (51 by 102 mm) for sheet samples, and minimum length of 4 inch (102 mm) for other products.
- 2. Include product description with samples.
- E. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Indicate special procedures and perimeter conditions requiring special attention.
- F. Manufacturer's qualification statement.
- G. Installer's qualification statement.
- H. Supplier's qualification statement.
- I. Maintenance Data: Include data on operating hardware, lubrication requirements, and inspection procedures related to preventative maintenance.
- J. Keying Schedule:
  - 1. Submit three (3) copies of Keying Schedule in compliance with requirements established during Keying Requirements Meeting unless otherwise indicated.
- K. Warranty: Submit manufacturer's warranty and ensure that forms have been completed in Owner's name and registered with manufacturer.
- Project Record Documents: Record actual locations of concealed equipment, services, and conduit.
- M. Maintenance Materials and Tools: Furnish the following for Owner's use in maintenance of project.
  - 1. See Section 016000 Product Requirements, for additional provisions.

### 1.06 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing products specified in this section with minimum three years of documented experience.
- B. Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in performing work of the type specified for commercial door hardware with at least three years of documented experience.
- C. Supplier Qualifications: Company with certified Architectural Hardware Consultant (AHC) to assist in work of this section.

### 1.07 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

 Package hardware items individually; label and identify each package with door opening code to match door hardware schedule.

### 1.08 WARRANTY

- A. See Section 017800 Closeout Submittals for additional warranty requirements.
- B. Manufacturer Warranty: Provide manufacturer warranty against defects in material and workmanship for period indicated, from Date of Substantial Completion. Complete forms in Owner's name and register with manufacturer.
  - 1. Closers: Five years, minimum.
  - 2. Exit Devices: Three years, minimum.
  - 3. Locksets and Cylinders: Three years, minimum.

#### **PART 2 PRODUCTS**

### 2.01 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Provide specified door hardware as required to make doors fully functional, compliant with applicable codes, and secure to extent indicated.
- B. Provide individual items of single type, of same model, and by same manufacturer.
- C. Closers:
  - 1. Provide door closer on each exterior door, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 2. Provide door closer on each fire-rated and smoke-rated door.
  - 3. Spring hinges are not an acceptable self-closing device, unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Weatherstripping and Gasketing:
  - 1. Provide weatherstripping on each exterior door at head, jambs, and meeting stiles of door pairs, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 2. Provide door bottom sweep on each exterior door, unless otherwise indicated.
- E. Electrically Operated and/or Controlled Hardware: Provide necessary power supplies, power transfer hinges, relays, and interfaces as required for proper operation; provide wiring between hardware and control components and to building power connection in compliance with NFPA 70.
- F. See Section 281000 for additional access control system requirements.
- G. Fasteners:
  - 1. Provide fasteners of proper type, size, quantity, and finish that comply with commercially recognized standards for proposed applications.
    - a. Aluminum fasteners are not permitted.
    - b. Provide Phillips flat-head screws with heads finished to match door surface hardware unless otherwise indicated.
  - 2. Provide machine screws for attachment to reinforced hollow metal and aluminum frames.
    - a. Self-drilling (Tek) type screws are not permitted.
  - 3. Provide stainless steel machine screws and lead expansion shields for concrete and masonry substrates.
  - 4. Provide wall grip inserts for hollow wall construction.
  - 5. Fire-Resistance-Rated Applications: Comply with NFPA 80.
    - a. Provide wood or machine screws for hinges mortised to doors or frames, strike plates to frames, and closers to doors and frames.
    - b. Provide steel through bolts for attachment of surface mounted closers, hinges, or exit devices to door panels unless proper door blocking is provided.

### 2.02 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Provide door hardware products that comply with the following requirements:
  - 1. Applicable provisions of federal, state, and local codes.
    - a. ICC (IBC).
    - b. NFPA 101.
  - 2. Accessibility: ADA Standards and ICC A117.1.
  - 3. Hardware Preparation for Steel Doors and Steel Frames: BHMA A156.115.
  - Hardware Preparation for Wood Doors with Wood or Steel Frames: BHMA A156.115W.
  - 5. Products Requiring Electrical Connection: Listed and classified by UL (DIR) as suitable for the purpose specified.

#### **2.03 HINGES**

- A. Manufacturers: Conventional butt hinges.
  - 1. BEST; dormakaba Group: www.bestaccess.com/#sle.
  - 2. IVES Hardware; an Allegion PLC company.
  - 3. Hager Companies
  - 4. McKinney Manufacturing Company; Div. of ESSEX Industries, Inc.

### B. Properties:

- 1. Butt Hinges: As applicable to each item specified.
  - a. Standard Weight Hinges: Minimum of two (2) permanently lubricated non-detachable bearings.
  - b. Template screw hole locations.
  - c. Bearing assembly installed after plating.
  - d. Bearings: Exposed fully hardened bearings.
  - e. Bearing Shells: Shapes consistent with barrels.
  - f. Pins: Easily seated, non-rising pins.
    - Fully plate hinge pins.
    - 2) Non-Removable Pins: Slotted stainless-steel screws.
  - g. UL 10C listed for fire-resistance-rated doors.
- 2. Continuous Hinges: As applicable to each item specified.
  - a. Geared Continuous Hinges: As applicable to each item specified.
    - 1) Non-handed.
    - 2) Anti-spinning through-fastener.
    - 3) UL 10C listed for fire-resistance-rated doors.
      - (a) Metal Door Installation: Rated up to 90 minutes.
      - (b) Wood Door Installation: Rated up to 60 minutes.
    - 4) Sufficient size to permit door to swing 180 degrees.
- C. Sizes: See Door Hardware Schedule.
  - 1. Hinge Widths: As required to clear surrounding trim.
  - 2. Sufficient size to allow 180 degree swing of door.
- D. Finishes: See Door Hardware Schedule.
  - 1. Fully polish hinges; front, back, and barrel.

#### E. Grades:

- 1. Butt Hinges: Comply with BHMA A156.1 and BHMA A156.7 for templated hinges.
- 2. Comply with BHMA A156.18 Materials and Finishes.
- 3. Continuous Hinges: Comply with BHMA A156.26, Grade 1.
- F. Material: Base metal as indicated for each item by BHMA material and finish designation.
- G. Types:
  - 1. Butt Hinges: Include full mortise hinges.
  - 2. Continuous Hinges: Include geared hinges.

### H. Quantities:

- 1. Butt Hinges: Three (3) hinges per leaves up to 90 inches (2286 mm) in height. Add one (1) for each additional 30 inches (762 mm) in height or fraction thereof.
  - a. Hinge weight and size unless otherwise indicated in hardware sets:
    - 1) For doors up to 36 inches (914 mm) wide and up to 1-3/4 inches (44.5 mm) thick provide hinges with a minimum thickness of 0.134 inch (3.4 mm) and a minimum of 4-1/2 inches (114 mm) in height.
    - 2) For doors from 36 inches (914 mm) wide up to 42 inches (1067 mm) wide and up to 1-3/4 inches (44.5 mm) thick provide hinges with a minimum thickness of 0.145 inch (3.7 mm) and a minimum of 4-1/2 inches (114 mm) in height.
    - 3) For doors from 42 inches (1067 mm) wide up to 48 inches (1219 mm) wide and up to 1-3/4 inches (44.5 mm) thick provide hinges with a minimum thickness of 0.180 inch (4.6 mm) and a minimum of 5 inches (127 mm) in height.
    - 4) For doors greater than 1-3/4 inches (44.5 mm) thick provide hinges with a minimum thickness of 0.180 inch (4.6 mm) and a minimum of 5 inches (127 mm) in height.
- Continuous Hinges: One per door leaf.
- Applications: At swinging doors.

- 1. Provide non-removable pins at out-swinging doors with locking hardware and all exterior doors.
- J. Products:
  - 1. Butt Hinges:
    - a. Ball Bearing, Five (5) Knuckle.
    - Continuous Hinges:
      - a. Aluminum geared hinges.

#### 2.04 EXIT DEVICES

- A. Manufacturers:
  - BEST, dormakaba Group: www.bestaccess.com/#sle.
  - 2. Von Duprin; an Allegion PLC company.
  - 3. Yale Security Inc.; an ASSA ABLOY Group company
  - 4. Corbin Russwin Architectural Hardware; an ASSA ABLOY Group company

#### B. Properties:

- 1. Actuation: Full-length touchpad.
- 2. Touchpads: 'T" style metal touchpads and rail assemblies with matching chassis covers end caps.
- 3. Latch Bolts: Stainless steel deadlocking with 3/4 inch (19 mm) projection using latch bolt.
- 4. Lever Design: Match project standard lockset trims.
- 5. Cylinder: Include where cylinder dogging or locking trim is indicated.
- 6. Strike as recommended by manufacturer for application indicated.
- 7. Sound dampening on touch bar.
- Dogging:
  - a. Non-Fire-Resistance-Rated Devices: Cylinder 1/4 inch (6 mm) hex key dogging.
  - b. Fire-Resistance-Rated Devices: Manual dogging not permitted.
- 9. Touch bar assembly on wide style exit devices to have a 1/4 inch (6.3 mm) clearance to allow for vision frames.
- 10. All exposed exit device components to be of architectural metals and "true" architectural finishes.
- 11. Handing: Field-reversible.
- 12. Fasteners on Back Side of Device Channel: Concealed exposed fasteners not allowed.
- 13. Vertical Latch Assemblies' Operation: Gravity, without use of springs.
- C. Grades: Complying with BHMA A156.3, Grade 1.
  - Provide exit devices tested and certified by UL or by a recognized independent laboratory for mechanical operational testing to 10 million cycles minimum with inspection confirming Grade 1 Loaded Forces have been maintained.
- D. Products:
  - 1. 2000.

# 2.05 REMOVABLE MULLIONS

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. BEST, dormakaba Group: www.bestaccess.com/#sle.
  - 2. Von Duprin; an Allegion PLC company.
- B. Properties:
  - 1. Rectangular shape 3 inches (76 mm) by 2 inches (51 mm) tubes with minimum 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) wall thickness.
  - 2. Furnished by the same manufacturer as exit devices.
  - 3. Pre-drilled holes for installation of exit device strikes.
  - Spacers: Provide as required for proper installation, based on frame profile and dimensions.
- C. Grades: Complying with BHMA A156.3.

- D. Materials: Manufacturer's standard for items specified.
  - 1. Top and Bottom Brackets: Investment-cast steel.
- E. Options:
  - 1. Furnish Keyed Removable "KR" feature and corresponding cylinders as specified.
    - a. Mullions capable of being installed without physical key present.
    - b. Physical key required to operate.
- F. Applications: As indicated on drawings and in Door Hardware Schedule.
- G. Products:
  - 1. 822 Series.

# 2.06 ELECTRIC STRIKES

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. RCI; dormakaba Group: www.dormakaba.com/us-en/#sle.
  - 2. HES; an ASSA ABLOY Group company.
  - 3. Von Duprin; an Allegion PLC company.
- B. Properties:
  - 1. Provide UL (DIR) listed burglary-resistant devices.
  - 2. Provide UL 1034 compliant devices.
  - 3. Provide UL 10C compliant devices.
  - 4. Non-handed devices suitable for door frame material and scheduled lock configuration.
  - 5. Include transformer and rectifier as necessary for complete installation.
  - 6. Holding Force: 1,500 lbs. (680.4 kg).
  - 7. Accommodating latch projections of 1/2 inch (13 mm) or 5/8 inch (16 mm).
- C. Options: As applicable to each item specified.
  - 1. Voltage: 24 VDC.
- D. Installation: Connect electric strikes into fire alarm where non-rated doors are scheduled to release with fire or sprinkler alarm condition.
- E. Products:
  - 1. 0 Series (0161, 0162, F0162, 0163).
  - 2. 2 Series (F2164, 2366).

#### 2.07 LOCK CYLINDERS

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. BEST, dormakaba Group: www.bestaccess.com/#sle.
  - 2. Substitutions: Not permitted.
- B. Properties:
  - Lock Cylinders: Provide key access on outside of each lock, unless otherwise indicated.
    - a. Provide cylinders from same manufacturer as locking device.
    - b. Provide cams and/or tailpieces as required for locking devices.
    - c. Provide cylinders with appropriate format interchangeable cores where indicated.
- C. Grades:
  - 1. Standard Security Cylinders: Comply with BHMA A156.5.
- D. Material:
  - 1. Manufacturer's standard corrosion-resistant brass alloy.
- E. Types: As applicable to each item specified.
  - 1. Standard security small format interchangeable core (SFIC) type cylinders, with seven-pin, 1C 7-pin cores.
- F. Applications: At locations indicated in hardware sets.
- G. Products:
  - 1. Rim/mortise.

#### 2.08 MORTISE LOCKS

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. BEST, dormakaba Group: www.bestaccess.com/#sle.
  - 2. SARGENT Manufacturing Company; an ASSA ABLOY Group company.
  - 3. Schlage Commercial Lock Division; an Allegion PLC company.
  - 4. Yale Security Inc.; an ASSA ABLOY Group company.

#### B. Properties:

- Mechanical Locks: Manufacturer's standard.
  - a. Fitting modified ANSI A115.1 door preparation.
  - Door Thickness Coordination Fitting 1-3/4 inch (44 mm) to 2-1/4 inch (57 mm) thick doors.
  - c. Latch: Solid, one-piece, anti-friction, self-lubricating stainless steel.
    - 1) Latch bolt Throw: 3/4 inch (19 mm), minimum.
  - d. Auxiliary Deadlatch: One-piece stainless steel, permanently lubricated.
  - e. Backset: 2-3/4 inch (70 mm).
  - f. Cylinders:
  - g. Lever Trim:
    - 1) Functionality: Allow the lever handle to move up to 45 degrees from horizontal position prior to engaging the latch bolt assembly.
    - 2) Strength: Locksets outside locked lever designed to withstand minimum 1,400 inch-lbs (158.2 Nm) of torque. In excess of that, a replaceable part will shear. Key from outside and/or inside lever will still operate lockset.
    - 3) Spindle: Designed to prevent forced entry from attacking of lever.
    - 4) Independent spring mechanism for each lever.
      - (a) Trim to be self-aligning and thru-bolted.
    - 5) Handles: Made of forged or cast brass, bronze, or stainless-steel construction. Levers that contain a hollow cavity are not acceptable.
    - 6) Levers to operate a roller bearing spindle hub mechanism.
- C. Finishes: See Door Hardware Schedule.
  - 1. Core Faces: Match finish of lockset.
- D. Grades:
- E. Options:
  - Provide locksets made in a manufacturing facility to compliant with ISO 9001-Quality Management and ISO 14001-Environmental Management.
- F. Products: Mortise locks, including standard types.
  - 1. 40H.

# 2.09 DOOR PULLS AND PUSH PLATES

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Trimco: www.trimcohardware.com/#sle.
  - 2. Rockwood.
  - 3. Ives.
- B. Properties:
  - Pull Type: Offset, unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Grades: Comply with BHMA A156.6.
- D. Material: Stainless steel, unless otherwise indicated.

#### 2.10 CLOSERS

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. BEST, dormakaba Group www.bestaccess.com/#sle.
  - 2. dormakaba; dormakaba Group: www.dormakaba.com/us-en/#sle.

- 3. Corbin Russwin Architectural Hardware; an ASSA ABLOY Group company.
- 4. LCN Closers; an Allegion PLC Company.
- 5. Rixson Specialty Door Controls; an ASSA ABLOY Group company.
- 6. Yale Security Inc., an ASSA ABLOY Company.

#### B. Properties:

- 1. Surface Mounted Closers: Manufacturer's standard.
  - a. Construction: Single piece casted cast iron..
  - b. Hydraulic Fluid: All-weather type.
  - c. Arm Assembly: Standard for product specified.
    - 1) Include hold-open, integral stop, or spring-loaded stop feature, as specified in Door Hardware Schedule.
    - 2) Parallel arm to be a heavy-duty rigid arm.
    - 3) Where "IS" or "S-IS" arms are specified in hardware sets, if manufacturer does not offer this arm provide a regular arm mount closer in conjunction with a heavy-duty overhead stop equal to a dormakaba 900 Series.

#### d. Covers:

- 1) Type: Standard for product selected.
- 2) Material: Plastic.
- 3) Finish: Painted.

#### C. Grades:

- 1. Closers: Comply with BHMA A156.4, Grade 1.
  - a. Underwriters Laboratories Compliance:
    - 1) Product Listing: UL (DIR) and ULC for use on fire-resistance-rated doors.
      - (a) UL 228 Door Closers-Holders, With or Without Integral Smoke Detectors.

# D. Types:

1. Rack-and-pinion, surface-mounted. 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) minimum bore.

# E. Options:

- 1. Delayed action, adjustable with an independent valve.
- 2. Advanced backcheck.

#### F. Installation:

- 1. Mounting: Includes surface mounted installations.
- Mount closers on non-public side of door and stair side of stair doors unless otherwise noted in hardware sets.
- 3. At out swinging exterior doors, mount closer on interior side of door.
- 4. Provide adapter plates, shim spacers, and blade stop spacers as required by frame and door conditions.
- 5. Where an overlapping astragal is included on pairs of swinging doors, provide coordinator to ensure door leaves close in proper order.

#### G. Products:

- 1. Surface Mounted:
  - a. EDH9000

# 2.11 PROTECTION PLATES

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Rockwood.
  - 2. Ives.
  - 3. Hager.

#### B. Properties:

- 1. Plates:
  - a. Kick Plates: Provide along bottom edge of push side of every wood door with closer, except aluminum storefront and glass entry doors, unless otherwise indicated.

- 1) Size: 16 inches (406 mm) high by 2 inch (51 mm) less door width (LDW) on push side of door.
- b. Edges: Beveled, on four (4) unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Grades: Comply with BHMA A156.6.
- D. Material: As indicated for each item by BHMA material and finish designation.
  - Metal Properties: Stainless steel.
    - a. Metal, Standard Duty: Thickness 0.050 inch (1.27 mm), minimum.
- E. Installation:
  - Fasteners: Countersunk screw fasteners

#### 2.12 STOPS AND HOLDERS

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Trimco: www.trimcohardware.com/#sle.
  - Rockwood.
  - 3. Ives.
- B. General: Provide overhead stop/holder when wall or floor stop is not feasible.
- C. Grades:
  - 1. Wall Bumpers: Comply with BHMA A156.16 and Resilient Material Retention Test as described in this standard.
- D. Material: Base metal as indicated for each item by BHMA material and finish designation.
- E. Types:
  - 1. Wall Bumpers: Bumper, concave, wall stop.
- F. Installation:
  - Non-Masonry Walls: Confirm adequate wall reinforcement has been installed to allow lasting installation of wall bumpers.
- G. Products:
  - 1. Wall Bumpers.

# 2.13 THRESHOLDS

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. National Guard Products, Inc: www.ngpinc.com/#sle.
  - 2. Pemko.
  - 3. Zero.
- B. Properties:
  - 1. Threshold Surface: Fluted horizontal grooves across full width.
- C. Grades: Thresholds: Comply with BHMA A156.21.
- D. Material: Base metal as indicated for each item by BHMA material and finish designation.
  - 1. Threshold Assemblies: Aluminum.
- E. Types: As applicable to project conditions. Provide barrier-free type at every location where specified.
  - 1. Saddle Thresholds: Without thermal break.

#### 2.14 WEATHERSTRIPPING AND GASKETING

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. National Guard Products, Inc: www.ngpinc.com/#sle.
  - 2. Pemko.
  - 3. Zero.
- B. Properties:
  - 1. Adhesive-Backed Perimeter Gasketing: Silicone gasket material applied to frame with self- adhesive.

- 2. Rigid, Housed, Perimeter Gasketing: Nylon brush gasket material held in place by aluminum housing; fastened to frame stop with screws.
- 3. Door Sweeps: Neoprene gasket material held in place by flat aluminum housing or flange; surface mounted to face of door with screws.
- C. Grades: Comply with BHMA A156.22.
- D. Products:
  - 1. Weatherstripping: See Door Hardware Schedule.
  - Door Bottom Seals:
    - a. Door Sweeps: See Door Hardware Schedule.

#### 2.15 ELECTRIFIED HARDWARE

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. BEST, dormakaba Group: www.bestaccess.com/#sle.
  - 2. RCI; dormakaba Group: www.dormakaba.com/us-en/#sle.
- B. Properties:
  - 1. Door Position Switches: Recessed devices with magnetic contacts.
    - a. Power Requirement: 50mA Max, 100 VDC.
    - b. SPDT configuration.
  - 2. Power Supply Units: Manufacturer's standard.
    - a. Enclosures: Lockable NEMA Type 1, with hinged cover and knockouts.
    - b. Power: 24 VAC, 10 Amp; field selectable.
    - c. Emergency Release Terminals: Designed to release devices upon activation of fire alarm system.
    - d. Auxiliary contacts for remote signaling.
    - e. User-selectable time delay from 0 to 4 minutes.
    - f. Fire Alarm System Interface: Standard.
      - 1) Fire alarm terminal with green LED indicating power is available.
    - g. Output Distribution Board with indicator LEDs.
    - h. On/Off LED power indicator.
- C. Products:
  - Door Position Switches:
    - a. 9540 Recessed Magnetic Contact/Door Position Switch.
  - 2. Power Supplies:
    - a. RPSMLR2.

#### 2.16 KEYS AND CORES

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. BEST, dormakaba Group: www.bestaccess.com/#sle.
  - 2. Substitutions: Not permitted.
- B. Properties: Complying with guidelines of BHMA A156.28.
  - 1. Provide small format interchangeable core.
  - 2. Provide Patented CORMAX keys and cores.
  - 3. Provide keying information in compliance with DHI (KSN) standards.
  - 4. Keying Schedule: Arrange for a keying meeting, with Architect, Owner and hardware supplier, and other involved parties to ensure locksets and locking hardware, are functionally correct and keying complies with project requirements.
  - 5. Keying: Master keyed.
  - 6. Include construction keying and control keying with removable core cylinders.
  - 7. Supply keys in following quantities:
    - a. Construction Master Keys: 6 each.
    - b. Construction Keys: 15 each.
    - c. Construction Control Keys: 2 each.

- d. Control Keys if New System: 2 each.
- e. Change Keys: 2 each for each keyed core.
- 8. Provide key collection envelopes, receipt cards, and index cards in quantity suitable to manage number of keys.
- 9. Deliver keys with identifying tags to Owner by security shipment direct from manufacturer.
- 10. Permanent Keys and Cores: Stamped with applicable key marking for identification. Do not include actual key cuts within visual key control marks or codes. Stamp permanent keys "Do Not Duplicate."
- 11. Include installation of permanent cores and return construction cores to hardware supplier. Construction cores and keys to remain property of hardware supplier.

#### C. Products:

- 1. Patented:
  - a. CORMAX.

#### 2.17 FINISHES

A. Finishes: Identified in Hardware Sets.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that doors and frames are ready to receive this work; labeled, fire-rated doors and frames are properly installed, and dimensions are as indicated on shop drawings.
- B. Correct all defects prior to proceeding with installation.
- C. Verify that electric power is available to power operated devices and of correct characteristics.

#### 3.02 INSTALLATION

- A. Install hardware in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and applicable codes.
- B. Install hardware using the manufacturer's fasteners provided. Drill and tap all screw holes located in metallic materials. Do not use "Riv-Nuts" or similar products.
- Install hardware on fire-rated doors and frames in accordance with applicable codes and NFPA 80.
- D. Install hardware for smoke and draft control doors in accordance with NFPA 105.
- E. Use templates provided by hardware item manufacturer.
- F. Do not install surface mounted items until application of finishes to substrate are fully completed.
- G. Wash down masonry walls and complete painting or staining of doors and frames.
- H. Complete finish flooring prior to installation of thresholds.
- Door Hardware Mounting Heights: Distance from finished floor to center line of hardware item. As indicated in following list; unless noted otherwise in Door Hardware Schedule or on drawings.
  - 1. For Steel Doors and Frames: Install in compliance with DHI (LOCS) recommendations.
  - 2. For Steel Doors and Frames: See Section 081113.
  - 3. For Aluminum-Framed Storefront Doors and Frames: See Section 084313.
  - 4. For Wood Doors: Install in compliance with DHI WDHS.3 recommendations.
  - 5. Mounting heights in compliance with ADA Standards:
    - a. Locksets: 40-5/16 inch (1024 mm).
    - b. Push Plates/Pull Bars: 42 inch (1067 mm).
    - c. Deadlocks (Deadbolts): 48 inch (1219 mm).
    - d. Exit Devices: 40-5/16 inch (1024 mm).
    - e. Door Viewer: 43 inch (1092 mm); standard height 60 inch (1524 mm).

- J. Set exterior door thresholds with full-width bead of elastomeric sealant at each point of contact with floor providing a continuous weather seal; anchor thresholds with stainless steel countersunk screws.
- K. Include in installation for existing doors and frames any necessary field modification and field preparation of doors and frames for new hardware. Provide necessary fillers, reinforcements, and fasteners for mounting new hardware and to cover existing door and frame preparations.

#### 3.03 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform field inspection and testing under provisions of Section 014000 Quality Requirements.
- B. Provide an Architectural Hardware Consultant (AHC) to inspect installation and certify that hardware and installation has been furnished and installed in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and as specified.

# 3.04 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust work under provisions of Section 017000 Execution and Closeout Requirements.
- B. Adjust hardware for smooth operation.
- C. Adjust gasketing for complete, continuous seal; replace if unable to make complete seal.

#### 3.05 CLEANING

- A. Clean finished hardware in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions after final adjustments have been made.
- B. Clean adjacent surfaces soiled by hardware installation activities.
- C. Replace items that cannot be cleaned to manufacturer's level of finish quality at no additional cost.

#### 3.06 PROTECTION

- A. Protect finished Work under provisions of Section 017000 Execution and Closeout Requirements.
- B. Do not permit adjacent work to damage hardware or finish.

#### 3.07 HARDWARE SETS

### Manufacturer List

Code	name
BE	Best Access Systems
BY	By Related Section
DM	Dorma Door Controls
NA	National Guard
PE	Pemko
PR	<b>BEST Precision Exit Devices</b>
RC	RCI
ST	BEST Hinges and Sliding
TR	Trimco

Nama

#### **Option List**

Code	Description
COUC	Description

CSK COUNTER SINKING OF KICK and MOP PLATES

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# Finish List

Code	Description
32D	Satin Stainless Steel
626	Satin Chromium Plated
630	Satin Stainless Steel
689	Aluminum Painted
AL	Aluminum

# Hardware Sets

# Set #AL-1

Doors: C09, C16, C17,FR09, R01, R02, R08, W04,

2	Continuous Hinge	661HD UL	AL	ST
1	Removable Mullion	KR822	689	PR
1	Exit Device - Exit Only	2101	630	PR
1	Exit Device - Storeroom	2103	630	PR
2	Rim Cylinder	12E-72 PATD	626	BE
2	Electric Strike	0162	32D	RC
2	Door Pull	1191-3	630	TR
2	Closer	EHD9016 SDS90 DA AVB	689	BE
2	Kick Plate	K0050 - 8" x 2" LDW CSK	630	TR
1	Card Reader	BY OTHERS		BY
2	Door Position Switch	MC7		DM
1	Power Supply	RPSMLR2		PR
1	Set Seals	602 A (Head & Jambs)		NA
2	Sweep	130 NA		NA
1	Mullion Seal	5100N		NA
1	Saddle Threshold	427 E (VERIFY IN FIELD)	AL	NA
	NOTE: CONSULT WITH	OWNER TO DETERMINE WHICH DOOR RECEIVE	S THE KE	YED
CYLIN	IDER			

OPERATIONAL DESCRIPTION: DOOR NORMALLY CLOSED AND LOCKED. VALID CREDENTIAL POWERS ENTRY THROUGH DOOR FROM EXTERIOR. DOOR REMAINS LOCKED UPON LOSS OF POWER. INSIDE PUSH PAD ALWAYS FREE FOR EGRESS.

# Set #AL-2

Doors: L12, R13

4	0 6	00411D 111	A.1	O.T.
1	Continuous Hinge	661HD UL	AL	ST
1	Exit Device - Storeroom	2103	630	PR
1	Rim Cylinder	12E-72 PATD	626	BE
1	Door Pull	1191-3	630	TR
1	Closer	EHD9016 SDS90 DA AVB	689	BE
1	Kick Plate	K0050 - 8" x 2" LDW CSK	630	TR
1	Card Reader	BY OTHERS		BY
1	Door Position Switch	MC7		DM
1	Power Supply	RPSMLR2		PR
1	Weatherstrip	45061 DNB (Head & Jambs)		PE
1	Set Seals	602 A (Head & Jambs)		NA
1	Sweep	130 NA		NA
1	Saddle Threshold	427 E (VERIFY IN FIELD)	AL	NA
	NOTE: OPERATIONAL [	DESCRIPTION: DOOR NORMALLY CLOSED AND L	OCKED.	VALID
CREDENTIAL POWERS ENTRY THROUGH DOOR FROM EXTERIOR. DOOR REMAINS LOCKED				

UPON LOSS OF POWER. INSIDE PUSH PAD ALWAYS FREE FOR EGRESS.

#### Set #AL-3 - Alternate Bid

Doors: FR08

2	Continuous Hinge	661HD UL	AL	ST
2	Push Plate	1001-3	630	TR
2	Pull Plate	1014-3	630	TR
2	Closer	EHD9016 SPA90 DA AVB	689	BE
2	Kick Plate	K0050 - 8" x 2" LDW CSK	630	TR
2	Wall Bumper	1270CV	626	TR
1	Card Reader	BY OTHERS		BY
1	Saddle Threshold	427 E (VERIFY IN FIELD)	AL	NA

#### Set #01

Doors: L07, FR05

2	Continuous Hinge	662HD UL	AL	ST
1	Removable Mullion	KR822	689	PR
1		2101	630	PR
!	Exit Device - Exit Only			
1	Exit Device - Storeroom	2103	630	PR
2	Rim Cylinder	12E-72 PATD	626	BE
2	Electric Strike	0162	32D	RC
2	Door Pull	1191-3	630	TR
2	Closer	EHD9016 SDS90 DA AVB	689	BE
2	Kick Plate	K0050 - 8" x 2" LDW CSK	630	TR
1	Card Reader	BY OTHERS		BY
2	Door Position Switch	MC7		DM
1	Power Supply	RPSMLR2		PR
1	Set Seals	602 A (Head & Jambs)		NA
2	Sweep	130 NA		NA
1	Mullion Seal	5100N		NA
1	Saddle Threshold	427 E (VERIFY IN FIELD)	AL	NA
	NOTE: CONSULT WITH	OWNER TO DETERMINE WHICH DOOR RECEIVE	S THE KE	YED
CVLIN	IDER			

OPERATIONAL DESCRIPTION: DOOR NORMALLY CLOSED AND LOCKED. VALID CREDENTIAL POWERS ENTRY THROUGH DOOR FROM EXTERIOR. DOOR REMAINS LOCKED UPON LOSS OF POWER. INSIDE PUSH PAD ALWAYS FREE FOR EGRESS.

#### Set #02

Doors: C14, C15, FE04, FE07, FE10, FR129D, FR129E, L16, R07, R12, R13

1	Continuous Hinge	662HD UL	AL	ST
1	Removable Mullion	KR822	689	PR
1	Exit Device - Storeroom	2103	630	PR
1	Rim Cylinder	12E-72 PATD	626	BE
1	Electric Strike	0162	32D	RC
1	Door Pull	1191-3	630	TR
1	Closer	EHD9016 SDS90 DA AVB	689	BE
1	Kick Plate	K0050 - 8" x 2" LDW CSK	630	TR
1	Card Reader	BY OTHERS		BY
1	Door Position Switch	MC7		DM
1	Power Supply	RPSMLR2		PR
1	Set Seals	602 A (Head & Jambs)		NA

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1 Sweep 130 NA NA
1 Saddle Threshold 427 E (VERIFY IN FIELD) AL NA
NOTE: OPERATIONAL DESCRIPTION: DOOR NORMALLY CLOSED AND LOCKED. VALID
CREDENTIAL POWERS ENTRY THROUGH DOOR FROM EXTERIOR. DOOR REMAINS LOCKED
UPON LOSS OF POWER. INSIDE PUSH PAD ALWAYS FREE FOR EGRESS

#### Set #03

Doors: W05, W06, W07

6	Hinges	FBB191 NRP	32D	ST
2	Continuous Hinge	662HD UL	AL	ST
1	Removable Mullion	KR822	689	PR
1	Exit Device - Exit Only	2101	630	PR
1	Exit Device - Storeroom	2103	630	PR
2	Rim Cylinder	12E-72 PATD	626	BE
2	Electric Strike	0162	32D	RC
2	Door Pull	1191-3	630	TR
2	Closer	EHD9016 SDS90 DA AVB	689	BE
2	Kick Plate	K0050 - 8" x 2" LDW CSK	630	TR
1	Card Reader	BY OTHERS		BY
2	Door Position Switch	MC7		DM
1	Power Supply	RPSMLR2		PR
1	Set Seals	602 A (Head & Jambs)		NA
2	Sweep	130 NA		NA
1	Mullion Seal	5100N		NA
1	Saddle Threshold	427 E (VERIFY IN FIELD)	AL	NA

NOTE: VERIFY EXISTING FRAME CONDITIONS. VERIFY EXISTING HINGES AND PROVIDE EITHER CONTINOUS OR BUTT HINGES AS REQUIRED.

CONSULT WITH OWNER TO DETERMINE WHICH DOOR RECEIVES THE KEYED CYLINDER OPERATIONAL DESCRIPTION: DOOR NORMALLY CLOSED AND LOCKED. VALID CREDENTIAL POWERS ENTRY THROUGH DOOR FROM EXTERIOR. DOOR REMAINS LOCKED UPON LOSS OF POWER. INSIDE PUSH PAD ALWAYS FREE FOR EGRESS

#### Set #04

Doors: L14, W10

1	Continuous Hinge	662HD UL	AL	ST
1	Lockset - Storeroom	45H-7D15H PATD	626	BE
1	Electric Strike	F2164	32D	RC
1	Closer	EHD9016 SDS90 DA AVB	689	BE
1	Card Reader	BY OTHERS		BY
1	Door Position Switch	MC7		DM
1	Power Supply	RPSMLR2		PR
1	Set Seals	602 A (Head & Jambs)		NA
1	Sweep	130 NA		NA
1	Saddle Threshold	427 E (VERIFY IN FIELD)	AL	NA
	NOTE: ODEDATIONAL	DESCRIPTION: DOOD MODMALLY OLOSED	AND LOCKED	WILL

NOTE: OPERATIONAL DESCRIPTION: DOOR NORMALLY CLOSED AND LOCKED. VALID CREDENTIAL POWERS ENTRY THROUGH DOOR FROM EXTERIOR. DOOR REMAINS LOCKED UPON LOSS OF POWER. INSIDE HANDLE ALWAYS FREE FOR EGRESS

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# Set #05

Doors: FE06, L12A, R09

1 ALL HARDWARE BY DOOR SUPPLIER BY

# Set #06

Doors: L01, L06, W04A, W04B

1Removable MullionKR822689PR1Rim Cylinder12E-72 PATD626BE1BALANCE OF HARDWARE IS EXISTING TO REMAIN

NOTE: Replace mullion

# Opening List

Opening	Hardware Set
C09	AL-1
C14	02
C15	02
C16	AL-1
C17	AL-1
FE04	02
FE06	05
FE07	02
FE10	02
FR05	01
FR129D	02
FR129E	02
FR08	AL-3
FR09	AL-1
L01	06
L06	06
L07	01
L12	AL-2
L12A	05
L14	04
L16	02
R01	AL-1
R02	AL-1
R07	02
R08	AL-1
R09	05
R12	02
R13	02
W04	AL-1
W04A	06
W04B	06
W05	03
W06	03
W07	03
W10	04

# **END OF SECTION**

#### SECTION 088000 - GLAZING

# PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

#### A. Section Includes:

- 1. Glass products.
- 2. Laminated glass.
- 3. Insulating glass.
- 4. Glazing sealants.
- Glazing tapes.
- 6. Miscellaneous glazing materials.

# 1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Glass Manufacturers: Firms that produce primary glass, fabricated glass, or both, as defined in referenced glazing publications.
- B. Glass Thicknesses: Indicated by thickness designations in millimeters in accordance with ASTM C1036.
- C. IBC: International Building Code.
- D. Interspace: Space between lites of an insulating-glass unit.

# 1.3 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate glazing channel dimensions to provide necessary bite on glass, minimum edge and face clearances, and adequate sealant thicknesses, with reasonable tolerances to achieve proper safety margins for glazing retention under each design load case, load case combination, and service condition.

# 1.4 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

- A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.
  - 1. Review and finalize construction schedule and verify availability of materials, Installer's personnel, equipment, and facilities needed to make progress and avoid delays.
  - 2. Review temporary protection requirements for glazing during and after installation.

# 1.5 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Sustainable Design Submittals:
  - 1. Laboratory Test Reports: For sealants, indicating compliance with requirements for low-emitting materials.
- C. Glass Samples: For each type of glass product other than clear monolithic vision glass; 12 inches square.
- D. Glazing Accessory Samples: For sealants and colored spacers, in 12-inch lengths. Install sealant Samples between two strips of material representative in color of adjoining framing system.
- E. Glazing Schedule: List glass types and thicknesses for each size opening and location. Use same designations indicated on Drawings.

# 1.6 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- Qualification Data: For Installer.
- B. Product Test Reports: For fabricated glass and glazing sealants, for tests performed by a qualified testing agency.
  - 1. For glazing sealants, provide test reports based on testing current sealant formulations within previous 36-month period.
- C. Sample Warranties: For special warranties.

#### 1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Fabricated-Glass Manufacturer Qualifications: A qualified manufacturer of fabricated glass units who is approved by primary glass manufacturer.
- B. Installer Qualifications: An experienced installer who has completed glazing similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project; whose work has resulted in glass installations with a record of successful in-service performance.
- C. Glass Testing Agency Qualifications: A qualified independent testing agency accredited according to the NFRC CAP 1 Certification Agency Program.
- D. Sealant Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent testing agency qualified according to ASTM C1021 to conduct the testing indicated.

- E. Mockups: Build mockups to demonstrate aesthetic effects and to set quality standards for materials and execution.
  - 1. Install glazing in mockups specified in Division 08 Section "Aluminum-Framed Entrances" to match glazing systems required for Project, including glazing methods.
  - 2. Subject to compliance with requirements, approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

# 1.8 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Protect glazing materials in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions. Prevent damage to glass and glazing materials from condensation, temperature changes, direct exposure to sun, or other causes.
- B. Comply with insulating-glass manufacturer's written instructions for venting and sealing units to avoid hermetic seal ruptures due to altitude change.

# 1.9 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Do not proceed with glazing when ambient and substrate temperature conditions are outside limits permitted by glazing material manufacturers and when glazing channel substrates are wet from rain, frost, condensation, or other causes.
  - Do not install glazing sealants when ambient and substrate temperature conditions are outside limits permitted by sealant manufacturer or are below 40 deg F.

# 1.10 WARRANTY

- A. Manufacturer's Special Warranty for Coated-Glass Products: Manufacturer agrees to replace coated-glass units that deteriorate within specified warranty period. Deterioration of coated glass is defined as defects developed from normal use that are not attributed to glass breakage or to maintaining and cleaning coated glass contrary to manufacturer's written instructions. Defects include peeling, cracking, and other indications of deterioration in coating.
  - 1. Warranty Period: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.

- B. Manufacturer's Special Warranty for Laminated Glass: Manufacturer agrees to replace laminated-glass units that deteriorate within specified warranty period. Deterioration of laminated glass is defined as defects developed from normal use that are not attributed to glass breakage or to maintaining and cleaning laminated glass contrary to manufacturer's written instructions. Defects include edge separation, delamination materially obstructing vision through glass, and blemishes exceeding those allowed by referenced laminated-glass standard.
  - 1. Warranty Period: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.
- C. Manufacturer's Special Warranty for Insulating Glass: Manufacturer agrees to replace insulating-glass units that deteriorate within specified warranty period. Deterioration of insulating glass is defined as failure of hermetic seal under normal use that is not attributed to glass breakage or to maintaining and cleaning insulating glass contrary to manufacturer's written instructions. Evidence of failure is obstruction of vision by dust, moisture, or film on interior surfaces of glass.
  - 1. Warranty Period: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 SOURCE LIMITATIONS

- A. Source Limitations for Glass: Obtain tinted and coated glass from single source from single manufacturer.
- B. Source Limitations for Glazing Accessories: For each product and installation method, obtain from single source from single manufacturer.

# 2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. General: Installed glazing systems shall withstand normal thermal movement and wind and impact loads (where applicable) without failure, including loss or glass breakage attributable to defective manufacture, fabrication, or installation; failure of sealants or gaskets to remain watertight and airtight; deterioration of glazing materials; or other defects in construction.
- B. Structural Performance: Glazing shall withstand the following design loads within limits and under conditions indicated determined in accordance with the IBC and ASTM E1300:
  - Design Wind Loads: As indicated on Drawings, but not less than pressures applicable to Project in accordance with ASCE/SEI 7, based on heights above grade indicated on Drawings.
    - a. Wind Design Data: As indicated on Drawings.

- 2. Maximum Lateral Deflection: For glass supported on all four edges, limit centerof-glass deflection at design wind pressure to not more than 1/50 times the shortside length or 1 inch, whichever is less.
- 3. Thermal Loads: Design glazing to resist thermal stress breakage induced by differential temperature conditions and limited air circulation within individual glass lites and insulated glazing units.
- C. Safety Glazing: Where safety glazing is indicated, provide glazing that complies with 16 CFR 1201, Category II.
- D. Thermal and Optical Performance Properties: Provide glass with performance properties specified, as indicated in manufacturer's published test data, based on procedures indicated below:
  - 1. For monolithic-glass lites, properties are based on units with lites 6 mm thick.
  - 2. For laminated-glass lites, properties are based on products of construction indicated.
  - 3. For insulating-glass units, properties are based on units of thickness indicated for overall unit and for each lite.
  - 4. U-Factors: Center-of-glazing values, in accordance with NFRC 100 and based on most current non-beta version of LBL's WINDOW computer program, expressed as Btu/sq. ft. x h x deg F.
  - 5. SHGC and Visible Transmittance: Center-of-glazing values, in accordance with NFRC 200 and based on most current non-beta version of LBL's WINDOW computer program.
  - 6. Visible Reflectance: Center-of-glazing values, in accordance with NFRC 300.

# 2.3 GLASS PRODUCTS, GENERAL

- A. Glazing Publications: Comply with published recommendations of glass product manufacturers and organizations below unless more stringent requirements are indicated. See these publications for glazing terms not otherwise defined in this Section or in referenced standards.
  - 1. NGA Publications: "Laminated Glazing Reference Manual" and "Glazing Manual."
  - 2. IGMA Publication for Insulating Glass: SIGMA TM-3000, "North American Glazing Guidelines for Sealed Insulating Glass Units for Commercial and Residential Use."
- B. Safety Glazing Labeling: Where safety glazing is indicated, permanently mark glazing with certification label of the SGCC or another certification agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction. Label shall indicate manufacturer's name, type of glass, thickness, and safety glazing standard with which glass complies.
- C. Insulating-Glass Certification Program: Permanently marked either on spacers or on at least one component lite of units with appropriate certification label of the IGCC.

- D. Thickness: Where glass thickness is indicated, it is a minimum. Provide glass that complies with performance requirements and is not less than thickness indicated.
  - 1. Minimum Glass Thickness for Exterior Lites: 6 mm.
  - 2. Thickness of Tinted Glass: Provide same thickness for each tint color indicated throughout Project.
- E. Strength: Where annealed float glass is indicated, provide annealed float glass, heat-strengthened float glass, or fully tempered float glass as needed to comply with "Performance Requirements" Article. Where heat-strengthened float glass is indicated, provide heat-strengthened float glass or fully tempered float glass as needed to comply with "Performance Requirements" Article. Where fully tempered float glass is indicated, provide fully tempered float glass.

#### 2.4 GLASS PRODUCTS

- A. Basis-of-Design Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products indicated, or comparable products by one of the following:
  - a. AGC Glass Company North America, Inc.
  - b. Cardinal Glass Industries, Inc.
  - c. Guardian Glass LLC.
  - d. Pilkington North America; NSG Group.
  - e. Saint-Gobain Glass Corp.
  - f. Vitro Architectural Glass.
- B. Clear Annealed Float Glass: ASTM C1036, Type I, Class 1 (clear), Quality-Q3.
- C. Low-Iron Annealed Float Glass: ASTM C1036, Type I, Class I (clear), Quality-Q3; and with visible light transmission of not less than 91 percent.
  - 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Vitro Architectural Glass; Starphire Ultra-Clear Glass or a comparable product by Guardian Glass LLC, or Pilkington North America; NSG Group.
- D. Fully Tempered Float Glass: ASTM C1048, Kind FT (fully tempered), Condition A (uncoated) unless otherwise indicated, Type I, Class 1 (clear) or Class 2 (tinted) as indicated, Quality-Q3.
  - 1. Fabrication Process: By horizontal (roller-hearth) process with roll-wave distortion parallel to bottom edge of glass as installed unless otherwise indicated.
- E. Heat-Strengthened Float Glass: ASTM C1048, Kind HS (heat strengthened), Type I, Condition A (uncoated) unless otherwise indicated, Type I, Class 1 (clear) or Class 2 (tinted) as indicated, Quality-Q3.
- F. Sputter-Coated, Low-E, Tinted, Heat-Strengthened, Float Glass: ASTM C1376 and ASTM C1048, Kind HS (heat-strengthened), Type I, Class 2 (tinted), Quality-Q3, float glass with metallic-oxide or -nitride coating deposited by vacuum deposition process

after manufacture and heat treatment (if any), and complying with other requirements specified.

- 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Vitro Architectural Glass; Solarban 70 on Tinted Glass, or a comparable product by Guardian Glass LLC, or Pilkington North America; NSG Group.
- 2. Tint Color: As required to match existing.

#### 2.5 LAMINATED GLASS

- A. Laminated Glass: ASTM C1172. Use materials that have a proven record of no tendency to bubble, discolor, or lose physical and mechanical properties after fabrication and installation.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Dreamwalls by Gardner Glass Products.
    - b. Oldcastle Glass. Inc.
    - c. Pilkington North America; NSG Group.
    - d. Saflex; Eastman.
  - 2. Construction: Laminate glass with polyvinyl butyral interlayer to comply with interlayer manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 3. Interlayer Thickness: Provide thickness not less than that indicated and as needed to comply with requirements.
  - 4. Interlayer Color: Clear unless otherwise indicated.

# 2.6 INSULATING GLASS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. Oldcastle Glass, Inc.
  - 2. Trulite Glass & Aluminum Solutions, LLC.
  - 3. Viracon, Inc.
- B. Insulating-Glass Units: Factory-assembled units consisting of sealed lites of glass separated by a dehydrated interspace, qualified in accordance with ASTM E2190.
  - 1. Sealing System: Dual seal, with manufacturer's standard primary and secondary.
  - 2. Perimeter Spacer: Manufacturer's standard spacer material and construction.
  - 3. Desiccant: Molecular sieve or silica gel, or a blend of both.

# 2.7 GLAZING SEALANTS

#### A. General:

- 1. Compatibility: Compatible with one another and with other materials they contact, including glass products, seals of insulating-glass units, and glazing channel substrates, under conditions of service and application, as demonstrated by sealant manufacturer based on testing and field experience.
- 2. Suitability: Comply with sealant and glass manufacturers' written instructions for selecting glazing sealants suitable for applications indicated and for conditions existing at time of installation.
- 3. Verify sealant complies with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Public Health's "Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers."
- 4. Colors of Exposed Glazing Sealants: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range of industry colors.
- B. Neutral-Curing Silicone Glazing Sealant, Class 100/50: Complying with ASTM C920, Type S, Grade NS, Use NT.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. GE Construction Sealants; Momentive Performance Materials Inc.
    - b. Pecora Corporation.
    - c. Sika Corporation.
    - d. The Dow Chemical Company.
    - e. Tremco Incorporated.

# 2.8 GLAZING TAPES

- A. Back-Bedding Mastic Glazing Tapes: Preformed, butyl-based, 100 percent solids elastomeric tape; nonstaining and nonmigrating in contact with nonporous surfaces; with or without spacer rod as recommended in writing by tape and glass manufacturers for application indicated; and complying with ASTM C1281 and AAMA 800 for products indicated below:
  - 1. AAMA 806.3 tape, for glazing applications in which tape is subject to continuous pressure.

#### 2.9 MISCELLANEOUS GLAZING MATERIALS

A. General: Provide products of material, size, and shape complying with referenced glazing standard, recommended in writing by manufacturers of glass and other glazing materials for application indicated, and with a proven record of compatibility with surfaces contacted in installation.

- B. Cleaners, Primers, and Sealers: Types recommended by sealant or gasket manufacturer.
- C. Setting Blocks:
  - 1. EPDM with Shore A durometer hardness of 85, plus or minus 5.
  - 2. Type recommended in writing by sealant or glass manufacturer.

# D. Spacers:

- 1. Neoprene blocks or continuous extrusions of hardness required by glass manufacturer to maintain glass lites in place for installation indicated.
- 2. Type recommended in writing by sealant or glass manufacturer.

# E. Edge Blocks:

- 1. EPDM with Shore A durometer hardness per manufacturer's written instructions.
- 2. Type recommended in writing by sealant or glass manufacturer.
- F. Cylindrical Glazing Sealant Backing: ASTM C1330, Type O (open-cell material), of size and density to control glazing sealant depth and otherwise produce optimum glazing sealant performance.

#### 2.10 FABRICATION OF GLAZING UNITS

- A. Fabricate glazing units in sizes required to fit openings indicated for Project, with edge and face clearances, edge and surface conditions, and bite complying with written instructions of product manufacturer and referenced glazing publications, to comply with system performance requirements.
  - 1. Allow for thermal movements from ambient and surface temperature changes acting on glass framing members and glazing components.
    - a. Temperature Change: 120 deg F, ambient; 180 deg F, material surfaces.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine framing, glazing channels, and stops, with Installer present, for compliance with the following:
  - 1. Manufacturing and installation tolerances, including those for size, squareness, and offsets at corners.
  - 2. Presence and functioning of weep systems.
  - 3. Minimum required face and edge clearances.
  - 4. Effective sealing between joints of glass-framing members.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

# 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Clean glazing channels and other framing members receiving glass immediately before glazing. Remove coatings not firmly bonded to substrates.
- B. Examine glazing units to locate exterior and interior surfaces. Label or mark units as needed so that exterior and interior surfaces are readily identifiable. Do not use materials that leave visible marks in the completed Work.

# 3.3 GLAZING, GENERAL

- A. Comply with combined written instructions of manufacturers of glass, sealants, gaskets, and other glazing materials, unless more stringent requirements are indicated, including those in referenced glazing publications.
- B. Protect glass edges from damage during handling and installation. Remove damaged glass from Project site and legally dispose of off Project site. Damaged glass includes glass with edge damage or other imperfections that, when installed, could weaken glass, impair performance, or impair appearance.
- C. Apply primers to joint surfaces where required for adhesion of sealants, as determined by preconstruction testing.
- D. Install setting blocks in sill rabbets, sized and located to comply with referenced glazing publications, unless otherwise required by glass manufacturer. Set blocks in thin course of compatible sealant suitable for heel bead.
- E. Do not exceed edge pressures stipulated by glass manufacturers for installing glass lites.
- F. Provide spacers for glass lites where length plus width is larger than 50 inches.
  - Locate spacers directly opposite each other on both inside and outside faces of glass. Install correct size and spacing to preserve required face clearances, unless gaskets and glazing tapes are used that have demonstrated ability to maintain required face clearances and to comply with system performance requirements.
  - 2. Provide 1/8-inch- minimum bite of spacers on glass and use thickness equal to sealant width. With glazing tape, use thickness slightly less than final compressed thickness of tape.
- G. Provide edge blocking where indicated or needed to prevent glass lites from moving sideways in glazing channel, as recommended in writing by glass manufacturer and in accordance with requirements in referenced glazing publications.
- H. Set glass lites in each series with uniform pattern, draw, bow, and similar characteristics.
- I. Set glass lites with proper orientation so that coatings face exterior or interior as specified.

- J. Where wedge-shaped gaskets are driven into one side of channel to pressurize sealant or gasket on opposite side, provide adequate anchorage so gasket cannot walk out when installation is subjected to movement.
- K. Square cut wedge-shaped gaskets at corners and install gaskets in a manner recommended by gasket manufacturer to prevent corners from pulling away; seal corner joints and butt joints with sealant recommended in writing by gasket manufacturer.

#### 3.4 TAPE GLAZING

- A. Position tapes on fixed stops so that, when compressed by glass, their exposed edges are flush with or protrude slightly above sightline of stops.
- B. Install tapes continuously, but not necessarily in one continuous length. Do not stretch tapes to make them fit opening.
- C. Cover vertical framing joints by applying tapes to heads and sills first, then to jambs. Cover horizontal framing joints by applying tapes to jambs, then to heads and sills.
- D. Place joints in tapes at corners of opening with adjoining lengths butted together, not lapped. Seal joints in tapes with compatible sealant approved by tape manufacturer.
- E. Do not remove release paper from tape until right before each glazing unit is installed.
- F. Center glass lites in openings on setting blocks, and press firmly against tape by inserting dense compression gaskets formed and installed to lock in place against faces of removable stops. Start gasket applications at corners and work toward centers of openings.
- G. Apply cap bead of elastomeric sealant over exposed edge of tape.

# 3.5 GASKET GLAZING (DRY)

- A. Cut compression gaskets to lengths recommended by gasket manufacturer to fit openings exactly, with allowance for stretch during installation.
- B. Insert soft compression gasket between glass and frame or fixed stop so it is securely in place with joints miter cut and bonded together at corners.
- C. Installation with Drive-in Wedge Gaskets: Center glass lites in openings on setting blocks, and press firmly against soft compression gasket by inserting dense compression gaskets formed and installed to lock in place against faces of removable stops. Start gasket applications at corners and work toward centers of openings. Compress gaskets to produce a weathertight seal without developing bending stresses in glass. Seal gasket joints with sealant recommended in writing by gasket manufacturer.
- D. Installation with Pressure-Glazing Stops: Center glass lites in openings on setting blocks, and press firmly against soft compression gasket. Install dense compression

gaskets and pressure-glazing stops, applying pressure uniformly to compression gaskets. Compress gaskets to produce a weathertight seal without developing bending stresses in glass. Seal gasket joints with sealant recommended in writing by gasket manufacturer.

E. Install gaskets so they protrude past face of glazing stops.

#### 3.6 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Immediately after installation, remove nonpermanent labels and clean surfaces.
- B. Protect glass from contact with contaminating substances resulting from construction operations. Examine glass surfaces adjacent to or below exterior concrete and other masonry surfaces at frequent intervals during construction, but not less than once a month, for buildup of dirt, scum, alkaline deposits, or stains.
  - If, despite such protection, contaminating substances do contact with glass, remove substances immediately as recommended in writing by glass manufacturer. Remove and replace glass that cannot be cleaned without damage to coatings.
- C. Remove and replace glass that is damaged during construction period.
- D. Wash glass on both exposed surfaces not more than four days before date scheduled for inspections that establish date of Substantial Completion. Wash glass as recommended in writing by glass manufacturer.

# 3.7 MONOLITHIC GLASS SCHEDULE

- A. Clear Glass Type: Annealed float glass, unless fully-tempered glass is indicated or required.
  - 1. Thickness: 6.0 mm.
  - 2. Provide safety glazing labeling for fully-tempered glass.

# 3.8 INSULATING-LAMINATED-GLASS SCHEDULE

- A. Low-E-Coated, Tinted, Insulating Laminated Glass Type:
  - 1. Overall Unit Thickness: 1-1/16 inch.
  - 2. Minimum Thickness of Outdoor Lite: 6 mm.
  - 3. Outdoor Lite: Tinted heat-strengthened float glass, unless fully-tempered glass is indicated or required.
  - 4. Tint Color: Match existing.
  - 5. Low-E Coating: Sputtered on second surface.
  - 6. Interspace Content: Argon.

- 7. Indoor Lite: Clear laminated glass with two plies of heat-strengthened float glass, unless fully-tempered glass is indicated or required.
  - a. Thickness of Indoor Lite: 5/16 inch.
  - b. Minimum Thickness of Each Glass Ply: 3 mm.
  - c. Interlayer Thickness: 0.060 inch.
  - d. Interlayer Color: Clear.
- 8. Provide safety glazing labeling.

END OF SECTION 088000

#### SECTION 090160.93 - FLUID-APPLIED ATHLETIC FLOORING RESURFACING

# PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Supply and installation of the indoor resilient multipurpose surfacing.
  - 2. Application of the game lines.
- B. Alternates: Refer to Division 01 Section "Alternates" for description of Work in this Section affected by alternates.

# 1.3 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

# 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each product indicated.
- B. Samples for Verification:
  - 1. Submit for selection and approval three sets of the indoor resilient multipurpose surfacing, manufacturer's brochures, samples or sample boards of all of the available colors, textures and styles.
  - 2. Submit color samples of game line paint colors for selection.

# 1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Qualification Data: For qualified Installer.

#### 1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Submit three copies of the indoor resilient multipurpose surfacing and manufacturer's maintenance instructions.

B. Submit three copies of the material and installation warranties as specified.

# 1.7 MAINTENANCE MATERIALS SUBMITTALS

A. Furnish to the owner additional materials containing a total of at least 1 percent of each different color or design of the indoor resilient athletic surfacing used on the project.

#### 1.8 QUALITY ASSURANCE

#### A. Qualifications:

- 1. The indoor resilient multipurpose surfacing shall have been actively marketed for a minimum of 10 years.
- 2. The indoor resilient multipurpose surfacing shall be manufactured in an ISO 9001 certified plant.
- 3. The indoor resilient multipurpose surfacing supplier shall be an established firm, experienced in the field, and appointed as a distributor by the manufacturer of the indoor resilient multipurpose surfacing.
- 4. The installer of the indoor resilient multipurpose surfacing shall have a minimum of five years of experience in the field installing indoor resilient multipurpose surfacing and have worked on at least five projects of similar size, type and complexity.

#### B. Certifications:

- 1. Installer to submit the indoor resilient athletic surfacing manufacturer's certification attesting that they are an approved installer of the indoor resilient multipurpose surfacing.
- 2. The indoor resilient multipurpose surfacing manufacturer to submit official ISO 9001 certification for the facility in which the indoor resilient multipurpose surfacing is manufactured.

# 1.9 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- 1. Delivery: Material shall not be delivered until all related work is in place and finished and/or proper storage facilities and conditions can be provided and guaranteed stable according to manufacturer's' recommendations.
- 2. Storage: Store the material in a secure, clean and dry location. Maintain temperature between 55 deg F and 85 deg F.

#### 1.10 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. The area in which the indoor resilient multipurpose surfacing will be installed shall be dry and weather tight. Permanent heat, light and ventilation shall be installed and operable.
- B. Other trades shall have completed their work prior to the installation of the resilient athletic flooring. Construction Manager shall maintain a secure and clean working

- environment before, during and after the installation. Suspension of other trades' work may be authorized providing their work will not damage the new flooring.
- C. Maintain a stable room temperature of at least 65 deg F for a minimum of one week prior to, during, and thereafter installation.
- D. Concrete subfloor should be no greater than 1/8 inch within a 10-foot diameter.

#### 1.11 WARRANTY

- A. Materials: The indoor resilient athletic surfacing shall be covered by the manufacturer against product defects for 30 years. The manufacturer of the indoor resilient multipurpose surfacing must provide this warranty upon request.
- B. Installation: The installation of the indoor resilient multipurpose surfacing shall be covered against poor workmanship and faulty installation by a two year written, limited warranty provided by the contractor performing/overseeing the installation.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 SOURCE LIMITATIONS

A. Obtain products from single source from single manufacturer.

# 2.2 INDOOR RESILIENT ATHLETIC SURFACING

- A. Basis-of-Design Product: Tarkett Group, Fieldturf; Polyturf Plus Restart, or approved equal.
  - 1. Product shall be manufactured by an ISO 9001 company.
- B. Flooring System: Polyturf Plus 2 mm over pour system.
  - 1. A durable protective color coat shall be applied to a thickness of approximately 7 mils. The finished product shall be a seamless surface heterogeneous resilient multipurpose synthetic flooring system. System shall comply with the following criteria. Colors to be selected from manufacturer's standard range. Colors selected from standard range.
- C. Game Line Paint: As approved by the indoor resilient athletic surfacing manufacturer. Colors are to be selected from the manufacturer's standard range.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that the area in which the indoor resilient athletic surfacing will be installed is dry and weather tight. Verify that permanent heat, light and ventilation is installed and operable.
- B. Verify that all other work that could cause damage, dirt and dust or interrupt the normal pace of the indoor resilient athletic flooring installation is completed or suspended.
- C. Verify that there is a stable room temperature of at least 65 deg F.
- D. Verify that there are no foreign materials or objects on the subfloor and that the subfloor is clean and ready for installation.
- E. Ambient relative humidity should range between 40 to 65 percent.
- F. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION OF SURFACES

- A. Comply with requirements of manufacturer and ASTM F710 "Standard Practice for Preparing Concrete Floors to Receive Resilient Flooring."
- B. Sand the entire surface of the existing urethane and vacuum clean.
- C. Surface must be dust free and free of contaminants that may impair proper bonding.

# 3.3 INSTALLATION OF INDOOR RESILIENT ATHLETIC SURFACING

- A. The installation area shall be closed to all traffic and activity for a period to be set by the indoor resilient athletic surfacing installer. The indoor resilient athletic surfacing installation shall not begin until the installer is familiar with the existing conditions.
- B. All necessary precautions should be taken to minimize noise, smell, dust, the use of hazardous materials, and any other items that may inconvenience others.
- C. Install the indoor resilient athletic surfacing in strict accordance with the indoor resilient athletic surfacing manufacturer's written instructions.
- D. Paint game lines using approved game line paint primer and game line paint in strict accordance with the game line paint manufacturer's instructions.
- E. Install appropriate threshold plates or transition strips where necessary.
- F. Allow the new installation to cure for a minimum of 14 days prior to placement and operation of bleachers and/or other portable athletic equipment.

# 3.4 CLEANING

A. Remove all unused materials, tools, and equipment and dispose of any debris properly. Clean the indoor resilient athletic surfacing in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

# 3.5 PROTECTION

A. If required, protect the indoor resilient athletic surfacing from damage using coverings approved by the manufacturer until acceptance of work by the customer or their authorized representative.

**END OF SECTION 090160.93** 

#### SECTION 090561.13 - MOISTURE VAPOR EMISSION CONTROL

# PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

# 1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section includes fluid-applied, resin-based, membrane-forming systems that control the moisture-vapor-emission rate of high-moisture, interior concrete to prepare it for floor covering installation.

# 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. MVE: Moisture vapor emission.
- B. MVER: Moisture vapor emission rate.

#### 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Sustainable Design Submittals:
  - 1. Laboratory Test Reports: For coatings, indicating compliance with requirements for low-emitting materials.

#### 1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- Qualification Data: For Installer.
- B. Product Test Reports: For each MVE-control system, for tests performed by manufacturer and witnessed by a qualified testing agency.

#### 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Employs factory-trained personnel who are available for consultation and Project-site inspection.

B. Installer Qualifications: An authorized representative who is trained and approved by manufacturer.

# 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Deliver materials in original packages and containers, with seals unbroken, bearing manufacturer's labels indicating directions for storage and mixing with other components.

#### 1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Comply with MVE-control system manufacturer's written instructions for substrate and ambient temperatures, humidity, ventilation, and other conditions affecting system installation.
  - 1. Store system components in a temperature-controlled environment and protected from weather and at ambient temperature of not less than 65 deg F and not more than 85 deg F at least 48 hours before use.
  - 2. Maintain ambient temperature and relative humidity in installation areas within range recommended in writing by MVE-control system manufacturer, but not less than 65 deg F or more than 85 deg F and not less than 40 or more than 60 percent relative humidity, for 48 hours before installation, during installation, and for 48 hours after installation unless longer period is recommended in writing by manufacturer.
  - 3. Install MVE-control systems where concrete surface temperatures will remain a minimum of 5 deg F higher than the dew point for ambient temperature and relative humidity conditions in installation areas for 48 hours before installation, during installation, and for 48 hours after installation unless longer period is recommended in writing by manufacturer.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. MVE-Control System Capabilities: Capable of suppressing MVE without failure where installed on concrete that exhibits the following conditions:
  - 1. MVER: Maximum 25 lb of water/1000 sq ft when tested according to ASTM F1869.
  - 2. Relative Humidity: Maximum 90 percent when tested according to ASTM F2170 using in situ probes.
- B. Water-Vapor Transmission: Through MVE-control system, maximum 0.10 perm when tested according to ASTM E96/E96M.
- C. Tensile Bond Strength: For MVE-control system, greater than 200 psi with failure in the concrete according to ASTM D7234.

# 2.2 MVE-CONTROL SYSTEM

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - ARDEX Americas.
  - 2. Custom Building Products.
  - 3. KOSTER American Corporation.
  - 4. Laticrete International, Inc.
  - 5. MAPEI Corporation.
  - Master Builders Solutions.
- B. MVE-Control System: ASTM F3010-qualified, fluid-applied, two-component, epoxyresin, membrane-forming system; formulated for application on concrete substrates to reduce MVER to level required for installation of floor coverings indicated and acceptable to manufacturers of floor covering products indicated, including adhesives.
  - 1. Substrate Primer: Provide MVE-control system manufacturer's concretesubstrate primer if required for system indicated by substrate conditions.
  - 2. Cementitious Underlayment Primer: If required for subsequent installation of cementitious underlayment products, provide MVE-control system manufacturer's primer to ensure adhesion of products to MVE-control system.
  - 3. Low-Emitting Materials: Verify coating complies with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Public Health's "Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers."

# 2.3 ACCESSORIES

- A. Patching and Leveling Material: Moisture-, mildew-, and alkali-resistant product recommended in writing by MVE-control system manufacturer and with minimum of 3000-psi compressive strength after 28 days when tested according to ASTM C109/C109M.
- B. Crack-Filling Material: Resin-based material recommended in writing by MVE-control system manufacturer for sealing concrete substrate crack repair.
- C. Cementitious Underlayment: Where indicated, and where required to maintain manufacturer's warranty, provide MVE-control system manufacturer's recommended hydraulic cement-based underlayment.
  - 1. Refer to Division 03 Section "Hydraulic Cement Underlayment," for hydraulic-cement-based formulation.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content, installation tolerances, and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
  - 1. Installation of system indicates acceptance of surfaces and conditions.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

# A. Preinstallation Testing:

- 1. Testing Agency: Owner will engage a qualified testing agency to perform tests.
- 2. Alkalinity Testing: Perform pH testing according to ASTM F710. Install MVE-control system in areas where pH readings are less than 7.0 and in areas where pH readings are greater than 8.5.
- 3. Moisture Testing: Perform tests so that each test area does not exceed 1000 sq ft, and perform no fewer than three tests in each installation area and with test areas evenly spaced in installation areas.
  - a. Anhydrous Calcium Chloride Test: ASTM F1869. Install MVE-control system in locations where concrete substrate MVER exceeds 3 lb of water/1000 sq ft in 24 hours.
  - b. Internal Relative Humidity Test: Using in situ probes, ASTM F2170. Install MVE-control system in locations where concrete substrates exhibit relative humidity level greater than 75 percent.
- 4. Tensile-Bond-Strength Testing: For typical locations indicated to receive installation of MVE-control system, install minimum 100-sq ft area of MVE-control system to prepared concrete substrate and test according to ASTM D7234.
  - a. Proceed with installation only where tensile bond strength is greater than 200 psi with failure in the concrete.
- B. Concrete Substrates: Prepare and clean substrates according to MVE-control system manufacturer's written instructions to ensure adhesion of system to concrete.
  - 1. Remove coatings and other substances that are incompatible with MVE-control system and that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone, using mechanical methods recommended in writing by MVE-control system manufacturer. Do not use solvents.
  - 2. Provide concrete surface profile complying with ICRI 310.2R CSP 3 by shot blasting using apparatus that abrades the concrete surface with shot, contains the dispensed shot within the apparatus, and recirculates the shot by vacuum pickup.

- 3. After shot blasting, repair damaged and deteriorated concrete according to MVE-control system manufacturer's written instructions.
- 4. Protect substrate voids and joints to prevent resins from flowing into or leaking through them.
- 5. Fill surface depressions and irregularities with patching and leveling material.
- 6. Fill surface cracks, grooves, control joints, and other nonmoving joints with crack-filling material.
- 7. Allow concrete to dry, undisturbed, for period recommended in writing by MVEcontrol system manufacturer after surface preparation, but not less than 24 hours
- 8. Before installing MVE-control systems, broom sweep and vacuum prepared concrete
- C. Protect walls, floor openings, electrical openings, door frames, and other obstructions during installation.

# 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install MVE-control system according to ASTM F3010 and manufacturer's written instructions to produce a uniform, monolithic surface free of surface deficiencies such as pin holes, fish eyes, and voids.
  - 1. Install primers as required to comply with manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Do not apply MVE-control system across substrate expansion, isolation, and other moving joints.
- C. Apply system, including component coats if any, in thickness recommended in writing by MVE-control system manufacturer for MVER indicated by preinstallation testing.
- D. Cure MVE-control system components according to manufacturer's written instructions. Prevent contamination or other damage during installation and curing processes.
- E. After curing, examine MVE-control system for surface deficiencies. Repair surface deficiencies according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- F. Install cementitious underlayment over cured membrane where indicated, and where required to maintain manufacturer's warranty and in thickness required to maintain the warranty.

#### 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Testing Agency: Owner will engage a qualified testing agency to perform installation inspections.

- B. Installation Inspections: Inspect substrate preparation and installation of system components to ensure compliance with manufacturer's written instructions and to ensure that a complete MVE-control system is installed without deficiencies.
  - 1. Verify that surface preparation meets requirements.
  - 2. Verify that component coats and complete MVE-control-system film thicknesses comply with manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 3. Verify that MVE-control-system components and installation areas that evidence deficiencies are repaired according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- C. MVE-control system will be considered defective if it does not pass inspections.

#### 3.5 PROTECTION

- A. Protect MVE-control system from damage, wear, dirt, dust, and other contaminants before floor covering installation. Use protective methods and materials, including temporary coverings, recommended in writing by MVE-control system manufacturer.
- B. Do not allow subsequent preinstallation examination and testing for floor covering installation to damage, puncture, or otherwise compromise the MVE-control system membrane.

END OF SECTION 090561.13

#### SECTION 092116 - GYPSUM BOARD ASSEMBLIES

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Non-load-bearing steel framing.
  - 2. Interior gypsum wallboard.
  - 3. Acoustical insulation and sealant.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Division 09 Section "Painting."

### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Gypsum Board Terminology: Refer to ASTM C11 for definitions of terms for gypsum board assemblies not defined in this Section or in other referenced standards.

### 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Sustainable Design Submittals:
  - 1. Environmental Product Declaration (EPD): For each product.
  - 2. Laboratory Test Reports: For ceiling and wall material, adhesives and sealants, indicating compliance with requirements for low-emitting materials.
- C. Samples: For the following products:
  - 1. Trim Accessories: Full-size sample in 12-inch-long length for each trim accessory indicated.

# 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Do not use gypsum-board products that are not manufactured in the United States or Canada.

### 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver materials in original packages, containers, or bundles bearing brand name and identification of manufacturer or supplier.
- B. Store materials inside under cover and keep them dry and protected against damage from weather, direct sunlight, surface contamination, corrosion, construction traffic, and other causes. Stack gypsum panels flat to prevent sagging.

### 1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Comply with ASTM C840 requirements or gypsum board manufacturer's written recommendations, whichever are more stringent.
- B. Do not install paper-faced gypsum panels until installation areas are enclosed and conditioned.
- C. Do not install panels that are wet, those that are moisture damaged, and those that are mold damaged.
  - 1. Indications that panels are wet or moisture damaged include, but are not limited to, discoloration, sagging, or irregular shape.
  - 2. Indications that panels are mold damaged include, but are not limited to, fuzzy or splotchy surface contamination and discoloration.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 SOURCE LIMITATIONS

A. Obtain each type of gypsum panel and joint finishing material from single source with resources to provide products of consistent quality in appearance and physical properties.

### 2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Fire-Resistance-Rated Assemblies: For fire-resistance-rated assemblies, provide materials and construction identical to those tested in assembly indicated according to ASTM E119 by an independent testing agency.
- B. STC-Rated Assemblies: For STC-rated assemblies, provide materials and construction identical to those tested in assembly indicated according to ASTM E90 and classified according to ASTM E413 by an independent testing agency.

C. Verify ceiling and wall materials comply with the requirements of the California Department of Public Health's "Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers."

### 2.3 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. Steel Framing and Furring:
    - a. ClarkDietrich.
    - b. MarinoWARE.
    - c. MBA Building Supplies.
    - d. MRI Steel Framing, LLC.
  - 2. Gypsum Board and Related Products:
    - a. CertainTeed Corporation.
    - b. Continental Building Products, LLC.
    - c. Georgia-Pacific Gypsum LLC.
    - d. National Gypsum Company.
    - e. USG Corporation.

## 2.4 FRAMING SYSTEMS

- A. Framing Members, General: Comply with ASTM C754 for conditions indicated.
  - 1. Steel Sheet Components: Complying with ASTM C645 requirements for metal unless otherwise indicated.
  - 2. Protective Coating: ASTM A653, G40, hot-dip galvanized.
- B. Steel Studs and Runners: ASTM C645.
  - 1. Steel Studs and Runners:
    - a. Minimum Base Metal Thickness: 0.0269 inch for partitions, unless otherwise noted.
    - b. Minimum thickness of 0.0329 inch as follows:
      - 1) For doors and other openings at head runner, jamb, and cripple studs.
      - 2) For partitions with an unsupported height more than 12 feet, but not less than required by performance requirements for horizontal deflection.
      - 3) For partitions with impact-resistant gypsum board.
    - c. Depth: 3-5/8 inch, unless indicated otherwise.

- C. Slip-Type Head Joints: Where indicated, provide one of the following:
  - Single Long-Leg Track System: ASTM C645 top track with 2-inch- deep flanges in thickness not less than indicated for studs, installed with studs friction fit into top track and with continuous bridging located within 12 inches of the top of studs to provide lateral bracing.
  - 2. Double-Track System: ASTM C645 top outer tracks, inside track with 2-inch-deep flanges in thickness not less than indicated for studs and fastened to studs, and outer track sized to friction-fit over inner track.
  - 3. Deflection Track: Steel sheet top runner manufactured to prevent cracking of finishes applied to interior partition framing resulting from deflection of structure above; in thickness not less than indicated for studs and in width to accommodate depth of studs.
    - a. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
      - 1) ClarkDietrich; MaxTrak Slotted Deflection Track.
      - 2) MarinoWARE; Slotted Track.
      - 3) MBA Building Supplies; Slotted Deflecto Track.
      - 4) Telling Industries; Vertical Slip Track or Vertical Slip Track II.
      - 5) The Steel Network, Inc.; VertiTrack VTD.
- D. Flat Strap and Backing Plate: Steel sheet for blocking and bracing in length and width indicated.
  - 1. Minimum Base Metal Thickness: 0.0329 inch.
- E. Cold-Rolled Channel Bridging: 0.0538-inch bare steel thickness, with minimum 1/2-inch- wide flange.
  - 1. Depth: 1-1/2 inches .
  - 2. Clip Angle: 1-1/2 by 1-1/2 inch, 0.068-inch-thick, galvanized steel.

# 2.5 GYPSUM BOARD, GENERAL

A. Size: Provide maximum lengths and widths available that will minimize joints in each area and that correspond with support system indicated.

### 2.6 INTERIOR GYPSUM WALLBOARD

- A. Gypsum Board, Type X: ASTM C1396/C1396M.
  - 1. Thickness: 5/8 inch.
  - 2. Long Edges: Tapered.

- B. Impact-Resistant Gypsum Board: ASTM C1396/C 1396M gypsum board, tested according to ASTM C1629/C1629M.
  - 1. Basis-of-Design Product: National Gypsum Company; Hi-Impact XP Gypsum Board, or equal.
  - 2. Core: 5/8 inch, Type X.
  - Surface Abrasion: ASTM C1629/C1629M, meets or exceeds Level 3 requirements.
  - 4. Indentation: ASTM C1629/C1629M, meets or exceeds Level 1 requirements.
  - 5. Soft-Body Impact: ASTM C1629/C1629M, meets or exceeds Level 3 requirements.
  - 6. Hard-Body Impact: ASTM C1629/C1629M, meets or exceeds Level 3 requirements according to test in Annex A1.
  - 7. Long Edges: Tapered.
  - 8. Mold Resistance: ASTM D3273, score of 10 as rated according to ASTM D3274.

### 2.7 TRIM ACCESSORIES

- A. Interior Trim: ASTM C1047.
  - 1. Material: PVC plastic.
    - a. Cornerbead: Use at outside corners, unless otherwise indicated.
      - Basis-of-Design Product: Trim-Tex Inc.; Mud Set Rigid Corner Bead, or equal.
    - b. LC-Bead: J-shaped; exposed long flange receives joint compound.
      - 1) Basis-of-Design Product: Trim-Tex Inc.; Mud On J Bead, or equal.
    - c. Expansion (Control) Joint: One-piece, rigid-vinyl with V-shaped slot and tear-off strips.
      - 1) Basis-of-Design Product: Trim-Tex Inc.; 093V Expansion Bead, or equal.
    - d. Joint Compound Admixture: Trim-Tex Inc.: Mud Max.
    - e. Staples: Trim-Tex Inc.; 1/2-inch divergent staples.
    - f. Adhesive: Trim-Tex Inc.; 847 Spray Adhesive.

#### 2.8 JOINT TREATMENT MATERIALS

- A. General: Comply with ASTM C475/C475M.
- B. Joint Tape:
  - 1. Interior Gypsum Wallboard: Paper.

- C. Joint Compound for Interior Gypsum Wallboard: For each coat use formulation that is compatible with other compounds applied on previous or for successive coats.
  - 1. Prefilling: At open joints and damaged surface areas, use setting-type taping compound.
  - 2. Embedding (Level 1): For embedding tape and first coat on joints, fasteners, and trim flanges, use drying-type, all-purpose compound.
  - 3. Second Coat (Level 3): For second coat, use setting type, sandable topping compound.
  - 4. Finish Coat (Level 4): For third coat, use drying-type, all-purpose compound.
  - 5. Skim Coat (Level 5): For final coat of Level 5 finish, use drying-type, all-purpose compound.

### 2.9 AUXILIARY MATERIALS

- A. Provide auxiliary materials that comply with referenced installation standards and manufacturer's written recommendations.
- B. Fasteners for Metal Framing: Of type, material, size, corrosion resistance, holding power, and other properties required to fasten steel members to substrates.
- C. Spot Grout: ASTM C475, setting-type joint compound recommended for spot-grouting hollow metal door frames.
- D. Laminating Adhesive: Adhesive or joint compound recommended for directly adhering gypsum panels to continuous substrate.
  - 1. Verify adhesive complies with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Public Health's "Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers"
- E. Steel Drill Screws: ASTM C1002, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Use screws complying with ASTM C954 for fastening panels to steel members from 0.033 to 0.112 inch thick.
- F. Isolation Strips at Exterior Walls:
  - 1. Asphalt-Saturated Organic Felt: ASTM D226, Type I (No. 15 asphalt felt), nonperforated.
  - 2. Foam Gaskets: Adhesive-backed, closed-cell vinyl foam strips that allow fastener penetration without foam displacement, 1/8 inch thick, in width to suit metal stud size indicated.

- G. Sound Attenuation Blankets: ASTM C665, Type I (blankets without membrane facing) produced by combining thermosetting resins with mineral fibers manufactured from glass, slag wool, or rock wool.
  - 1. Fire-Resistance-Rated Assemblies: Comply with mineral-fiber requirements of assembly.
- H. Acoustical Joint Sealant: Manufacturer's standard nonsag, paintable, nonstaining latex sealant complying with ASTM C834. Product effectively reduces airborne sound transmission through perimeter joints and openings in building construction as demonstrated by testing representative assemblies according to ASTM E90.
  - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
    - a. Accumetric LLC; BOSS 824 Acoustical Sound Sealant.
    - b. Hilti. Inc.: CP 506 Smoke and Acoustical Sealant.
    - c. Grabber Construction Products; Acoustical Sealant GSC.
    - d. Pecora Corporation; AC-20 FTR.
    - e. Specified Technologies, Inc.; Smoke N Sound Acoustical Sealant.
    - f. USG Corporation; SHEETROCK Acoustical Sealant.
  - 2. Verify sealant complies with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Public Health's "Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers."

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas and substrates, with Installer present, and including welded hollow-metal frames, cast-in anchors, and structural framing, for compliance with requirements and other conditions affecting performance.
- B. Examine panels before installation. Reject panels that are wet, moisture damaged, and mold damaged.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### 3.2 INSTALLING STEEL FRAMING, GENERAL

- A. Installation Standards: ASTM C754, except comply with framing sizes and spacing indicated.
  - 1. Gypsum Board Assemblies: Also comply with requirements in ASTM C840 that apply to framing installation.
- B. Install supplementary framing, blocking, and bracing at terminations in gypsum board assemblies to support fixtures, equipment services, heavy trim, grab bars, toilet

accessories, cabinets, furnishings, or similar construction. Comply with details indicated and with gypsum board manufacturer's written recommendations or, if none available, with United States Gypsum's "Gypsum Construction Handbook."

- C. Install bracing at terminations in assemblies.
- D. Isolate steel framing from building structure at locations indicated to prevent transfer of loading imposed by structural movement.
  - Isolate ceiling assemblies where they abut or are penetrated by building structure.
  - 2. Isolate partition framing and wall furring where it abuts structure, except at floor. Install slip-type joints at head of assemblies that avoid axial loading of assembly and laterally support assembly.
    - a. Use deep-leg deflection track or double-runner system or proprietary deflection track, where indicated.
- E. Do not bridge building control and expansion joints with steel framing or furring members. Frame both sides of joints independently.

### 3.3 INSTALLING STEEL PARTITION AND SOFFIT FRAMING

- A. Install tracks (runners) at floors, ceilings, and structural walls and columns where gypsum board assemblies abut other construction.
  - 1. Where studs are installed directly against exterior walls, install asphalt felt strips or foam gaskets between studs and wall.
  - 2. Slip-Type Head Joints: Where framing extends to overhead structural supports, install to produce joints at tops of framing systems that prevent axial loading of finished assemblies.
- B. Extend partition framing full height to structural supports or substrates above suspended ceilings, except where partitions are indicated to terminate at suspended ceilings. Continue framing over frames for doors and openings and frame around ducts penetrating partitions above ceiling to provide support for gypsum board.
  - 1. Cut studs 1/2 inch short of full height to provide perimeter relief.
  - 2. Fire-Resistance-Rated Partitions: Install framing to comply with fire-resistance-rated assembly indicated and support closures and to make partitions continuous from floor to underside of solid structure.
  - 3. Sound-Rated Partitions: Install framing to comply with sound-rated assembly indicated.
- C. Install steel studs so flanges point in the same direction and leading edge or end of each panel can be attached to open (unsupported) edges of stud flanges first.
- D. Space studs as follows:
  - 1. Single-Layer Application: 16 inches o.c., unless otherwise indicated.

- 2. Multilayer Application: 16 inches o.c., unless otherwise indicated.
- E. Frame door openings to comply with GA-600 and with gypsum board manufacturer's applicable written recommendations, unless otherwise indicated. Screw vertical studs at jambs to jamb anchor clips on door frames; install runner track section (for cripple studs) at head and secure to jamb studs.
  - 1. Install two studs at each jamb, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 2. Where control joints are indicated at corners of doors or other openings, install cripple studs at head adjacent to each jamb stud, with a minimum 1/2-inch clearance from jamb stud to allow for installation of control joint.
- F. Frame openings other than door openings the same as required for door openings, unless otherwise indicated. Install framing below sills of openings to match framing required above door heads.
- G. Installation Tolerance: Install each steel framing and furring member so fastening surfaces vary not more than 1/8 inch from the plane formed by the faces of adjacent framing.
- 3.4 INSTALLATION AND FINISHING OF PANELS, GENERAL
  - A. Gypsum Board Application and Finishing Standards: ASTM C840 and GA-216.
  - B. Install sound attenuation blankets before installing gypsum panels, unless blankets are readily installed after panels have been installed on one side.
    - 1. Where unsupported height exceeds 48 inches, support blankets mechanically.
  - C. Install ceiling board panels across framing to minimize the number of abutting end joints and to avoid abutting end joints in the central area of each ceiling. Stagger abutting end joints of adjacent panels not less than one framing member.
  - D. Install gypsum panels with face side out. Butt panels together for a light contact at edges and ends with not more than 1/16 inch of open space between panels. Do not force into place.
  - E. Locate edge and end joints over supports, except in ceiling applications where intermediate supports or gypsum board back-blocking is provided behind end joints. Do not place tapered edges against cut edges or ends. Stagger vertical joints on opposite sides of partitions. Do not make joints other than control joints at corners of framed openings.
  - F. Attach gypsum panels to steel studs so leading edge or end of each panel is attached to open (unsupported) edges of stud flanges first.
  - G. Attach gypsum panels to framing provided at openings and cutouts.

- H. Spot grout hollow metal door frames for solid-core wood doors, hollow metal doors, and doors over 32 inches wide. Apply spot grout at each jamb anchor clip and immediately insert gypsum panels into frames.
- I. Form control and expansion joints with space between edges of adjoining gypsum panels.
- J. Cover both faces of steel stud partition framing with gypsum panels in concealed spaces (above ceilings, etc.), except in chases braced internally.
  - 1. Unless concealed application is indicated or required for sound, fire, air, or smoke ratings, coverage may be accomplished with scraps of not less than 8 sq. ft. in area.
  - 2. Fit gypsum panels around ducts, pipes, and conduits.
  - 3. Where partitions intersect open concrete coffers, concrete joists, and other structural members projecting below underside of floor/roof slabs and decks, cut gypsum panels to fit profile formed by coffers, joists, and other structural members; allow 1/4- to 3/8-inch- wide joints to install sealant.
- K. Isolate perimeter of non-load-bearing gypsum board partitions at structural abutments, except floors. Provide 1/4- to 1/2-inch-wide spaces at these locations, and trim edges with U-bead edge trim where edges of gypsum panels are exposed. Seal joints between edges and abutting structural surfaces with acoustical sealant.
- L. Sealing STC-Rated Assemblies and Partitions with Sound-Attenuation Blankets: Seal construction at perimeters, behind control and expansion joints, and at openings and penetrations with a continuous bead of acoustical sealant. Install acoustical sealant at both faces of partitions at perimeters and through penetrations. Comply with ASTM C919 and manufacturer's written recommendations for locating edge trim and closing off sound-flanking paths around or through gypsum board assemblies, including sealing partitions above acoustical ceilings.
- M. Space fasteners in gypsum panels according to referenced gypsum board application and finishing standard and manufacturer's written recommendations.
  - 1. Space screws a maximum of 12 inches o.c. for vertical applications.

### 3.5 INSTALLATION OF INTERIOR GYPSUM BOARD

- A. Install interior gypsum board in the following locations:
  - 1. Type X: Vertical and horizontal surfaces 8 feet above finish floor, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 2. Impact-Resistant Type: First 8 feet above finish floor in corridors, and where indicated on Drawings.

## B. Single-Layer Application:

- 1. On ceilings, apply gypsum panels before wall/partition board application to the greatest extent possible and at right angles to framing, unless otherwise indicated.
- 2. On partitions/walls, apply gypsum panels vertically (parallel to framing), unless otherwise indicated or required by fire-resistance-rated assembly, and minimize end joints.
  - a. Stagger abutting end joints not less than one framing member in alternate courses of board.
  - b. At stairwells and other high walls, install panels horizontally, unless otherwise indicated or required by fire-resistance-rated assembly.
- C. Multilayer Application on Partitions/Walls: Apply gypsum board indicated for base layers and face layers vertically (parallel to framing) with joints of base layers located over stud or furring member and face-layer joints offset at least one stud or furring member with base-layer joints, unless otherwise indicated or required by fire-resistance-rated assembly. Stagger joints on opposite sides of partitions.
- D. Single-Layer Fastening Methods: Apply gypsum panels to supports with steel drill screws.
- E. Multilayer Fastening Methods: Fasten base layers and face layers separately to supports with screws.
- F. Laminating to Substrate: Where gypsum panels are indicated as directly adhered to a substrate (other than studs, joists, furring members, or base layer of gypsum board), comply with gypsum board manufacturer's written recommendations and temporarily brace or fasten gypsum panels until fastening adhesive has set.

#### 3.6 INSTALLATION OF TRIM ACCESSORIES

- A. General: For trim with back flanges intended for fasteners, attach to framing with same fasteners used for panels. Otherwise, attach trim according to manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 1. Install plastic trim accessories according to manufacturer's written instructions using manufacturer's recommended joint compound additive, spray adhesive, and 1/2 inch divergent staples at six to ten inches on center. Install plastic trim accessories designed for direct embedment in joint compound according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Control Joints: Install control joints according to ASTM C840 and in specific locations approved by Architect for visual effect.
  - Ceilings: Install control joints at a spacing not exceeding 50 feet on center or according to ASTM C840, whichever is less, unless a closer spacing is indicated, or if not indicated, at locations approved by Architect.

- 2. Partitions: Install control joints at a spacing not exceeding 30 feet on center or according to ASTM C840, which ever is less, unless a closer spacing is indicated, or if not indicated, at locations approved by Architect.
- C. Interior Trim: Install in the following locations:
  - 1. Cornerbead: Use at outside corners.
  - 2. LC-bead (200-A): Use at exposed panel edges and where gypsum panels abut other construction.

### 3.7 FINISHING OF GYPSUM BOARD

- A. General: Treat gypsum board joints, interior angles, flanges of cornerbead, edge trim, control joints, penetrations, fastener heads, surface defects, and elsewhere as required to prepare gypsum board surfaces for decoration. Promptly remove residual joint compound from adjacent surfaces.
- B. Prefill open joints, rounded or beveled edges, and damaged surface areas.
- C. Apply joint tape over gypsum board joints, except those with trim having flanges not intended for tape.
- D. Gypsum Board Finish Levels: Finish panels to levels indicated below, according to ASTM C840:
  - 1. Level 1: Ceiling plenum areas, concealed areas, and where indicated.
  - 2. Level 4: Embed tape and apply separate first, fill, and finish coats of joint compound to tape, fasteners, and trim flanges at panel surfaces that will be exposed to view, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 3. Level 5: Where indicated on Drawings, embed tape and apply separate first, fill, and finish coats of joint compound to tape, fasteners, and trim flanges at panel surfaces that will receive semi-gloss and high-gloss paint or marker board coatings, and where indicated.
    - a. Primer and its application to surfaces are specified in other Division 09 Sections.

#### 3.8 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Above-Ceiling Observation: Before Contractor installs gypsum board ceilings, Architect will conduct an above-ceiling observation and report deficiencies in the Work observed. Do not proceed with installation of gypsum board to ceiling support framing until deficiencies have been corrected.
  - 1. Notify Architect seven days in advance of date and time when Project, or part of Project, will be ready for an above-ceiling observation.

- 2. Prior to notifying Architect, complete the following in areas to receive gypsum board ceilings:
  - a. Installation of 80 percent of lighting fixtures, powered for operation.
  - b. Installation, insulation, and leak and pressure testing of water piping systems.
  - c. Installation of air duct systems.
  - d. Installation of air devices.
  - e. Installation of mechanical system control air tubing.
  - f. Installation of ceiling support framing.

### 3.9 PROTECTION

- A. Protect adjacent surfaces from drywall compound and promptly remove from floors and other non-drywall surfaces. Repair surfaces stained, marred, or otherwise damaged during drywall application.
- B. Protect installed products from damage from weather, condensation, direct sunlight, construction, and other causes during remainder of the construction period.
- C. Remove and replace panels that are wet, moisture damaged, and mold damaged.
  - 1. Indications that panels are wet or moisture damaged include, but are not limited to, discoloration, sagging, or irregular shape.
  - 2. Indications that panels are mold damaged include, but are not limited to, fuzzy or splotchy surface contamination and discoloration.

**END OF SECTION 092116** 

#### SECTION 095113 - ACOUSTICAL PANEL CEILINGS

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

#### A. Section Includes:

- 1. Exposed suspension systems.
- 2. Acoustical panels.

#### 1.3 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate layout and installation of acoustical panels and suspension system with other construction that penetrates ceilings or is supported by them, including light fixtures, HVAC equipment, fire-suppression system, and partition assemblies.

# 1.4 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

# 1.5 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product specified.
- B. Sustainable Design Submittals:
  - 1. Laboratory Test Reports: For ceiling products, indicating compliance with requirements for low-emitting materials.
- C. Samples for Initial Selection: For components with factory-applied color finishes.
- D. Samples for Verification: For each component indicated and for each exposed finish required, prepared on Samples of size indicated below.
  - 1. Acoustical Panel: Set of 6-inch-square Samples of each type, color, pattern, and texture.
  - 2. Exposed Suspension-System Members, Moldings, and Trim: Set of 6-inch-long Samples of each type, finish, and color.

### 1.6 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Test Reports: Indicate compliance of acoustical panel ceilings and components with requirements based on comprehensive testing of current products.
- B. Evaluation Reports: For each acoustical panel ceiling suspension system, from ICC-ES.

# 1.7 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: For finishes to include in maintenance manuals.

#### 1.8 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials described below that match products installed, are packaged with protective covering for storage, and are identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Acoustical Ceiling Units: Full-size units equal to 2 percent of amount installed.
  - 2. Suspension System Components: Quantity of each exposed component equal to 2 percent of amount installed.

### 1.9 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Mockups: Build mockups to verify selections made under Sample submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects and to set quality standards for materials and execution.
  - 1. Build mockup of typical ceiling area as shown on Drawings, or if not indicated, as directed by Architect.
  - 2. Approval of mockups does not constitute approval of deviations from the Contract Documents contained in mockups unless Architect specifically approves such deviations in writing.
  - 3. Subject to compliance with requirements, approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

## 1.10 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver acoustical panels, suspension-system components, and accessories to Project site in original, unopened packages and store them in a fully enclosed, conditioned space where they will be protected against damage from moisture, humidity, temperature extremes, direct sunlight, surface contamination, and other causes.
- B. Before installing acoustical panels, permit them to reach room temperature and a stabilized moisture content.
- C. Handle acoustical panels carefully to avoid chipping edges or damaging units in any way.

### 1.11 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Do not install acoustical panel ceilings until spaces are enclosed and weatherproof, wet-work in spaces is complete and dry, work above ceilings is complete, and ambient temperature and humidity conditions are maintained at the levels indicated for Project when occupied for its intended use.
  - 1. Pressurized Plenums: Operate ventilation system for not less than 48 hours before beginning acoustical panel ceiling installation.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 SOURCE LIMITATIONS

A. Obtain each type of acoustical ceiling panel and its supporting suspension system from single source from single manufacturer.

### 2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Verify ceiling products comply with the requirements of the California Department of Public Health's "Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers."
- B. Surface-Burning Characteristics: Comply with ASTM E84; testing by a qualified testing agency. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
  - 1. Flame-Spread Index: Class A materials according to ASTM E1264.
  - 2. Smoke-Developed Index: 50 or less.

### 2.3 ACOUSTICAL PANELS, GENERAL

- A. Acoustical Panel Standard: Provide manufacturer's standard panels according to ASTM E1264 and designated by type, form, pattern, acoustical rating, and light reflectance unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Acoustical Panel Colors and Patterns: Match appearance characteristics indicated for each product type.

### 2.4 ACOUSTICAL PANELS

A. Product: Match existing.

### 2.5 METAL SUSPENSION SYSTEM

A. Product: Match existing.

### 2.6 ACCESSORIES

- A. Attachment Devices: Size for five times design load indicated in ASTM C635, Table 1, Direct Hung, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Wire Hangers, Braces, and Ties: Provide wires as follows:
  - 1. Zinc-Coated, Carbon-Steel Wire: ASTM A641/A641M, Class 1 zinc coating, soft temper.
  - 2. Size: Wire diameter sufficient for its stress at three times hanger design load (ASTM C635/C635M, Table 1, "Direct Hung") will be less than yield stress of wire, but not less than 0.106-inch-diameter wire.

### 2.7 METAL EDGE MOLDINGS AND TRIM

- A. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide metal edge moldings and trim manufactured by metal suspension system manufacturer.
- B. Roll-Formed, Sheet-Metal Edge Moldings and Trim: Type and profile indicated or, if not indicated, manufacturer's standard moldings for edges and penetrations; formed from sheet metal of same material, finish, and color as that used for exposed flanges of suspension system runners.
  - 1. Edge moldings shall fit acoustical panel edge details and suspension systems indicated and match width and configuration of exposed runners unless otherwise indicated.
  - 2. For lay-in panels with reveal edge details, provide stepped edge molding that forms reveal of same depth and width as that formed between edge of panel and flange at exposed suspension member.
  - 3. For circular penetrations of ceiling, provide edge moldings fabricated to diameter required to fit penetration exactly.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, including structural framing to which acoustical panel ceilings attach or abut, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements specified in this and other Sections that affect ceiling installation and anchorage and with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of acoustical panel ceilings.
- B. Examine acoustical panels before installation. Reject acoustical panels that are wet, moisture damaged, or mold damaged.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Measure each ceiling area and establish layout of acoustical panels to balance border widths at opposite edges of each ceiling. Avoid using less-than-half-width panels at borders unless otherwise indicated, and comply with layout shown on reflected ceiling plans.
- B. Layout openings for penetrations centered on the penetrating items.

#### 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Install acoustical panel ceilings according to ASTM C636/C636M and manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Suspend ceiling hangers from building's structural members and as follows:
  - 1. Install hangers plumb and free from contact with insulation or other objects within ceiling plenum that are not part of supporting structure or of ceiling suspension system.
  - 2. Splay hangers only where required to miss obstructions; offset resulting horizontal forces by bracing, countersplaying, or other equally effective means.
  - 3. Where width of ducts and other construction within ceiling plenum produces hanger spacings that interfere with location of hangers at spacings required to support standard suspension-system members, install supplemental suspension members and hangers in form of trapezes or equivalent devices.
  - 4. Secure wire hangers to ceiling suspension members and to supports above with a minimum of three tight turns. Connect hangers directly either to structures or to inserts, eye screws, or other devices that are secure; that are appropriate for substrate; and that will not deteriorate or otherwise fail due to age, corrosion, or elevated temperatures.
  - 5. Do not support ceilings directly from permanent metal forms or floor deck. Fasten hangers to cast-in-place hanger inserts, postinstalled mechanical or adhesive anchors, or power-actuated fasteners that extend through forms into concrete.
  - 6. When steel framing does not permit installation of hanger wires at spacing required, install carrying channels or other supplemental support for attachment of hanger wires.
  - 7. Do not attach hangers to steel deck tabs.
  - 8. Do not attach hangers to steel roof deck. Attach hangers to structural members.
  - 9. Space hangers not more than 48 inches o.c. along each member supported directly from hangers unless otherwise indicated; provide hangers not more than 8 inches from ends of each member.
  - 10. Size supplemental suspension members and hangers to support ceiling loads within performance limits established by referenced standards and publications.
- C. Install edge moldings and trim of type indicated at perimeter of acoustical ceiling area and where necessary to conceal edges of acoustical panels.
  - 1. Screw attach moldings to substrate at intervals not more than 16 inches o.c. and not more than 3 inches from ends. Miter corners accurately and connect securely.

- 2. Do not use exposed fasteners, including pop rivets, on moldings and trim.
- D. Install suspension system runners so they are square and securely interlocked with one another. Remove and replace dented, bent, or kinked members.
- E. Install acoustical panels with undamaged edges and fit accurately into suspensionsystem runners and edge moldings. Scribe and cut panels at borders and penetrations to provide precise fit.
  - 1. Arrange directionally patterned acoustical panels as follows:
    - a. Install panels with pattern running in one direction parallel to short axis of space.
  - 2. For square-edged panels, install panels with edges fully hidden from view by flanges of suspension-system runners and moldings.
  - 3. For reveal-edged panels on suspension-system runners, install panels with bottom of reveal in firm contact with top surface of runner flanges.
  - 4. Paint cut edges of panel remaining exposed after installation; match color of exposed panel surfaces using coating recommended in writing for this purpose by acoustical panel manufacturer.

#### 3.4 CLEANING

- A. Clean exposed surfaces of acoustical panel ceilings, including trim, edge moldings, and suspension system members. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning and touchup of minor finish damage.
- B. Remove and replace ceiling components that cannot be successfully cleaned and repaired to permanently eliminate evidence of damage.

**END OF SECTION 095113** 

#### SECTION 096513.13 - RESILIENT BASE

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

Section includes resilient base.

#### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product specified.
- B. Sustainable Design Submittals:
  - 1. Laboratory Test Reports: For resilient base and adhesives, indicating compliance with requirements for low-emitting materials.
  - 2. Environmental Product Declaration: For each product.
  - 3. Health Product Declaration: For each product.
- C. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of product indicated.
- D. Samples for Verification: For each type of product indicated and for each color, texture, and pattern required in manufacturer's standard-size Samples, but not less than 12 inches long.
- E. Product Schedule: For resilient base products. Use same designations indicated on Drawings.

# 1.4 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials described below that match products installed, are packaged with protective covering for storage, and are identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Furnish not less than 10 linear feet for every 500 linear feet or fraction thereof, of each type, color, pattern, and size of resilient product installed.

### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: Engage an experienced installer to perform work of this Section who has specialized in installing resilient products similar to those required for this Project and with a record of successful in-service performance.
- B. Mockups: Build mockups to verify selections made under Sample submittals, to demonstrate aesthetic effects, and to set quality standards for materials and execution.
  - 1. Coordinate mockups in this Section with mockups specified in other Sections.
  - 2. Approval of mockups does not constitute approval of deviations from the Contract Documents contained in mockups unless Architect specifically approves such deviations in writing.
  - 3. Subject to compliance with requirements, approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

### 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver products to Project site in manufacturer's original, unopened cartons and containers, each bearing names of product and manufacturer, Project identification, and shipping and handling instructions.
- B. Store resilient products and installation materials in dry spaces protected from the weather, with ambient temperatures maintained within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 50 deg F or more than 90 deg F.
- C. Move products into spaces where they will be installed at least 48 hours before installation, unless longer conditioning period is recommended in writing by manufacturer.

#### 1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Maintain ambient temperatures within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 70 deg F or more than 95 deg F, in spaces to receive resilient products during the following periods:
  - 1. 48 hours before installation.
  - 2. During installation.
  - 48 hours after installation.
- B. After installation and until Substantial Completion, maintain ambient temperatures within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 55 deg F or more than 95 deg F.
- C. Install resilient products after other finishing operations, including painting, have been completed.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 SOURCE LIMITATIONS

A. Obtain each type and color of product specified from one source with resources to provide products of consistent quality in appearance and physical properties without delaying the Work.

#### 2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Verify products comply with the requirements of the California Department of Public Health's "Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers."

#### 2.3 THERMOSET RESILIENT BASE

- A. Resilient Base:
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Flexco; Roppe Holding Company.
    - b. Johnsonite; a Tarkett company.
    - c. Nora by Interface.
    - d. Roppe Corporation; Roppe Holding Company.
- B. Product Standard: ASTM F1861, Type TS (rubber, vulcanized thermoset), Group I (solid, homogeneous).
  - 1. Style and Location:
    - a. Style B, Cove.
- C. Thickness: 0.125 inch.
- D. Height: 4 inches inches.
- E. Lengths: Coils in manufacturer's standard length.
- F. Outside Corners: Job formed or preformed.
- G. Inside Corners: Job formed or preformed.
- H. Colors and Patterns: As indicated on Drawings, or if not indicated, as selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

### 2.4 INSTALLATION MATERIALS

- A. Adhesives: Water-resistant type recommended by manufacturer to suit resilient products and substrate conditions indicated.
  - Verify adhesive complies with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Public Health's "Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers."

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
  - 1. Verify that finishes of substrates comply with tolerances and other requirements specified in other Sections and that substrates are free of cracks, ridges, depressions, scale, and foreign deposits that might interfere with adhesion of resilient products.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
  - 1. Installation of resilient products indicates acceptance of surfaces and conditions.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Prepare substrates according to manufacturer's written instructions to ensure adhesion of resilient products.
- B. Fill cracks, holes, and depressions in substrates with trowelable leveling and patching compound and remove bumps and ridges to produce a uniform and smooth substrate.
- C. Do not install resilient products until they are same temperature as the space where they are to be installed.
  - 1. Move resilient products and installation materials into spaces where they will be installed at least 48 hours in advance of installation.
- D. Immediately before installation, sweep and vacuum clean substrates to be covered by resilient products.

### 3.3 RESILIENT BASE INSTALLATION

A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for installing resilient base.

- B. Apply resilient base to walls, columns, pilasters, casework and cabinets in toe spaces, and other permanent fixtures in rooms and areas where base is required.
- C. Install resilient base in lengths as long as practicable without gaps at seams and with tops of adjacent pieces aligned.
- D. Tightly adhere resilient base to substrate throughout length of each piece, with base in continuous contact with horizontal and vertical substrates.
- E. Do not stretch resilient base during installation.
- F. On masonry surfaces or other similar irregular substrates, fill voids along top edge of resilient wall base with manufacturer's recommended adhesive filler material.
- G. Corners: Either preformed or job-formed corners, as follows:
  - 1. Preformed Corners: Install preformed corners before installing straight pieces.
  - 2. Outside Corners: Use straight pieces of maximum lengths possible and form with returns not less than 3 inches in length.
    - a. Form without producing discoloration (whitening) at bends.
  - 3. Inside Corners: Use straight pieces of maximum lengths possible and form with returns not less than 3 inches in length.
    - a. Miter or cope corners to minimize open joints.

#### 3.4 CLEANING AND PROTECTING

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning and protection of resilient products.
- B. Perform the following operations immediately after completing resilient product installation:
  - 1. Remove adhesive and other blemishes from exposed surfaces.
  - 2. Clean surfaces to remove marks and soil.
- C. Protect resilient products from mars, marks, indentations, and other damage from construction operations and placement of equipment and fixtures during remainder of construction period.

END OF SECTION 096513

#### SECTION 096566 - RESILIENT ATHLETIC FLOORING

### PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification sections, apply to work of this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes rubber sheet flooring.
- B. Alternates: Refer to Division 01 Section "Alternates" for description of Work in this Section affected by alternates.
- C. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Division 09 Section "Resilient Wall Base and Accessories" for wall base and accessories installed with flooring.

### 1.3 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate layout and installation of flooring with floor inserts for gymnasium equipment.

#### 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product specified.
- B. Sustainable Design Submittal:
  - 1. Laboratory Test Reports: For floor covering products, adhesives, game-line and marker paints, and sealants, indicating compliance with requirements for low-emitting materials.
  - 2. Environmental Product Declaration: For each product.
  - 3. Health Product Declaration: For each product.
- C. Shop Drawings: Show installation details and locations of the following:
  - 1. Border tiles.
  - 2. Floor patterns.
  - 3. Layout, colors, widths, and dimensions of game lines and markers.
  - 4. Locations of floor inserts for athletic equipment installed through flooring.
  - 5. Seam locations for sheet flooring.

- D. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of flooring indicated.
  - 1. Game-Line and Marker Paint: Include charts showing available colors and glosses.
- E. Samples for Verification: For each type, color, and pattern of flooring indicated, 6-inch square Samples of same thickness and material indicated for the Work.
  - 1. Game-Line- and Marker-Paint Samples: Include Sample sets showing game-lineand marker-paint colors applied to flooring.

#### 1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Qualification Data: For qualified sheet flooring Installer.

# 1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: For flooring to include in maintenance manuals.

#### 1.7 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Deliver extra materials to Owner. Furnish extra materials matching products installed as described below, packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels clearly describing contents.
  - 1. Sheet Flooring: Furnish full-width rolls of not less than 10 linear feet for each 500 linear feet or fraction thereof, of each type, color, and pattern of flooring installed.

### 1.8 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Sheet Flooring Installer Qualifications: An experienced Installer who has completed sheet flooring installations using seaming methods indicated for this Project and similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project; who is acceptable to manufacturer; and whose work has resulted in installations with a record of successful in-service performance.
- B. Mockups: Build mockups to verify selections made under sample submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects and set quality standards for materials and execution.
  - 1. Build mockups for floor coverings including resilient base and accessories.
    - a. Size: Minimum 100 sq ft for each type, color, and pattern in locations directed by Architect.
  - 2. Subject to compliance with requirements, approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

# 1.9 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver materials in original packages and containers, with seals unbroken, bearing manufacturer's labels indicating brand name and directions for storing.
- B. Store materials to prevent deterioration. Store rolls upright.
- C. Store resilient athletic flooring materials in dry spaces protected from the weather with temperature between 50 deg F and 90 deg F.
- D. Move resilient athletic flooring and installation accessories into spaces where they will be installed at least 48 hours in advance of installation.

### 1.10 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Adhesively Applied Products:
  - 1. Maintain temperatures during installation within range recommended in writing by manufacturer, but not less than 70 deg F or more than 95 deg F, in spaces to receive flooring 48 hours before installation, during installation, and 48 hours after installation unless longer period is recommended in writing by manufacturer.
  - 2. After postinstallation period, maintain temperatures within range recommended in writing by manufacturer, but not less than 55 deg F or more than 95 deg F.
  - 3. Close spaces to traffic during flooring installation.
  - 4. Close spaces to traffic for 48 hours after flooring installation unless manufacturer recommends longer period in writing.
  - 5. During installation.
- B. Install flooring after other finishing operations, including painting, have been completed.

#### 1.11 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty for Resilient Athletic Flooring: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace resilient athletic floorings that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Warranty does not include deterioration or failure of resilient athletic floorings due to unusual traffic, failure of substrate, vandalism, or abuse.
  - 2. Failures include, but are not limited to, permanent indentation or compression and delamination.
  - 3. Warranty Period for Manufacturing Defects: Three years from date of Substantial Completion.
  - 4. Warranty Period for Excessive Wear: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 SOURCE LIMITATIONS

A. Obtain each type, color, and pattern of resilient athletic flooring from a single source with resources to provide products of consistent quality in appearance and physical properties without delaying progress of the work.

### 2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Flooring products shall comply with the requirements of the California Department of Public Health's "Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers."
- B. Fire Performance Characteristics: Provide resilient athletic flooring with the following fire performance characteristics as determined by testing products per ASTM test method indicated below by Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. (UL) or another testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 1. Critical Radiant Flux: 0.45 watts per sq cm or more per ASTM E648.
  - 2. Smoke Density: Less than 450 per ASTM E662.

#### 2.3 FLOOR COVERING

- A. Basis-of-Design Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, As listed in Specification 012399 Alternates
  - 1) Alternate Bid No. 1: Mondo Advance 8 mm w/ Everlay T (1.5 mm) encapsulation layer.
  - 2) Alternate Bid No. 3: Mondo; Advance 8 mm full depth assembly.
  - 3) Alternate Bid No. 4: Tarkett Omnisport HPL Resilient Floor 9 mm
- B. Description: Rubber athletic flooring provided as rolled goods for adhered installation.
- C. Material: Rubber wear layer and rubber shock absorbent layer, vulcanized together.
- D. Traffic-Surface Texture: Smooth with matte finish.
- E. Roll Size: Not less than 6 feet by longest length that is practical to minimize splicing during installation.
- F. Overall Thickness: Not less than thicknesses stated in basis of design above.
- G. Color and Pattern: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

- H. Border: Interlocking, beveled-edge tiles, of same material as sheet flooring; with bevels that transition from thickness of sheet flooring to surface below it; with straight outside edges; for use where flooring corners and edges do not abut vertical surfaces.
  - 1. Border Color and Pattern: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range to contrast with floor tile.

#### 2.4 ACCESSORIES

- A. Trowelable Leveling and Patching Compound: Latex-modified, hydraulic-cement-based formulation approved by flooring manufacturer.
- B. Adhesives: Water-resistant type recommended in writing by manufacturer for substrate and conditions indicated.
  - Adhesive shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Public Health's "Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers."
- C. Game-Line and Marker Paint: Complete system including primer, if any, compatible with flooring and recommended in writing by flooring and paint manufacturers for use indicated.
  - Paint shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers."

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances, moisture content, and other conditions affecting performance.
  - 1. Verify that finishes of substrates comply with tolerances and other requirements specified in other Sections and that substrates are free of cracks, ridges, depressions, scale, and foreign deposits that might interfere with adhesion of resilient products.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Prepare substrates according to manufacturer's written recommendations to ensure adhesion of resilient products.
- B. Concrete Substrates: Prepare according to ASTM F710.
  - 1. Verify that substrates are dry and free of curing compounds, sealers, and hardeners.
  - 2. Where floor coverings are installed over existing concrete slabs-on-grade, provide moisture-vapor emission control system complying with Division 09 Section "Moisture-Vapor Emission Control System."
  - 3. Where floor coverings are installed over moisture-vapor emission control system, or where floor coverings have been abated, or where floor coverings have been removed in areas of new floor coverings, prepare flooring substrates and provide hydraulic cement underlayment to comply with Division 03 Section "Hydraulic Cement Underlayment" and floorcovering manufacturer.
  - 4. Alkalinity Testing: Perform pH testing according to ASTM F710. Proceed with installation only if pH readings are not less than 7.0 and not greater than 8.5.
  - 5. Moisture Testing: Perform tests so that each test area does not exceed 200 sq. ft., and perform no fewer than three tests in each installation area and with test areas evenly spaced in installation areas.
    - a. Anhydrous Calcium Chloride Test: ASTM F1869. Proceed with installation only after substrates have maximum moisture-vapor-emission rate of 3 lb of water/1000 sq ft in 24 hours.
    - b. Relative Humidity Test: Using in-situ probes, ASTM F2170. Proceed with installation only after substrates have a maximum 75 percent relative humidity level measurement.
  - 6. Perform additional tests recommended by manufacturer. Proceed with installation only after substrates pass testing.
- C. Remove substrate coatings and other substances that are incompatible with adhesives and that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone, using mechanical methods recommended by manufacturer. Do not use solvents.
- D. Use trowelable leveling and patching compound to fill cracks, holes, and depressions in substrates
  - 1. Include an allowance of one 10-lb bag/1000 sq ft of tile area.
- E. Move flooring and installation materials into spaces where they will be installed at least 48 hours in advance of installation unless manufacturer recommends a longer period in writing.
  - 1. Do not install resilient athletic flooring until it is same temperature as space where it is to be installed.

F. Sweep and vacuum clean substrates to be covered by flooring immediately before installation. After cleaning, examine substrates for moisture, alkaline salts, carbonation, and dust. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### 3.3 FLOORING INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written installation instructions.
- B. Scribe, cut, and fit floor coverings to butt neatly and tightly to vertical surfaces, equipment anchors, floor outlets, and other interruptions of floor surface.
- C. Extend floor coverings into toe spaces, door reveals, closets, and similar openings, unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Maintain reference markers, holes, and openings that are in place or marked for future cutting by repeating subfloor markings on flooring. Use nonpermanent, nonstaining marking device.

#### 3.4 SHEET FLOORING INSTALLATION

- A. Unroll sheet floorings and allow them to stabilize before cutting and fitting.
- B. Lay out sheet flooring as follows:
  - 1. Maintain uniformity of flooring direction.
  - 2. Minimize number of seams; place seams in inconspicuous and low-traffic areas, at least 6 inches away from parallel joints in flooring substrates.
  - 3. Match edges of flooring for color shading at seams.
  - 4. Locate seams per approved Shop Drawings.
- C. Adhere products to substrates using a full spread of adhesive applied to substrate to comply with adhesive and flooring manufacturers' written instructions, including those for trowel notching, adhesive mixing, and adhesive open and working times.
  - 1. Provide completed installation without open cracks, voids, raising and puckering at joints, telegraphing of adhesive spreader marks, and other surface imperfections.
- D. Hand roll resilient athletic flooring in both directions from center out to embed resilient athletic flooring in adhesive and eliminate trapped air. At walls, door casings, and other locations where access by roller is impractical, press resilient athletic flooring in place with flat-bladed instrument.

#### 3.5 GAME LINES AND MARKERS

A. Mask flooring at game lines and markers, and apply paint to produce sharp edges. Where crossing, break minor game line at intersection; do not overlap lines.

B. Apply game lines and markers in widths and colors according to requirements indicated on Drawings.

### 3.6 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Perform the following operations immediately after completing flooring installation:
  - 1. Remove adhesive and other blemishes from flooring surfaces.
  - 2. Sweep or vacuum floor thoroughly.
  - 3. Damp-mop flooring to remove marks and soil after time period recommended in writing by manufacturer.
- B. Protect flooring from mars, marks, indentations, and other damage from construction operations and placement of equipment and fixtures during remainder of construction period. Use protection methods recommended in writing by manufacturer.
  - 1. Include nonstaining construction-grade natural kraft paper secured with non-tacky blue floor tape.
  - 2. Do not move heavy and sharp objects directly over flooring. Protect flooring with plywood or hardboard panels to prevent damage from storing or moving objects over flooring.

END OF SECTION 096566

#### SECTION 096766 - FLUID APPLIED ATHLETIC FLOORING

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes polyurethane flooring that is fluid applied over base mats.
- B. Alternates: Refer to Division 01 Section "Alternates" for description of Work in this Section affected by alternates.
- C. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Division 09 Section "Resilient Wall Base and Accessories" for wall base and accessories installed with fluid-applied sports flooring.

### 1.3 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate layout and installation of flooring with floor inserts for gymnasium equipment.

# 1.4 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

- A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site. Review methods and procedures related to flooring application including, but not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Substrate conditions, including moisture content.

#### 1.5 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Sustainable Design Submittal:
  - 1. Environmental Product Declaration: For each product.
  - 2. Laboratory Test Reports: For flooring products, adhesives, paints and coatings, indicating compliance with requirements for low-emitting materials.

- C. Shop Drawings: For flooring. Show installation details including layout, colors, widths, and dimensions of game lines and markers and locations of athletic equipment floor inserts.
- D. Samples: For each color, gloss, and texture of floor required, 12 inches square, applied to a rigid backing. Include Sample sets showing the game-line- and marker-paint colors applied to the flooring.
- E. Samples for Verification: For each color, gloss, and texture of flooring required, 12 inches square, applied to a rigid backing. Include Sample sets showing the game-line-and marker-paint colors applied to the flooring.

#### 1.6 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For Installer.
- B. Sample Warranties: For special warranties.

### 1.7 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: For fluid-applied sports flooring to include in maintenance manuals.

#### 1.8 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: An installer who is approved, trained, or certified by fluid-applied athletic flooring manufacturer.

# 1.9 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver materials in original packages and containers, with seals unbroken, bearing manufacturer's labels indicating brand name and directions for storing.
- B. Store fluid-applied athletic flooring materials in dry spaces protected from the weather with temperature between 50 deg F and 90 deg F.

#### 1.10 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Comply with flooring manufacturer's written instructions for substrate temperature, ambient temperature, humidity, ventilation, and other conditions affecting flooring application.
  - 1. Do not apply flooring until spaces are enclosed and weatherproof; wet-work in spaces is complete and dry; and overhead work, including installing mechanical systems, lighting, and athletic equipment, is complete.
  - 2. Maintain temperatures during installation within range recommended in writing by manufacturer, but not less than 70 deg F or more than 95 deg F, in spaces to

- receive flooring 48 hours before installation, during installation, and 48 hours after installation unless longer period is recommended in writing by manufacturer.
- 3. After installation period, maintain temperatures within range recommended in writing by manufacturer, but not less than 55 deg F or more than 95 deg F.
- 4. Close spaces to traffic during flooring installation.

### 1.11 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty for Fluid-Applied Athletic Flooring: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace fluid-applied athletic floorings that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Warranty does not include deterioration or failure of fluid-applied athletic floorings due to unusual traffic, failure of substrate, vandalism, or abuse.
  - 2. Warranty Period: Two years from date of Substantial Completion.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Verify flooring products comply with the requirements of the California Department of Public Health's "Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers."
- B. Game Lines and Markers: Comply with requirements of National Federation of State High School Associations for sports activities indicated.
- C. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of fluid-applied athletic flooring through single source from single manufacturer.

#### 2.2 FLOORING APPLIED OVER BASE MATS

- A. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Tarkett Sports; a division of the Tarkett Group; PolyTurf Pad and Pour, Full depth poured urethane w/ 7 mm pad and 9 mm overall depth.
- B. Description: Fluid-applied athletic flooring system consisting of resilient base mat adhered to substrate, base mat sealer, and fluid-applied polyurethane body and topcoats.
- C. Verify flooring products comply with the requirements of the California Department of Public Health's "Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers."
- D. Base Mat: Manufacturer's standard base mats of granulated recycled rubber in polyurethane binder.
  - 1. Thickness: 9/32 inch.

- E. Base-Mat Adhesive: Manufacturer's standard two-component polyurethane.
  - 1. Verify adhesive complies with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Public Health's "Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers."
- F. Base-Mat Sealer: Manufacturer's standard two-component polyurethane compound formulated for sealing base mat.
- G. Body Coat(s): Two-component, self-leveling, pigmented, polyurethane containing no rubber fillers and no mercury.
- H. Topcoat (Finish Coat): Manufacturer's standard pigmented polyurethane.
- I. Finishes:
  - 1. Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
  - 2. Surface Texture: Manufacturer's standard.

### 2.3 ACCESSORIES

- A. Trowelable Leveling and Patching Compound: Latex-modified, hydraulic-cement-based formulation approved by flooring manufacturer.
- B. Game-Line and Marker Paint: Complete system including primer, if any, compatible with flooring and recommended in writing by flooring and paint manufacturers for use indicated.
  - 1. Colors: As selected by Architect and as required to comply with game-line and marker requirements of sports association indicated.
  - 2. Verify products comply with the requirements of the California Department of Public Health's "Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers."

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances, moisture content, and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
  - 1. Verify that finishes of substrates comply with tolerances and other requirements specified in other Sections and that substrates are free of cracks, ridges, depressions, scale, and foreign deposits that might interfere with adhesion of resilient products.

B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Concrete Substrates: Prepare substrates according to manufacturer's written instructions to ensure adhesion of flooring.
  - 1. Verify that substrates are dry and free of curing compounds, sealers, and hardeners. Remove contaminants using mechanical means.
  - 2. Alkalinity Testing: Perform pH testing according to ASTM F710. Proceed with installation only if pH readings are not less than 7.0 and not greater than 8.5.
  - 3. Moisture Testing: Perform tests so that each test area does not exceed 200 sq. ft., and perform no fewer than three tests in each installation area and with test areas evenly spaced in installation areas.
    - a. Anhydrous Calcium Chloride Test: ASTM F1869. Proceed with installation only after substrates have maximum moisture-vapor-emission rate of 3 lb of water/1000 sq. ft. in 24 hours.
    - b. Relative Humidity Test: Using in situ probes, ASTM F2170. Proceed with installation only after substrates have a maximum 75 percent relative humidity level measurement.
- B. Remove substrate coatings and other substances that are incompatible with flooring system components and that contain soap, wax, oil, or silicone, using mechanical methods recommended in writing by manufacturer. Do not use solvents.
- C. Use trowelable leveling and patching compound to fill cracks, holes, and depressions in substrates.
- D. Where floor coverings are installed over existing concrete slabs-on-grade, provide moisture-vapor emission control system complying with Division 09 Section "Moisture-Vapor Emission Control System."
- E. Where floor coverings are installed over moisture-vapor emission control system, or where floor coverings have been abated, or where floor coverings have been removed in areas of new resilient floor coverings, prepare flooring substrates and provide hydraulic cement underlayment to comply with Division 03 Section "Hydraulic Cement Underlayment" and floorcovering manufacturer.
- F. Treat nonmoving substrate cracks and control joints to prevent cracks from telegraphing (reflecting) through flooring, according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- G. Protect substrate voids and joints to prevent flooring resins from flowing into or leaking through them.

- H. Move flooring installation materials into spaces where they will be installed at least 48 hours in advance of installation unless manufacturer recommends a longer period in writing.
  - 1. Do not install flooring until it is same temperature as space where it is to be installed.
- Sweep and vacuum clean substrates to be covered by flooring immediately before installation. After cleaning, examine substrates for moisture, alkaline salts, carbonation, and dust. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
- J. Protect walls, floor openings, athletic equipment inserts, electrical openings, door frames, and other obstructions during installation. Cover floor and wall areas at mixing stations.

## 3.3 FLOORING INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Mix and apply flooring components according to manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 1. At substrate expansion, isolation, and other moving joints, install continuous joint of same width through flooring.

#### 3.4 INSTALLATION OF FLOORING APPLIED OVER BASE MATS

- A. Adhesively apply resilient base mats to substrate according to manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 1. Do not compress mats when fitting into place. Leave gap of width recommended in writing by manufacturer at butted base-mat sheets, walls, floor openings, athletic equipment inserts, electrical openings, door frames, and other obstructions.
  - 2. Roll base mats to set them into adhesive and eliminate air pockets.
  - 3. Repair ridges at seams, loose areas, and air pockets according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Apply seal coat to base mats before applying body coat(s).
- C. Smooth ridges and high spots in seal coat before applying body coat(s).
- D. Apply body coat(s) and topcoat to produce a uniform surface and finish.

### 3.5 GAME LINES AND MARKERS

- A. Mask flooring at game lines and markers, and apply paint to produce sharp edges. Where crossing, break minor game line at intersection; do not overlap lines.
- B. Apply game lines and markers in widths and colors according to requirements indicated on Drawings.

## 3.6 PROTECTION

- A. Close spaces to traffic for manufacturer's written recommended period of time.
- B. Protect flooring from mars, marks, indentations, and other damage from construction operations and placement of equipment and fixtures during remainder of construction period. Use protection methods recommended in writing by manufacturer.
  - 1. Do not move heavy and sharp objects directly over flooring.
  - 2. Include nonstaining construction-grade natural kraft paper secured with non-tacky blue floor tape, and in areas affected by rolling traffic, moving objects, or stored materials, include hardboard-panel protection.

END OF SECTION 096766

### SECTION 099100 - PAINTING

### PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section includes surface preparation and the application of paint systems on exterior and interior substrates.

### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product. Include preparation requirements and application instructions.
- B. Sustainable Design Submittals:
  - 1. Laboratory Test Reports: For paints and coatings, indicating compliance with requirements for low-emitting materials.
  - 2. Environmental Product Declaration (EPD): For each product.
  - 3. Health Product Declaration (HPD): For each product.
- C. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of topcoat product.
- D. Samples for Verification: For each type of paint system and in each color and gloss of topcoat indicated.
  - 1. Submit Samples on rigid backing, 8 inches square.
  - 2. Apply coats on Samples in steps to show each coat required for system.
  - 3. Label each coat of each Sample.
  - 4. Submit stain Samples on representative samples of actual wood substrates, 8 inches square or 8 inches long.
  - 5. Label each Sample for location and application area.
- E. Product Schedule: Use same designations indicated on Drawings and in the Interior Painting Schedule to cross-reference paint systems specified in this Section. Include color designations.

## 1.4 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish maintenance materials, from the same product run, that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Paint, Stains, and Transparent Finishes: 5 percent, but not less than 1 gal of each material and color applied.

### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Mockups: Apply mockups of each paint system indicated and each color and finish selected to verify selections made under Sample submittals, to demonstrate aesthetic effects, and to set quality standards for materials and execution.
  - 1. Architect will select one surface to represent surfaces and conditions for application of each paint system.
    - a. Vertical and Horizontal Surfaces: Provide samples of at least 100 sq ft.
    - b. Other Items: Architect will designate items or areas required.
  - 2. Final approval of color selections will be based on benchmark samples.
    - If preliminary color selections are not approved, apply additional benchmark samples of additional colors selected by Architect at no added cost to Owner.
  - 3. Approval of mockups does not constitute approval of deviations from the Contract Documents contained in mockups unless Architect specifically approves such deviations in writing.
  - 4. Subject to compliance with requirements, approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

## 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Store materials not in use in tightly covered containers in well-ventilated areas with ambient temperatures continuously maintained at not less than 45 deg F.
  - 1. Maintain containers in clean condition, free of foreign materials and residue.
  - 2. Remove rags and waste from storage areas daily.

## 1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Apply paints only when temperature of surfaces to be painted and ambient air temperatures are between 50 and 95 deg F.
- B. Do not apply paints in snow, rain, fog, or mist; when relative humidity exceeds 85 percent; at temperatures less than 5 deg F above the dew point; or to damp or wet surfaces.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Basis-of-Design Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products listed in the painting schedules for the paint category indicated, or comparable products by one of the following:
  - 1. Benjamin Moore & Co. (BM).
  - 2. PPG Paints (PPG).
  - 3. Pratt & Lambert (P&L).
  - 4. (The) Sherwin-Williams Company (S-W).
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain each paint product from single source from single manufacturer.

# 2.2 PAINT PRODUCTS, GENERAL

- A. Material Compatibility:
  - 1. Materials for use within each paint system shall be compatible with one another and substrates indicated, under conditions of service and application as demonstrated by manufacturer, based on testing and field experience.
  - 2. For each coat in a paint system, products shall be recommended in writing by topcoat manufacturers for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.
- B. Low-Emitting Materials: Interior paints and coatings used inside the waterproofing system shall comply with the following:
  - 1. California Department of Public Health Standard Method V1.1–2010.
  - 2. Meet the VOC limits of California Air Resources Board (CARB) 2007 Suggested Control Measure (SCM) for Architectural Coatings, OR meet the applicable chemical content requirements of SCAQMD Rule 1113, June 3, 2011.
  - 3. On-site wet-applied interior painting products shall not contain methylene chloride or perchloroethylene.
- C. Colors: As indicated in color schedules on Drawings, or if not indicated, as selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
- D. Material Quality: Provide manufacturer's best-quality paint material of the various coating types specified that are factory formulated and recommended by manufacturer for application indicated. Paint-material containers not displaying manufacturer's product identification will not be acceptable.
  - Proprietary Names: Use of manufacturer's proprietary product names to designate colors or materials is not intended to imply that products named are required to be used to the exclusion of equivalent products of other manufacturers. Furnish manufacturer's material data and certificates of performance for proposed substitutions.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates and conditions, with Applicator present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Maximum Moisture Content of Substrates: When measured with an electronic moisture meter as follows:
  - 1. Gypsum Board: 12 percent.
- C. Gypsum Board Substrates: Verify that finishing compound is sanded smooth.
- D. Verify suitability of substrates, including surface conditions and compatibility with existing finishes and primers.
- E. Proceed with coating application only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
  - 1. Application of coating indicates acceptance of surfaces and conditions.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations in "MPI Maintenance Repainting Manual" and "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual" applicable to substrates and paint systems indicated.
- B. Remove hardware, covers, plates, and similar items already in place that are not to be painted. If removal is impractical or impossible because of size or weight of item, provide surface-applied protection before surface preparation and painting.
  - 1. After completing painting operations, use workers skilled in the trades involved to reinstall items that were removed. Remove surface-applied protection if any.
- C. Clean substrates of substances that could impair bond of paints, including dirt, oil, grease, and incompatible paints and encapsulants.
  - 1. Remove incompatible primers and reprime substrate with compatible primers as required to produce paint systems indicated.
  - 2. Remove grade stamps and pencil marks from wood by sanding lightly. Remove loose wood fibers by brushing.
- D. Masonry Substrates: Remove efflorescence and chalk. Do not paint surfaces if moisture content or alkalinity of surfaces to be painted exceeds that permitted in manufacturer's written instructions.

- E. Non-Shop-Primed Steel Substrates: Remove rust and loose mill scale. Clean using methods recommended in writing by paint manufacturer, but not less than the following:
  - 1. SSPC-SP 3, "Power Tool Cleaning."
- F. Shop-Primed Steel Substrates: Clean field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas of shop paint, and paint exposed areas with the same material as used for shop priming to comply with SSPC-PA 1 for touching up shop-primed surfaces.
- G. Galvanized-Metal Substrates: Remove grease and oil residue from galvanized sheet metal fabricated from coil stock by mechanical methods to produce clean, lightly etched surfaces that promote adhesion of subsequently applied paints.
  - 1. SSPC-SP 16, "Brush-off Blast Cleaning Non-Ferrous Metals."
- H. Wood Substrates: Clean surfaces of dirt, oil, and other foreign substances with scrapers, mineral spirits, and sandpaper, as required. Sand surfaces exposed to view smooth and dust off.
  - 1. Scrape and clean knots, and apply coat of knot sealer before applying primer.
  - 2. Apply wood filler paste to open-grain woods, as defined in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual," to produce smooth, glasslike finish.
  - 3. Sand surfaces that will be exposed to view, and dust off.
  - 4. Prime edges, ends, faces, undersides, and backsides of wood.
    - a. For solid hide stained wood, stain edges and ends after priming.
    - b. For varnish coated stained wood, stain edges and ends and prime with varnish. Prime undersides and backsides with varnish.
  - 5. After priming, fill holes and imperfections in the finish surfaces with putty or plastic wood filler tinted to final color. Sand smooth when dried.
- I. Previously-Coated Surfaces:
  - 1. Prepare previously-coated surfaces according to MPI Repainting Manual requirements.
  - 2. Remove and securely store coat/hat hooks, name plates, label frames, sash lifts, sash locks, pencil sharpeners, flag brackets, blinds, louvers, electrical plates, drawer handles/locks, curtain/window drapes, switch/receptacle plates, removable bulletin boards, mirrors, maps and thermometers, and other items on existing surfaces. Reinstall items after painting is completed.
    - a. Replace fasteners with new screws of same diameter but one size longer than those removed. Fasteners shall be same finish, design, and material to match hardware on which they are used.
    - b. Remove paint from hardware to be reinstalled, including paint from previous painting.
  - 3. Remove exposed nails, hooks, tacks, screws, staples, pins, and other fasteners in surfaces to be painted and patch holes with an approved material.

- 4. Soak off paper labels and glue residue from removed tape.
- 5. If in sound condition, clean surfaces of dirt, oil, wax, chalk, and other foreign materials Dull smooth, hard or glossy coatings and surfaces, abrading surfaces. Apply a test area, allowing paint to dry one week before testing adhesion. If adhesion is poor, or if paint product attacks previous finish, remove previous coating.
  - a. Remove checked, cracked, blistered, scaled, peeling, loose, and alligatored paint down to original substrate, then hand sand, and dust clean. Treat substrate according to requirements for new substrates.
  - b. Machine sanding shall utilize HEPA vacuum sanders.
  - c. Sand, clean, dry, etch, neutralize and/or test surfaces under adequate illumination, ventilation and temperature requirements.
- 6. Patching: Fill voids, cracks, and checks in surfaces to be repainted with putty, spackling compound or latex caulking and sand smooth when dry.
- 7. Before repainting, remove doors to be repainted, and paint bottom and top edges, and then rehang.

## 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Apply paints and finishes according to manufacturer's written instructions and to recommendations in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual."
  - 1. Use applicators and techniques suited for paint and substrate indicated.
  - 2. Paint surfaces behind movable equipment and furniture same as similar exposed surfaces. Before final installation, paint surfaces behind permanently fixed equipment or furniture with prime coat only.
  - 3. Paint front and backsides of access panels, removable or hinged covers, and similar hinged items to match exposed surfaces.
  - 4. Paint both sides and edges of exterior doors and entire exposed surface of exterior door frames.
  - 5. Do not paint over labels of independent testing agencies or equipment name, identification, performance rating, or nomenclature plates.
- B. Tint undercoats same color as topcoat, but tint each undercoat a lighter shade to facilitate identification of each coat if multiple coats of same material are to be applied. Provide sufficient difference in shade of undercoats to distinguish each separate coat.
- C. If undercoats or other conditions show through topcoat, apply additional coats until cured film has a uniform paint finish, color, and appearance.
- D. Apply paints and finishes to produce surface films without cloudiness, spotting, holidays, laps, brush marks, roller tracking, runs, sags, ropiness, or other surface imperfections. Cut in sharp lines and color breaks.

## 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Dry Film Thickness Testing: Owner may engage the services of a qualified testing and inspecting agency to inspect and test paint for dry film thickness.

- 1. Contractor shall touch up and restore painted surfaces damaged by testing.
- 2. If test results show that dry film thickness of applied paint does not comply with paint manufacturer's written instructions, Contractor shall pay for testing and apply additional coats as needed to provide dry film thickness that complies with paint manufacturer's written instructions.

#### 3.5 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. At end of each workday, remove rubbish, empty cans, rags, and other discarded materials from Project site.
  - 1. Do not clean equipment with free-draining water and prevent solvents, thinners, cleaners, and other contaminants from entering into waterways, sanitary and storm drain systems, and ground.
  - 2. Dispose of contaminants in accordance with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 3. Allow empty paint cans to dry before disposal.
  - 4. Collect waste paint by type and deliver to recycling or collection facility.
- B. After completing paint application, clean spattered surfaces. Remove spattered paints by washing, scraping, or other methods. Do not scratch or damage adjacent finished surfaces.
- C. Protect work of other trades against damage from paint application. Correct damage to work of other trades by cleaning, repairing, replacing, and refinishing, as approved by Architect, and leave in an undamaged condition.
- D. At completion of construction activities of other trades, touch up and restore damaged or defaced painted surfaces.

## 3.6 EXTERIOR PAINTING SCHEDULE

- A. Hollow Metal Doors and Frames Substrates:
  - 1. Semi-Gloss Pigmented Polyurethane over Epoxy System: One finish coat over a primer.
    - a. 1st Coat: S-W Macropoxy 646 100 Fast Cure Epoxy, B58-600 Series. Applied at a dry film thickness of not less than 3 mils (7.0 mils wet).
    - b. 2nd Coat: S-W Pro Industrial Acrolon 100 Gloss, B65-720 Series. Applied at a dry film thickness of not less than 1.8 mils (4.0 mils wet).
- B. Previously-Painted Substrates:
  - 1. Repainting Steel Semi-Gloss Finish: Two finish coats over a primer:
    - a. Prepare previously-coated surfaces as indicated.
    - b. 1st Coat: S-W Industrial Pro-Cryl Universal Primer, B66-1310 Series: Applied at a dry film thickness of not less than 4.0 mils (8.0 mils wet).

- c. 2nd and 3rd Coats: S-W ProIndustrial Acrylic Semi-Gloss, B66 Series: Applied at a dry film thickness of not less than 1.5 mils (4.0 mils wet) per coat.
- 2. Hollow Metal Doors and Frames, and Steel Railings Substrates: Semi-Gloss Pigmented Polyurethane over Epoxy System:
  - Additional Preparation Requirements: Patch with plastic body filler (Bondo or equal) abandoned holes and other damage, repairing scratches, and sand smooth prior to receiving new paint.
  - b. 1st Coat: S-W Macropoxy 646 Fast Cure Epoxy, B58-610 Series. Applied at a dry film thickness of not less than 3 mils (7.0 mils wet).
  - c. 2nd Coat: S-W Acrolon 218 Acrylic Polyurethane Semi-Gloss, B65-650 Series. Applied at a dry film thickness of not less than 3.0 mils (4.5 mils wet).

## 3.7 INTERIOR PAINTING SCHEDULE

- A. Hollow Metal Doors and Frames:
  - 1. Semi-Gloss Epoxy System: Two finish coats over a primer over shop primer.
    - a. 1st Coat: S-W Pro Industrial Pro-Cryl Primer B66-1310 Series. Applied at a dry film thickness of 1.9 to 3.8 mils (5.0 to 12.0 mils wet).
    - b. 2nd and 3rd Coats: S-W Pro Industrial Pre-Catalyzed Waterbased Epoxy Semi-Gloss K46-1150 Series. Applied at a dry film thickness of not less than 1.4 mils (4.0 mils wet).
- B. Gypsum Board Substrates:
  - 1. Ceilings Flat Acrylic Finish: Two finish coats over a primer.
    - a. 1st Coat: S-W ProMar 200 Zero VOC Interior Latex Primer B28W02600 Series: Applied at a dry-film thickness of not less than 1.0 mil (4 mils wet).
    - b. 2nd and 3rd Coats: S-W ProMar 200 Zero VOC Latex Flat, B30-2600 Series: Applied at a dry film thickness of not less than 1.6 mils (4 mils wet) per coat.
  - 2. Walls Semi-Gloss Acrylic-Enamel Finish: Two finish coats over a primer.
    - a. 1st Coat: S-W ProMar 200 Zero VOC Interior Latex Primer B28W02600 Series: Applied at a dry-film thickness of not less than 1.0 mil (4 mils wet).
    - b. 2nd and 3rd Coats: S-W ProMar 200 Zero VOC Latex Semi-Gloss, B31-2600 Series: Applied at a dry film thickness of not less than 1.7 mils (4 mils wet) per coat.
  - 3. Walls Semi-Gloss High-Performance, One-Component Latex Finish: Two finish coats over a primer.
    - a. 1st Coat: S-W ProMar 200 Zero VOC Interior Latex Primer B28W02600 Series: Applied at a dry-film thickness of not less than 1.0 mil (4 mils wet).

- b. 2nd and 3rd Coats: S-W Scuff Tuff Interior Waterbased Enamel Semi-Gloss, S26-50 Series: Applied at a dry film thickness of not less than 1.2 mils (4 mils wet) per coat.
- c. Locations: Corridors, Staff Area, Parent Area, and Vestibules.

# C. Previously Coated Surfaces:

- 1. Ceilings Flat Acrylic Finish: Two finish coats over a primer.
  - a. 1st Coat: S-W Extreme Bond Primer B51W50. Applied at a dry film thickness of not less than 2 to 4 mils.
  - b. 2nd and 3rd Coats: S-W ProMar 200 Zero VOC Latex Flat, B30-2600 Series: Applied at a dry film thickness of not less than 1.6 mils (4 mils wet) per coat.
- 2. Walls Semi-Gloss Acrylic-Enamel Finish: Two finish coats over a primer.
  - a. 1st Coat: S-W Extreme Bond Primer B51W50. Applied at a dry film thickness of not less than 2 to 4 mils.
  - b. 2nd and 3rd Coats: S-W ProMar 200 Zero VOC Latex Semi-Gloss, B31-2600 Series: Applied at a dry film thickness of not less than 1.7 mils (4 mils wet) per coat.
- 3. Walls Semi-Gloss High-Performance, One-Component Latex Finish: Two finish coats over a primer.
  - a. 1st Coat: S-W Extreme Bond Primer B51W50. Applied at a dry film thickness of not less than 2 to 4 mils.
  - **b.** 2nd and 3rd Coats: S-W Scuff Tuff Interior Waterbased Enamel Semi-Gloss, S26-50 Series: Applied at a dry film thickness of not less than 1.2 mils (4 mils wet) per coat.
  - c. Locations: Corridors, Staff Area, Parent Area, and Vestibules.
- 4. Walls Semi-Gloss Epoxy System: Two finish coats over a primer.
  - a. 1st Coat: S-W Extreme Bond Primer B51W50. Applied at a dry film thickness of not less than 2 to 4 mils.
  - b. 2nd and 3rd Coats: S-W Water Based Catalyzed Epoxy, Semi Gloss, B70W211 (Extra- White base only): Applied at a dry film thickness of not less than 0.064 mm to 0.076 mm dry (2.5 to 3.0 mils) per coat.
  - c. Locations: Gymnasiums, and where indicated on Drawings.
- 5. Steel Railing, Hollow Metal Doors and Frames Semi-Gloss Epoxy System: Two finish coats over a primer.
  - a. Additional Preparation Requirements: Existing hollow-metal doors and frames indicated to remain and receive new doors and hardware shall be repaired, including patching with plastic body filler (Bondo or equal) abandoned holes and other damage, repairing scratches, and sanding smooth prior to receiving new paint.

- b. 1st Coat: S-W Pro Industrial Pro-Cryl Primer B66-1310 Series. Applied at a dry film thickness of 1.9 to 3.8 mils (5.0 to 12.0 mils wet).
- c. 2nd and 3rd Coats: S-W Pro Industrial Pre-Catalyzed Waterbased Epoxy Semi-Gloss K46-1150 Series. Applied at a dry film thickness of not less than 1.4 mils (4.0 mils wet).

END OF SECTION 099100

### SECTION 111313 - LOADING DOCK BUMPERS

## PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section includes loading dock bumpers.

### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of loading dock bumper.
- B. Shop Drawings: For dock bumpers. Include plans, elevations, sections, and attachment details.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 SOURCE LIMITATIONS

A. Obtain loading dock bumpers from single source from single manufacturer.

### 2.2 LOADING DOCK BUMPERS

- A. General: Surface-mounted bumpers; of type, size, and construction indicated; designed to absorb kinetic energy and minimize damage to loading dock structure.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Durable Corporation.
    - b. Kelley; Entrematic; ASSA ABLOY.
    - c. Pioneer Dock Equipment.
    - d. Rite-Hite Holding Corporation.
- B. Fabricated from multiple, uniformly thick plies cut from fabric-reinforced rubber tires. Laminate plies under pressure on not less than two 3/4-inch- diameter, steel supporting rods that are welded at one end to 1/4-inch- thick, structural-steel end angle and secured with a nut and angle at the other end. Fabricate angles with predrilled anchor

holes and sized to provide not less than 1 inch of tread plies extending beyond the face of closure angles.

- 1. Thickness: 4-1/2 inches.
- 2. Horizontal Style: 6 inches high by 24 inches.
- C. Anchorage Devices: Galvanized-steel anchorage devices as required to fasten bumpers securely in place and to suit installation type indicated. Hot-dip galvanized according to ASTM A153/A153M or ASTM F2329/F2329M.
- D. Materials: ASTM A36/A36M for steel plates, shapes, and bars. Hot-dip galvanize according to ASTM A123/A123M.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

## 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Loading Dock Bumpers: Attach loading dock bumpers to face of loading dock in a manner that complies with requirements indicated for spacing, arrangement, and position relative to top of platform and anchorage.
  - 1. Bolted Attachment: Attach dock bumpers by drilling and anchoring with expansion anchors and bolts.

## 3.3 ADJUSTING

A. After completing installation of exposed, factory-finished dock bumpers, inspect exposed finishes and repair damaged finishes.

### **END OF SECTION 111300**

### SECTION 116653 - GYMNASIUM DIVIDERS

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes gymnasium divider curtains.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Division 05 Section "Structural Steel" for structural supports not provided by gymnasium equipment manufacturer for supporting gymnasium equipment to building structure.
  - 2. Division 26 Sections for electrical service for motor operators, controls, and other powered devices for motorized gymnasium equipment.

## 1.3 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate installation of floor inserts with structural floors and finish flooring installation and with court layout and game lines and markers on finish flooring.
- B. Coordinate installation of overhead-supported gymnasium dividers and suspension system components with other construction including light fixtures, HVAC equipment, fire-suppression-system components, and partition assemblies.

### 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
  - 1. If applicable, include assembly, disassembly, and storage instructions for removable equipment.
  - 2. Motors: Show nameplate data, ratings, characteristics, and mounting arrangements.
- B. Shop Drawings: Include plans, elevations, sections, details, attachments to other work.
- C. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of gymnasium equipment indicated.

D. Samples for Verification: For divider curtain fabric, not less than 12 inches square of open mesh, and of opaque fabric.

## 1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For Installer.
- B. Product Certificates: For each type of gymnasium divider, signed by product manufacturer.
- C. Warranty: Special warranty specified in this Section.

## 1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For gymnasium divider to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.

## 1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: An employer of workers trained and approved by manufacturer.
- B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.

## 1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Do not install gymnasium dividers until spaces are enclosed and weatherproof, wet work in spaces is complete and dry, and ambient temperature and humidity conditions are maintained at the levels indicated for Project when occupied for its intended use.
- B. Field Measurements: Verify position for gymnasium dividers.

## 1.9 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of gymnasium equipment that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Failures include, but are not limited to, faulty operation of gymnasium dividers.
  - 2. Warranty Period: Five years from date of Substantial Completion.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 DIVIDER CURTAINS

- A. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Draper Inc.; Fold-Up Gym Divider, or a comparable product by one of the following:
  - 1. Jaypro Sports, LLC.
  - 2. Porter Athletic Equipment Company.
  - 3. Spalding Equipment.
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of gymnasium divider through one source from a single manufacturer.
- C. Divider Curtain: Electrically operated, fold-up, including motor, cables, controls, clamps for attachment to building structure, threaded rod supports, and other components required for a complete fold-up divider curtain installation, and as follows:
  - 1. Upper Curtain, Mesh: Woven fabric of 100-percent polyester yarn coated with PVC weighing not less than 6.5 oz./sq. yd.
    - a. Mesh Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
  - 2. Lower Curtain, Solid: Woven polyester coated with PVC, 18 oz./sq. yd. embossed, 8-foot height above floor.
    - a. Fabric Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
  - 3. Divider Curtain Flame-Resistance Ratings: Passes NFPA 701, inherently and permanently flame resistant.
    - a. Permanently attach label to each fabric of curtain assembly indicating whether fabric is inherently and permanently flame resistant or treated with flame-retardant chemicals, and whether it will require retreatment after designated time period or cleaning.
- D. Curtain Fabrication: Fused seams and the following:
  - 1. Top Hem: Reinforce with double thickness mesh for continuous pipe batten.
  - 2. Bottom Hem for Fold-up Curtains: Floor length curtains with hems 2 inches above finished floor and with manufacturer's standard pipe batten with fled padding in pocket.

### E. Accessories:

- Curtain Battens: Fabricate battens from steel pipe with a minimum number of joints. As necessary for required lengths, connect pipe with drive-fit pipe sleeve not less than 18 inches long, and secure with 4 flush rivets, plug welds, threaded couplings, or another equally secure method. Shop-paint completed pipe battens with black paint.
  - a. Steel Pipe: ASTM A 53, Grade A, standard weight (Schedule 40), black, 1-1/2 inches nominal diameter, unless otherwise indicated.
- F. Divider Curtain Operation: Upward folding, cable suspended.
- G. Divider Curtain Electric Operator: Provide operating machine of size and capacity recommended by manufacturer for equipment specified, with electric motor and factory-prewired motor controls, starter, gear-reduction unit, and remote controls. Coordinate wiring requirements and electrical characteristics with building electrical system.
  - 1. Operator Type: Electric motor, worm-gear running-in-oil drive, with chain and sprocket secondary drive.
  - 2. Motor Characteristics: Sufficient to start, accelerate, reverse, and operate connected loads at designated speeds within installed environment and with indicated operating sequence, and without exceeding nameplate rating or considering service factor. Comply with NEMA MG 1, and the following:
    - a. Voltage: 120 V.
    - b. Horsepower: 1 hp.
    - c. Enclosure: Totally enclosed.
    - d. Duty: Continuous duty at ambient temperature of 105 deg F and at altitude of 3300 feet above sea level.
    - e. Service Factor: 1.0 for totally enclosed motors.
    - f. Phase: One.
    - g. UL listed motor assembly.
    - h. Equip with integral limit switch, reversing circuits, and overload protection.
  - 3. Remote-Control Station(s): NEMA ICS 6, Type 1 enclosure for surface mounting, momentary-contact, three-position switch-operated control.
    - a. Keys: Provide two key(s) per station.

# 2.2 MATERIALS

- A. Aluminum: Alloy and temper recommended by manufacturer for type of use and finish indicated.
  - 1. Extruded Bars, Profiles, and Tubes: ASTM B 221.
  - 2. Cast Aluminum: ASTM B 179.
  - 3. Flat Sheet: ASTM B 209.

- B. Steel: Comply with the following:
  - 1. Steel Plates, Shapes, and Bars: ASTM A 36.
  - 2. Steel Tubing: ASTM A 500 or ASTM A 513, cold formed.
  - 3. Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1011.
- C. Support Cable: Manufacturer's standard galvanized steel aircraft cable. Provide fittings complying with cable manufacturer's written recommendations for size, number, and method of installation.
- D. Castings and Hangers: Malleable iron, ASTM A 47/A 47M, grade required for structural loading.
- E. Anchors, Fasteners, Fittings and Hardware: Manufacturer's standard corrosion-resistant or noncorrodible units; concealed, tamperproof, vandal and theft resistant.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for play court layout, alignment of mounting substrates, installation tolerances, operational clearances, accurate locations of connections to building electrical system, and other conditions affecting performance.
  - 1. Verify critical dimensions.
  - 2. Examine supporting structure.
  - 3. Examine wall assemblies, where reinforced to receive anchors and fasteners, to verify that locations of concealed reinforcements have been clearly marked for installers. Locate reinforcements and mark locations if not already done.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

## 3.2 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. General: Comply with manufacturer's written installation instructions and competition rules indicated for each type of gymnasium equipment. Complete equipment field assembly, where required.
- B. Unless otherwise indicated, install gymnasium equipment after other finishing operations, including painting, have been completed.
- C. Gymnasium Dividers and Components: Rigid, level, plumb, square, and true; anchored securely to supporting structure; positioned at locations and elevations indicated on Shop Drawings; in proper relation to adjacent construction; and aligned with court layout.
  - 1. Install even and level with curtain hanging 2 inches above floor in down position.
  - 2. Verify clearances for movable components of gymnasium dividers throughout entire range of operation and for access to operating components.

- 3. Adjust limit switches of electric winch to ensure accurate position in both stored and lowered positions.
- D. Anchoring to In-Place Construction: Use anchors and fasteners where necessary for securing built-in and permanently placed gymnasium equipment to structural support and for properly transferring load to in-place construction.
- E. Connections: Connect automatic operators to building electrical system.

### 3.3 ADJUSTING

A. Adjust movable components of gymnasium equipment to operate safely, smoothly, easily, and quietly, free from binding, warp, distortion, nonalignment, misplacement, disruption, or malfunction, throughout entire operational range. Lubricate hardware and moving parts.

## 3.4 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. After completing gymnasium equipment installation, inspect components. Remove spots, dirt, and debris and touch up damaged shop-applied finishes according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Provide final protection and maintain conditions acceptable to manufacturer and Installer that ensure gymnasium equipment is without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.
- C. Replace gymnasium equipment and finishes that cannot be cleaned and repaired, in a manner approved by Architect, before time of Substantial Completion.

# 3.5 DEMONSTRATION

A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain gymnasium equipment. Refer to Division 01 Section "Demonstration and Training."

END OF SECTION 116653

### SECTION 126800 - SEAT AND TABLE ASSEMBLIES

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes folding table and bench sets with integral wall pockets.
- B. Alternates: Refer to Division 01 Section "Alternates" for description of Work in this Section affected by alternates.

### 1.3 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

### 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of wall-mounted tables and benches specified, including details of construction relative to materials, dimensions of individual components, profiles, and finishes.
- B. Shop Drawings: Showing fabrication and installation of wall-mounted tables and benches including plans, elevations, sections, details of components, and attachments to other units of work.
- C. Samples for Initial Selection: Manufacturer's color charts consisting of actual units or sections of units showing the full range of colors, textures, and patterns available for each exposed material involving color selection.
- D. Samples for Verification: Of the following items, in the size indicated below. Prepare samples from the same material to be used for the work. Where finishes involve normal color and texture variations, include sample sets showing the full range of variations expected.
  - 1. Plastic laminate.

## 1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Qualification Data: For firms and persons specified in the "Quality Assurance" Article to demonstrate their capabilities and experience. Include lists of completed projects with project names and addresses, names and addresses of Architects and Owners, and other information specified.

#### 1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: For wall-mounted tables and benches, including detailed instructions for operation and maintenance, to include in the operation and maintenance manual specified in Division 01.

# 1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: Engage an experience installer to perform work of this section who has specialized in installing types of wall-mounted tables and benches similar to those required for this project and who is acceptable to, or certified by, manufacturer of wall-mounted tables and benches.

# 1.8 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver materials to Project site in original packages with seals unbroken, with identification labels intact, and directions for storage.
- B. Storage and Protection: Store materials in their original undamaged packages in a clean, dry, protected location and within temperature/humidity range required by manufacturer. Protect stored materials from direct sunlight.

## 1.9 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Field Measurements: Check actual dimensions of construction affecting wall-mounted tables and benches by accurate field measurements before fabrication and show recorded measurements on shop drawings. Coordinate fabrication schedule with construction progress to avoid delaying the work.

### 1.10 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Submit a written warranty, executed by the manufacturer, agreeing to repair or replace any defect in original material and workmanship, including welds, pockets, tables, and benches.
  - 1. Warranty Period: 15 years from date of Substantial Completion.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Table and bench undercarriage shall support 200 lbf at any point when top panels are removed.
- B. Welding Standards: Comply with applicable provisions of AWS D1.1 "Structural Welding Code Steel" and AWS D1.3 "Structural Welding Code Sheet Steel."
  - 1. Engage certified welders that have satisfactorily passed AWS qualification tests for welding processes involved and, if pertinent, have undergone recertification.

## 2.2 MANUFACTURERS

A. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Mitchell Furniture Systems; Model 08 Series, or equal.

## 2.3 FOLDING TABLE AND BENCH SETS

- A. Provide two-leaf folding table and bench sets complete with steel wall pockets. Tables shall be interchangeable for use in any wall pocket. Extended tables and benches shall be individually detachable from pockets. Each set shall consist of a double depth pocket with two tables and four benches. Pockets shall be installed recessed in the wall.
  - 1. Table and Bench Dimensions:
    - a. Tables shall be approximately 14-feet long by 28-inches wide with 29-inch height.
    - b. Benches shall be approximately 14-feet long by 11-3/4-inches wide with 17-inches height.
      - 1) Provide wheelchair-accessible models where indicated.

# 2. Undercarriage Construction:

- a. Table and bench undercarriage shall be completely self-supporting and structurally independent of top panels. Undercarriages shall be constructed of 16-gauge cold-rolled steel. U-channels shall be 2 inches wide by 1-1/2 inches deep. Legs and longitudinal brace rods shall be steel tubing 1-inch outside diameter, 16-gauge.
- b. Legs shall have fixed non-marking thermoplastic self-lubricating non-marking rubber wheels 1-1/2 inches diameter. Legs shall be linked to braces and u-channel with 5/16-inch bolts and self-locking aircraft lock nuts.
- c. Longitudinal brace rods shall be provided with a pivot mechanism welded at connecting points to leg braces.

- d. Bench longitudinal brace rods shall not be lower than 6 inches from underside of bench top panels to prevent use as foot rests. Table undercarriages shall be equipped concealed torsion springs at leg hinge joints to substantially assist lifting action and retard unfolding action. A manually operated slide bar lock, 11-gauge steel, shall hold table in extended position to prevent accidental folding.
- e. Finish shall be electrostatically applied powder coating.

# 3. Table and Bench Top Construction:

- a. Top panels shall be 3/4-inch thick, 45-pound high-density particleboard surfaced with high-pressure laminated plastic and plastic backing sheet. Edges shall be trimmed with a charcoal vinyl T-molding, applied level and providing a tight fitting sanitary joint with plastic top surface. Top panels shall be separated by a 3/4-inch gap when table is unfolded. Panels shall be securely fastened to undercarriage channel with 5/8-inch sheet metal screws.
  - 1) Plastic laminate color as selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range of colors, textures, and patterns.

## 4. Locks:

- a. Secure each extended table and bench to pocket compartment by keyoperated lock.
- b. Lock vertically folded tables and benches into wall pockets by key-operated lock, through the outside top panel. Key serves as a handle to control units when folding and unfolding. Provide a safety catch to hold the top of each folded table and bench to the top of wall pockets.

## 5. Wall Storage Pockets:

- a. Pockets to store tables and benches shall be all-welded construction of 16-gauge steel with enclosed vertical columns and a sill plate.
  - 1) Provide wall-storage pockets with overall height of 88-1/2 inches to cover masonry opening of 88-inches vertically.
- b. Pockets shall be factory prime painted for field-applied finish painting.
- c. Include double safety fasteners on pocket faces.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine areas where wall-mounted tables and benches are to be installed, with installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of wall-mounted tables and benches. Do not proceed with installation until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

A. Protect finished surfaces from damage during installation of wall-mounted tables and benches.

### 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Install wall-mounted tables and benches to comply with manufacturer's instructions and shop drawings. Provide accessories indicated and anchors, fasteners, inserts, and other items required for installing and attaching units to adjoining construction.
- B. Secure sill level on floor with flat head screws, through each hole provided by manufacturer using lead or patent-type anchors for screws in concrete floors. Install screw heads flush with sill.

## 3.4 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

- A. On completion of installation, including work of other trades, lubricate, test, and adjust each wall-mounted tables and benches unit to operate easily and to comply with manufacturer's specifications.
- B. Clean installed wall-mounted tables and benches on exposed and semiexposed surfaces. Touch up shop-applied finishes to restore damaged or soiled areas.

### 3.5 DEMONSTRATION

- A. Demonstrate and train owner's maintenance personnel as specified below.
  - 1. Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.
  - 2. Train owner's maintenance personnel on procedures and schedules related to operation, troubleshooting, servicing, inspection, and maintenance.
  - 3. Review data in the operation and maintenance manuals. Refer to Division 01 Section "Closeout Procedures."
  - 4. Schedule training with owner, through architect, with at least 7 days advance notice.

## 3.6 PROTECTION

A. Provide final protection and maintain conditions, in a manner acceptable to manufacturer and installer, that ensure wall-mounted tables and benches are without damage or deterioration at the time of substantial completion.

# END OF SECTION 126800